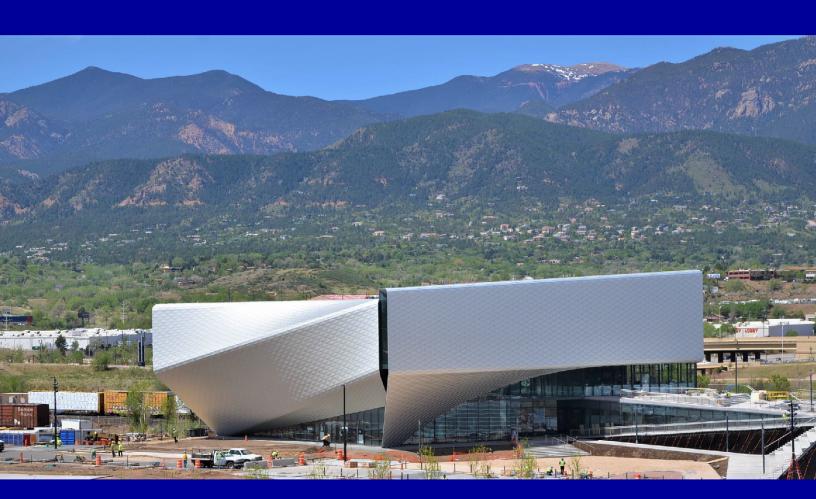
# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2019





El Paso County, Colorado

#### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019

#### Prepared by:

Financial Services, Finance Division

Sherri Cassidy, CPFO, Chief Financial Officer Nikki Simmons, CPA, CPFO, Controller Debbie Perry, Finance Manager Liz Stokes, CPA, Accounting Supervisor Jodi Pinell, Accounting Supervisor Dana Reza, Sr. Accountant Craig Ross, Sr. Accountant Justine Tabar, Sr. Accountant Pat Morel, Sr. Accountant Kieu Bugg, Sr. Accountant Julie Cole, Accountant Jessica Lovato, CPA, Accountant

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Commissioners: Mark Waller (Chair) Longinos Gonzalez, Jr. (Vice-Chair) Holly Williams Stan VanderWerf Cami Bremer

#### **Financial Services Department**

Budget, Contracts & Procurement, Employee Benefits, and Finance

Sherri L. Cassidy, CPFO, Chief Financial Officer

June 12, 2020

#### Transmittal Letter

To the Board of County Commissioners and Citizens of El Paso County:

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements annually. Publishing of this report is to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

RubinBrown LLP, our external independent auditor, issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on El Paso County's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. The independent auditors report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### Profile of the Government

El Paso County, incorporated in 1861 and located in the central part of the state, is one of the top growth areas in both the state and the country. The 2019 population estimates from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs has El Paso County's population estimated at 720,403. El Paso County is ranked as the second largest populated county in the State. El Paso County occupies 2,158 square miles and is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

El Paso County operates under the County Administrator-County Commissioner form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing Board of County Commissioners (BoCC) consisting of the Chair, Vice Chair, and three other members. The BoCC appoints the government's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of various departments. BoCC members serve four-year terms. The BoCC consists of five elected members, one from each district within the County.

200 S. Cascade Avenue, Suite 150 Office: (719) 520-6400 www.elpasoco.com



Colorado Springs, CO 80903 Fax: (719) 520-6486



El Paso County provides a full range of services, including Sheriff Operations; District Attorney Offices; Department of Human Services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; and recreational and cultural activities. El Paso County is also accountable for a legally and separate Health Department and Housing Authority, both of which are reported separately within El Paso County's financial statements. The BoCC is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for El Paso County's financial planning and control.

The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., Sheriff Operations). Department heads may transfer resources within or between departments as they see fit. Transfers between funds, however, need special approval from the governing commissioners.

#### Local economy

Major industries located within El Paso County's boundaries, or in close proximity, include several military bases and their related supporting operations, semiconductor companies, automobile dealers, large retailers, as well as several financial institutions, religious organizations, and insurance companies.

#### Long-term financial planning

The 2020 Adopted Budget contained a five-year forecast for El Paso County showing conservative growth in core revenue sources to include sales and use tax, property tax, and fees. This, coupled with conservative spending, enabled the County to build an operational savings, which got the County through the leanest financial years because of the Great Recession. Now, in 2020, we have a new Recession we are navigating caused by a World-Wide Health Pandemic. Our conservative spending in the past has provided sustainability as we begin navigating the various budget challenges we are starting to experience due to COVID-19. In 2020, the County will be navigating through abnormally high expenses due to COVID-19, and then the corresponding reimbursement process necessitated through FEMA and the CARES funding the County received. The County will be navigating through unchartered territory as El Paso County is entering another Recession and possible Depression and the various financial challenges this new period will cause. We plan on using the lessons we learned in the past as we begin planning for the next rolling five-year financial road map amidst this pandemic.

#### Major initiatives

The County underspent budgeted General Fund expenditures by \$26.5 million. A majority of the underspending was reappropriated to the 2020 General Fund budget to enable the County to finish projects that were started in 2019, but were not completed by December 2019. Resolution 20-69 reappropriated \$19.4 million to the General Fund 2020 budget. The remaining underspending of \$7.1 million is retained in the General Fund 2020 fund balance.

At the end of 2019, the County saw an increase of 8.68% over the prior year's sales taxes. Going into 2020, early on, we were projecting an increase in sales tax. But as 2020 began to unfold, and the Coronavirus hit the World, the County soon began to experience a decrease in sales tax. Thus, the County in 2020 began planning for a decrease in sales tax, increase in expenditures due to the Coronavirus, and began starting the reimbursement process through both FEMA and through the CARES funds received by the County.



#### Awards and Acknowledgments

El Paso County received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for the years 1990 through 1999, 2005 through 2008 and 2010 through 2018. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement; the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of this department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must be given to the governing Board of County Commissioners for their unwavering support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of El Paso County's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Amy Folsom

Sherri Cassidy, CPFO

County Administrator

Chief Financial Officer

Sherri Cassidy



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# El Paso County Colorado

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2018** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### El Paso County Colorado Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2019

#### Commissioners

Chair Mark Waller - District 2
Vice Chair Longinos Gonzales Jr. - Dictrict 4
Commissioner Holly Williams - District 1
Commissioner Stan VanderWerf - District 3
Commissioner Cami Bremer - District 5

Elected Officials

Assessor Steve Schleiker

Clerk and Recorder Chuck Broerman

Coroner Dr. Leon Kelly

District Attorney Dan May

Sheriff Bill Elder

Surveyor Richard Mariotti

Treasurer Mark Lowderman

State Appointed Officials

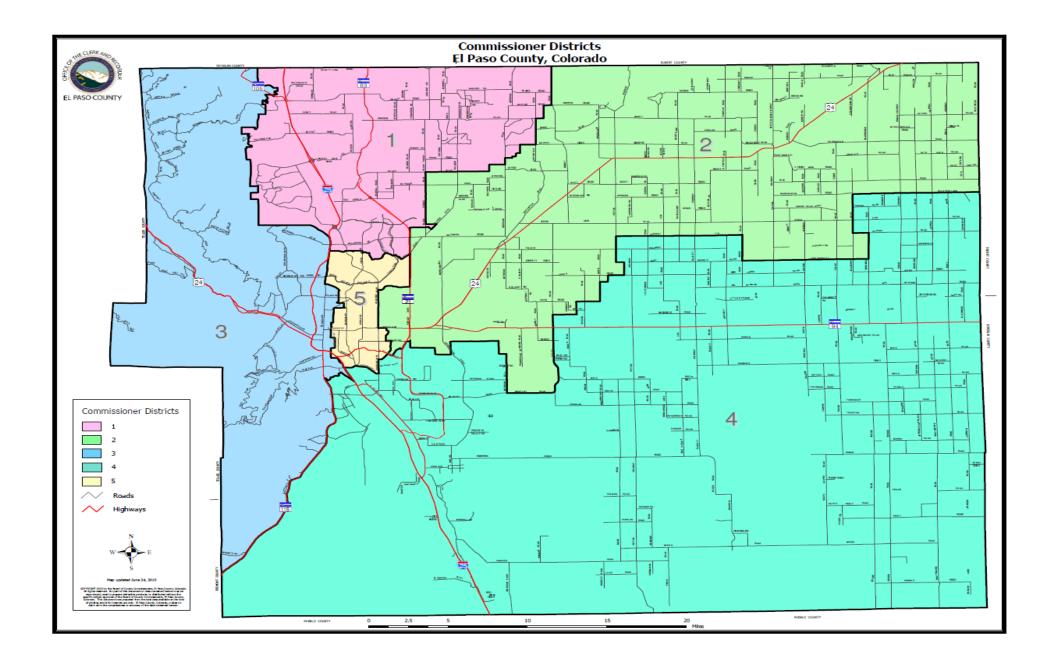
Public Trustee Mark Lowderman

Board of County Commissioners Appointed Officials

County Administrator Amy R. Folsom

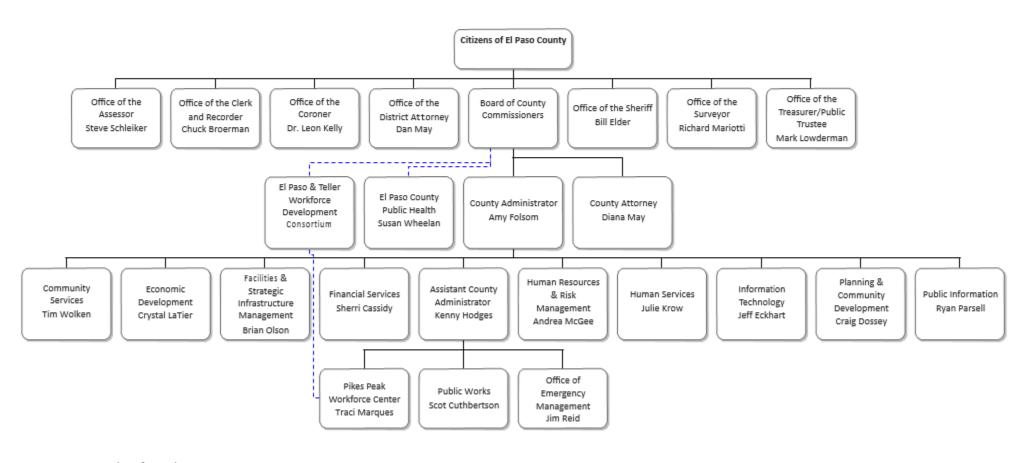
County Attorney Diana May

Executive Director, Pikes Peak Workforce Center Traci Marques





#### El Paso County Organizational Chart



\_\_\_\_\_ Lines of Control

Approved: January 14, 2020

II. FINANCIAL SECTION



1900 16th Street Suite 300 Denver, CO 80202 T: 303.698.1883 E: info@rubinbrown.com www.RubinBrown.com

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS CONSULTANTS

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Board of County Commissioners El Paso County Colorado Springs, Colorado

#### **Report On The Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of El Paso County, Colorado (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility For The Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the El Paso County Retirement Plan, which is reported as the pension trust fund, and the financial statements of the El Paso County Housing Authority, which represents 49% of assets and deferred outflows of resources and 2% of revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the El Paso County Retirement Plan and the El Paso County Housing Authority, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We, and the other auditors of the El Paso County Housing Authority, conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the El Paso County Retirement Plan were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis Of Matters**

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note A4, the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the year ended December 31, 2019. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 20 through 34, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 97 through 101, the schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedule of the County's contributions and related ratios on pages 102 and 103 and the schedule of changes in the sponsor's net OPEB liability and related ratios on page 104 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules; the Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures; the Local Highway Finance Report and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules; the Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures and the Local Highway Finance Report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules; the Schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures and Total Expenditures and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required By Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 12, 2020 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

June 12, 2020

KulinBrown LLP

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

(Un-audited)

El Paso County's (the "County") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the County's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the County's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The discussion and analysis of El Paso County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which begin on page 35, as well as the transmittal letter.

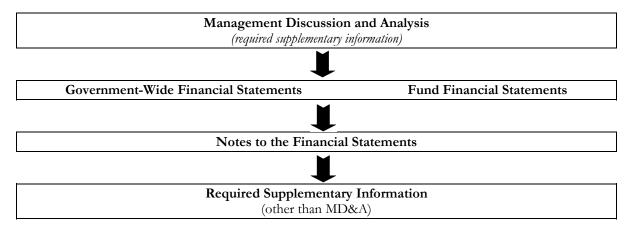
#### Financial Highlights

- The County's total assets increased slightly by 2.2% for a \$16 million increase in comparison to 2018. A good portion of this increase was attributed to a 15% increase in Cash and Investments of \$11.8 million. The County's investments increased in 2019 due to the strong performance of the stock market. The County also saw an 8.4% increase in sales tax over 2018 which contributed to an increase in cash. In addition, the County also saw a 52% increase in Restricted Cash and Investments of \$3 million. In 2019, the County took out a capital lease to purchase heavy fleet for Road and Bridge. The full amount of the lease was \$4.5 million. As of December 31, 2019, the County retained \$3.3 million of the fleet lease proceeds resulting in an increase in Restricted Cash and Investments. The County also saw a 13% increase of Intergovernmental Receivables in the amount of \$4.6 million. A large portion of this increase was attributed to a \$3.4 million increase in sales tax the County received in December of 2019 that was higher than December of 2018. December sales tax is accrued until we receive it in February of the following year. The County also had a 12% or \$4 million increase in Capital Assets, Not Depreciated due to an increase in Construction In Progress, which will be capitalized at the completion of the outstanding projects.
- The County experienced a 31% decrease in Deferred Outflows of \$63 million from 2018 to 2019. This decrease can be attributed to the 35% decrease (\$53.5 million) in Deferred Outflows related to pension and the 19% decrease (\$9.3 million) in Deferred Outflows related to OPEB. Both of these changes were directly tied to the increase in the stock market performance we experienced in 2019.
- The County experienced a 4.4% decrease in total Liabilities from 2018 to 2019 in the amount of \$27.9 million. This change was reflected in a variety of areas within total Liabilities. To begin with, Accounts Payable increased by 41% from 2018 to 2019 in the amount of \$5.5 million. Accounts Payable increased \$3 million in December of 2019 over December of 2018 due to an increase of Accounts Payable bills, which were paid in January of 2020. As for decreases in Liabilities from 2018 to 2019, Liabilities Due In More Than One Year decreased by 6.2% in the amount of \$36.4 million. Included in this decrease of Liabilities Due In More Than One Year is the Net Pension Liability and the Net OPEB Liability. The Net Pension Liability decreased by 6% in the amount of \$18.6 million. Also, the Net OPEB Liability decreased by 7% in the amount of \$9.4 million. The County also saw a 42% increase in Deferred Inflows of \$25.7 million. Deferred Inflows Related To Pension and Deferred Inflows Related To OPEB increased over \$12 million each. Both Pension and OPEB Liabilities were significantly impacted by the stock market increase in 2019. In addition, the discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2019 increased to 5.37% in 2019 from 5.23% in 2018. The County also saw a change in two actuarial assumptions in 2019 which had an impact on OPEB: the discount rate increased from 3.18% in 2018 to 3.60% in 2019 and the repeal of an excise tax.

- In comparing the 2019 Statement of Activities to 2018, total governmental revenues increased by 7%. The only tax that did not see much of an increase from 2018 to 2019 was specific ownership tax. As for the other taxes, sales tax saw an even larger increase of 8.4% or \$9.6 million in the Statement of Activities, property taxes a 3.5% increase of \$1.8 million, and highway users tax a 7% increase of \$1 million. Investment earnings saw a 70% increase of \$1.5 million due to the increase in the markets in 2019. El Paso County had a very strong year economically which can be seen in our revenue numbers.
- In the General Fund, revenues increased by 4% with increases as mentioned above in property and sales tax. General Fund also saw a 10% increase in expenditures of \$20.9 million. General Fund saw a 11% increase in general government expenses of \$7.6 million. The largest portion of this increase in expenses was due to personnel expenses. The County saw a 3% increase in full-time equivalent number of employees. Furthermore, Personnel increases were planned for the 2019 Budget which included a 2% cost of living increase for all employees in addition to a small merit increase in January of 2019. Public Safety expenditures increased 8% or \$8.5 million. The increase in Public Safety costs were due to increased costs to run the jail, including significant increases in the inmate medical and food contracts. Capital Outlay expenditures increased 47% or \$4.3 million. The Capital Outlay expenditures were due to Road & Bridge infrastructure projects of \$2.4 million along with \$1.9 million expended for various land and building renovations and improvements.
- The County's total governmental Fund Balance increased by \$11 million during 2019 which equates to a 12% increase. General Fund saw the largest increase of \$6.6 million, Road and Bridge of \$1.7 million, and Capital Projects Fund of \$2.5 million. General Fund saw an increase in Fund Balance due to the increased revenue received during 2019. Road and Bridge saw an increase due to an intentional investment in road and bridge maintenance in 2019, and several projects still in progress as of the end of the year including the Chipita Park project, Fountain Mesa and Caballero intersection, Meadowbrook, South Academy overlay and Marksheffel intersection improvements.

#### Using this Annual Report

The following graphic is provided to outline the composition of the financial statements.



This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two government-wide financial statements report the County's Net Position and how it has changed. You can think of the County's Net Position, the difference between Assets and Liabilities, as one way to measure the County's financial health, or financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the County is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall financial health of the County, you will need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as Sheriff, Public Works, Health and Welfare, Auxiliary Services and General Administration. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues finance most of these activities.
- **Business-type Activities** The County charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The County's Household Hazardous Waste Fund is included here.

- **Component Units** The County includes four other entities in its report:
  - The El Paso County Retirement Plan exists for the purpose of being a cost sharing, multiple-employer benefit plan for all full-time employees.
  - The El Paso County Facilities Corporation exists as a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of Colorado which was organized to acquire real estate, property and improvements for lease to the County and, upon the prior approval of a majority of the members of the Board of County Commissioners of the County, to borrow money and to become indebted and to execute and deliver bonds, notes, and debentures to evidence such indebtedness, for the purpose of acquiring such real personal property, constructing or installing such improvements, and for such other purposes as may be necessary to accomplish the objectives of the Corporation.
  - El Paso County Public Health is a quasi-municipal organization organized by authority of State Statutes and Resolution of the County Commissioners.
  - The El Paso County Housing Authority was established by the Commissioners and exists in order to help promote availability of decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling accommodations in the County to low-income families.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by covenants of our Certificates of Participation.
- The Board of County Commissioners establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Proprietary Funds - Services for which the County charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information.

- Enterprise funds are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. El Paso County's Enterprise fund is the Household Hazardous Waste Fund.
- Internal Service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the County's other programs and activities. El Paso County's only internal service fund is the Self Insurance Internal Service Fund.

Fiduciary Funds - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust's beneficiaries. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) concerning El Paso County's General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, and Human Services Fund Budget to Actual information, a Budget-to-GAAP Reconciliation, a Schedule of the County's Pension Contributions and Related Ratios, a Schedule of Changes in the Sponsor's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, as well as information related to the County's share of the Net Pension Liability. Immediately following the RSI is the Other Supplementary Information (OSI), which includes Budget to Actual for special revenue funds, capital projects fund, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds, as well as combining statements for custodial funds.

Following the OSI, a schedule of EBT Authorizations, Warrant Expenditures, and Total Expenditures for the Human Services Fund is presented, in addition to the Highway Finance Report. Following this miscellaneous information is the Statistical Section, which provides information regarding financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic information, as well as operating information.

#### Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Net Position is one measure of the County's financial position. Over time, this value can help assess the County's overall financial health. Overall, the financial position of the County has improved in 2019.

Net Position - The County's combined Net Position was \$181.1 million in 2019. Looking at the Net Position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, however, two very different stories emerge. The table below focuses on the Net Position and Changes in Net Position of the County's governmental and business-type activities.

El Paso County's Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2019		2018	2019		2018		2019		2018	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	207.6 522.6	\$	186.8 527.4	\$	1.2 1.1	\$	1.1 1.1	\$	208.8 523.7	\$	187.9 528.5
Total assets		730.2		714.2		2.3		2.2		732.5		716.4
Deferred outflows of resources												
Deferred loss on refunding		2.0		2.2		_		_		2.0		2.2
Deferred outflows-related to OPEB		40.0		49.3		0.1		0.1		40.1		49.4
Deferred outflows-related to pension		100.8		154.3		0.2		0.3	101.0		154.6	
Total deferred outflows of resources		142.8	205.8			0.3		0.4	0.4 143.1			206.2
			-									
Long-term debt outstanding		554.9		591.3		0.9		1.0		555.8		592.3
Other liabilities		51.1		42.6		0.1		0.1		51.2		42.7
Total liabilities		606.0		633.9		1.0		1.1		607.0		635.0
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred revenue-property taxes		54.7		54.0		-		-		54.7		54.0
Deferred inflow - related to OPEB		19.1		6.3		-		-		19.1		6.3
Deferred inflow - related to pension		13.6	1.3		-		-		13.6			1.3
Total deferred inflows of resources		87.4		61.6		-				87.4		61.6
Net position												
Net investment in capital assets		408.8		403.9		1.1		1.1		409.9		405.0
Restricted		45.4		39.2		-		-		45.4		39.2
Unrestricted	(274.6)			(218.7)		0.4		0.4		(274.2)		(218.3)
Total net position		179.6	\$	224.4	\$	1.5	\$	1.5	\$	181.1	\$	225.9

For detailed information please see the Statement of Net Position on page 37.

#### **Normal Impacts**

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation to the fund financial statements.

Net Results of Activities - which will affect (increase/decrease) Current Assets and Unrestricted Net Position.

**Borrowing for Capital** - which will increase Current Assets and Long-term Debt.

**Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital** - which will reduce Current Assets and increase Capital Assets. There is a second impact, an increase in Investment in Capital Assets and an increase in Related Net Debt, which will not change the Net Investment in Capital Assets.

<u>Spending of Non-Borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> - which will (a) reduce Current Assets and increase Capital Assets and (b) will reduce Unrestricted Net Position and increase Net Investment in Capital Assets.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> - which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation - which will reduce Capital Assets and Net Investment in Capital Assets. The Net Position of the County's governmental activities was \$179.6 million for 2019. The largest portion of the County's Net Position, \$408.8 million, reflects its Investment in Capital Assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Since all of these assets are tied up as capital, they are not available to finance day-to-day operations.

<u>Net Position</u> - Restricted Net Position of \$45.4 million has limited purposes, as a result the funds are also not available to finance day-to-day operations. A portion of Restricted Net Position is the TABOR requirement to maintain an "emergency reserve" in the amount of 3% of "fiscal year spending less debt service". This reserve can be used to meet any emergency except those caused by economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, and salary or fringe benefits increases. Accordingly, the amount of this emergency "reserve" at December 31, 2019 is \$7.9 million.

The Unrestricted Net Position is the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements. Unrestricted Net Position shows a \$274.6 million deficit at the end of the year. The largest portions of this deficit are the Net Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability of \$127.3 million, which we are required to present separately on the Statement of Net Position, Compensated Absences Liability of \$16.7 million, as well as a Net Pension Liability of \$297.5 million. The County pays its OPEB and compensated absences annually on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. Removing the Net OPEB, Compensated Absences, and the Net Pension liabilities from the Unrestricted Net Position results in a \$166.9 million Unrestricted Balance.

<u>Changes in Net Position</u> - The County's total governmental revenues were \$356.7 million for 2019. Approximately 11.9% of the County's revenues come from Charges for Services, 30.5% from Operating and Capital Grants, 15.1% from Property Taxes, 34.8% from Sales Taxes; and 7.7% from Other Taxes and Revenues. The total cost of all governmental programs and services was \$401.5 million.

	(	Changes in	ı El P	aso Count	y Net	Position (	(in mil	lions)					
		Govern	nment	al	Business-Type					Total			
		Acti	vities			Activ	vities			Primary Go	overnment		
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
REVENUES													
Program revenues													
Charges for services	\$	42.5	\$	37.3	\$	1.4	\$	1.3	\$	43.9	\$	38.6	
Operating grants		97.6		96.0		-		-		97.6		96.0	
Capital grants		11.2		20.2		-		-		11.2		20.2	
General revenues													
Property taxes		54.0		52.2		-		-		54.0		52.2	
Sales tax		124.1		114.4		-		-		124.1		114.4	
Other taxes		23.7		22.7		-		-		23.7		22.7	
Other revenues		3.6		2.1		-		-		3.6		2.1	
Total revenue		356.7		344.9		1.4		1.3		358.1		346.2	
EXPENSES								•					
General government		96.8		85.8		_		_		96.8		85.8	
Public safety		145.1		117.7		-		-		145.1		117.7	
Public works		42.9		40.0		_		-		42.9		40.0	
Health and welfare		100.6		90.8		_		-		100.6		90.8	
Culture and recreation		10.1		5.2		-		-		10.1		5.2	
Auxiliary services		0.9		0.7		-		-		0.9		0.7	
Outside agencies		-		-		1.4		1.3		1.4		1.3	
Interest on long term debt		5.1		5.4		-		-		5.1		5.4	
Total expenses	_	401.5		345.6		1.4		1.3		402.9		346.9	
Increase (decrease) in net													
position		(44.8)		(0.7)						(44.8)		(0.7)	
Beginning Net Position		224.4		225.1		1.5		1.5		225.9		226.6	
Ending Net Position	\$	179.6	\$	224.4	\$	1.5	\$	1.5	\$	181.1	\$	225.9	

#### **Governmental Activities**

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below.

#### **Revenues:**

Economic Condition - which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on property, sales, or other tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in Board approved fees - the County Commissioners have significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease fees.

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) certain recurring revenues (state revenue sharing, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year to year comparison.

Market affects Investment Income - the County's investment portfolio is managed using a variety of maturities and the market condition may cause investment income to fluctuate as a result.

#### Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs - within the functional expense categories, individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Change in Authorized Personnel - changes in services demand or decisions to outsource services may cause the Commissioners to increase/decrease authorized staffing.

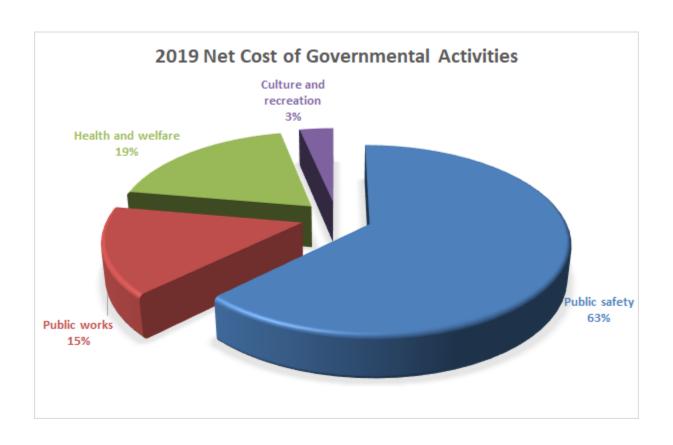
Salary increases (cost of living, merit and market place adjustment) - the ability to attract and retain trained and educated resources requires the County to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation - while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the County is a major consumer of certain commodities such as chemicals and supplies, fuels, and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

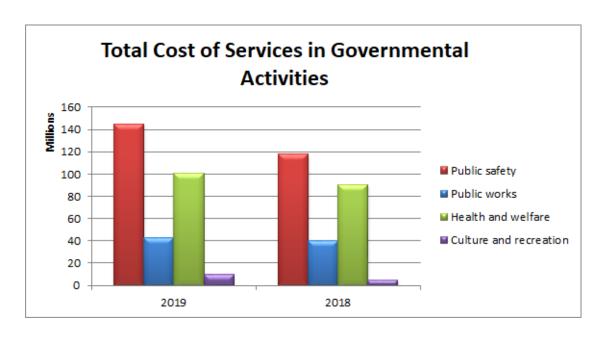
The table below presents the cost of each of the County's four largest programs - Public Safety, Public Works, Health and Welfare, and Culture and Recreation - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions. Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, or other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. This is a specific analysis of services outside of General Government.

Net Cost of El Paso County's Governmental Activities

(in millions)								
	Т	otal			Net	Cost		
	Cost of	f Servio	ces		(Revenue)	of Ser	vices	
	2019 2018				2019		2018	
\$	145.1	\$	117.7	\$	121.2	\$	96.0	
	42.9		40.0		29.3		19.5	
	100.6		90.8		36.6		26.4	
	10.1		5.2		6.4		1.1	
\$	298.7	\$	253.7	\$	193.5	\$	143.0	
	\$	T Cost of 2019 \$ 145.1 42.9 100.6 10.1	Total Cost of Service 2019 \$ 145.1 \$ 42.9 100.6 10.1	Total Cost of Services  2019 2018  \$ 145.1 \$ 117.7 42.9 40.0 100.6 90.8 10.1 5.2	Total Cost of Services  2019 2018  \$ 145.1 \$ 117.7 \$ 42.9 40.0 100.6 90.8 10.1 5.2	Total Cost of Services         Net (Revenue)           2019         2018         2019           \$ 145.1         \$ 117.7         \$ 121.2           42.9         40.0         29.3           100.6         90.8         36.6           10.1         5.2         6.4	Total Cost of Services         Net Cost (Revenue) of Services           2019         2018         2019           \$ 145.1         \$ 117.7         \$ 121.2         \$ 42.9           42.9         40.0         29.3           100.6         90.8         36.6           10.1         5.2         6.4	



When comparing 2019 to 2018, Public Safety total cost of services increased \$27.4 million due to increased costs to run the jail, including significant increases in the inmate medical and food contracts. Public Works' total cost of services increased by \$2.9 million, Health and Welfare increased by 9.8 million, and Culture and Recreation's total cost of services increased by \$4.9 million.

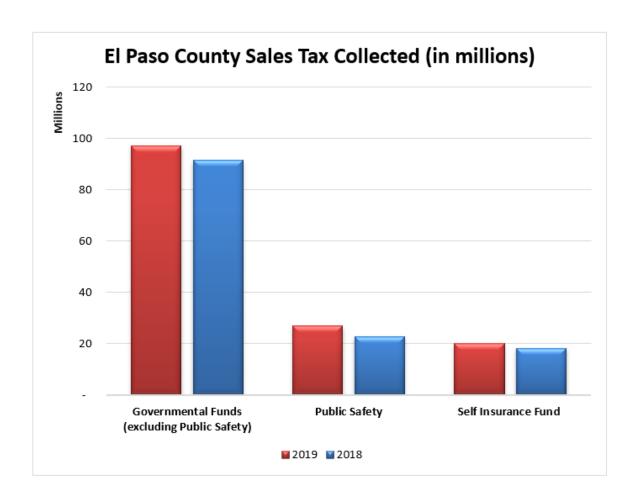


**Sales Tax Revenue** - Sales Tax Revenue in the governmental funds can appear to change significantly from year to year depending on how much sales and use tax revenue is allocated to our Internal Service Fund, which is not shown in the governmental funds financial statements. The following table provides a better analysis of sales tax revenue for the entire County compared to 2018.

Below is a table showing total sales tax collections for the County as a whole:

Sales and Use Tax Collections

(in millions)	2019	20	018
Governmental Funds (excluding Public Safety)	\$ 97.1	\$ 9	1.6
Public Safety	26.9	22	2.8
Self-Insurance Fund	20.1	18	8.3
Total Sales and Use Tax	\$ 144.1	 \$ 13	32.7



Please see Schedule 10, Sales and Use Tax Collections by State Category in the Statistical Section of this report for more information.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

At the end of the County's year, governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$105.6 million. This is a total increase from 2018 of \$11.1 million. The General Fund saw an increase in fund balance of \$6.6 million, Road and Bridge Fund saw an increase of \$1.7 million, while the Capital Projects' fund balance increased by \$2.5 million. The Human Services Fund experienced a slight decrease in its fund balance by \$32,179.

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund, accounting for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) Fund Balance of the General Fund was \$42.4 million. The County's Fund Balance Policy has set the appropriate fund balance as 0.5% of budgeted property tax, 10% of budgeted unrestricted sales tax, and 5% of all other budgeted unrestricted revenue sources. For the 2020 budget, the required beginning Unrestricted Fund Balance is \$18.7 million. The 2019 ending Fund Balance is \$23.6 million higher than the required reserve. Also included in the General Fund Restricted Fund Balance is a reserve of \$7.9 million which is restricted under state law (TABOR - Taxpayers Bill of Rights) as an emergency reserve. The remaining amount of the fund balance is restricted funds unavailable for the Board to appropriate other than their designated purposes.

The General Fund balance increased \$6.6 million in 2019. The fund saw a \$1.8 million increase in property taxes, a \$4.7 million increase in sales tax, a \$1.7 million increase in charges for services, and almost a \$1.5 million increase in investment earnings.

The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for construction and maintenance of County roads and bridges financed by property taxes, highway user taxes, and other revenues restricted to use on roads and bridges. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Road and Bridge Fund had a total fund balance of \$23.1 million, which is \$1.7 million higher than 2018, primarily due to an intentional investment in road and bridge maintenance in 2019, and several projects still in progress as of the end of the year including the Chipita Park project, Fountain Mesa and Caballero intersection, Meadowbrook, South Academy overlay and Marksheffel intersection improvements.

The Human Services Fund accounts for the federal and state public welfare programs administered by the County and financed by grants, intergovernmental reimbursements, and sales taxes. There was a \$32,179 million decrease to fund balance due to planned spending of the fund balance. Revenue in the Human Services Fund increased \$4.0 million as a result of more sales tax allocated to the Human Services Fund.

The Capital Project Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects other than those financed by proprietary funds, as well as for payments on annual lease obligations. \$8.9 million of the \$10.6 million fund balance is held in escrow, restricted externally to be used only for payments on our annual lease obligations and construction projects. In 2019, \$1 million is assigned for information technology projects scheduled to be completed. The Capital Project Fund balance increased \$2.5 million mainly due to a new capital lease for the purchase of heavy fleet for Road and Bridge projects.

#### El Paso County Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the El Paso County Commissioners revised the County's General Fund Budget with a total of 60 resolutions for a net increase of \$37,054,211. The largest budget resolutions follow and total \$35,707,020. The remaining resolutions combined total \$1,347,191.

- Resolution 19-57 was approved in the amount of \$17,571,709 to reappropriate projects in process that were not yet completed and purchases that have been ordered but not yet received. These projects and purchases were scheduled to be completed in 2019.
- Resolution 19-429 was approved to appropriate \$6,000,000 from General Fund fund balance to the General Fund budget in support of El Paso County's contribution for the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) INFRA Grant for the I-25 South Gap project.
- Resolution 19-304 was approved in the amount of \$3,594,892 to adjust various General Fund budgets for items that were unanticipated earlier in the fiscal year.
- Resolution 19-90 was approved for \$3,567,455 to reappropriate projects in process that were not yet completed and purchases that have been ordered but not yet received in 2019.
- Resolution 19-103 was approved for \$1,195,000 from the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in cooperation with the Colorado Department of Public Safety, Division of Homeland Security and Emergency Management (DHSEM) to the Flood Mitigation and Recovery budget for the Riverside Mobile Home Park project.
- Resolution 19-290 in the amount of \$1,061,482 was received from the State of Colorado, Division of Criminal Justice to the Office of Community Corrections budget to support local community corrections programs.
- Resolution 19-291 was approved in the amount of \$1,000,000 to the Facilities and Strategic Infrastructure Management budget for critical major maintenance on the El Paso County Sahwatch Parking Structure.
- Resolution 19-270 was approved for \$458,977 from the Colorado Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government to the Sheriff's Office and the Fourth Judicial District Attorney's Office budgets to be used for investigation and prosecution in support of the Gray and Black-Market Marijuana Enforcement program.
- Resolution 19-204 was approved in the amount of \$369,075 from the Colorado Department of Human Services, Division of Behavioral Health to the Sheriff's Office budget to support the personnel, supplies and equipment needs of the Sheriff's Office Co-Responder Grant program.
- Resolution 19-223 in the amount of \$345,646 was approved to the Sheriff's Office budget, from the White House Office of National Drug Control Policy for the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) program.
- Resolution 19-205 was approved for \$342,784 from the Colorado Department of Human Services, Division of Behavioral Health under the contract for jail based behavioral services to the Sheriff's Office budget to support the Reintegration and Recovery Program at the El Paso County Criminal Justice Center.
- Resolution 19-106 was approved for \$200,000 from the Colorado Department of Transportation to the Community Services budget for the design of the Ute Pass Regional Trail Phase II project.

#### General Fund Budget-to-Actuals

Due to conservative spending practices, the County ended the year underspending budgeted General Fund expenditures by \$26.5 million. A majority of the underspending was reappropriated to the 2020 General Fund budget to enable the County to finish projects it started in 2019, which were not completed by December 2019. Resolutions 20-69 reappropriated \$19.4 million to the General Fund 2020 budget. The remaining underspending of \$7.1 million is retained in the General Fund 2020 fund balance.

In the revenue area, the County budgeted \$87.2 million in the General Fund for sales tax revenue. Actual collections of \$94.1 million in sales tax revenue were 8.0% higher than budgeted revenue. As discussed earlier, the County received increased sales tax revenue in 2019, similar to 2018. The County increased sales tax allocation to the Self Insurance Fund due to increased medical costs.

#### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

#### **Capital Assets**

As of the end of 2019, the County had invested \$940.1 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, park facilities, etc. This table presents capital balances related to governmental funds and internal service funds.

#### El Paso County Capital Assets (in millions) Governmental Activities

	 2019	2018
Land	\$ 15.8	\$ 15.8
Construction in progress	20.0	15.9
Buildings and improvements	286.0	286.7
Machinery and equipment	89.5	83.1
Infrastructure	528.8	594.3
Total	\$ 940.1	\$ 995.8

El Paso County's Investments in Capital Assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019, amounts to \$523.7 million (see Note C3). This Investment in Capital Assets includes land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during 2019 included the following:

- Road and Bridge infrastructure projects of \$2,415,048 completed and \$3,556,550 additional in construction in progress.
- \$1,918,722 was expended for various land and building renovation and improvements.

#### **Reconciliation of Capital Asset Schedules**

### CAPITAL ASSETS, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (in millions)



Amount	Explanation
\$ 940,187,387	Total capital including governmental & internal service funds
35,840,028	Capital not depreciated - governmental & internal service funds
486,786,208	Capital net of depreciation - governmental & internal service funds
522,626,236	
35,840,028	Capital not depreciated - governmental & internal service funds
904,347,359	Total capital to depreciate - governmental & internal service funds
 940,187,387	Total before depreciation
(417,561,151)	Depreciation
 522,626,236	Net of depreciation
939,867,646	Capital assets governmental only
319,741	Internal service fund capital assets
\$ 940,187,387	-

Information on El Paso County's Capital Assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report in Note C3.

#### Long-Term Debt

During 2019, El Paso County had a reduction in long-term debt accounts of \$78.9 million and additions of \$44.3 million resulting in a net decrease of \$34.6 million. Additional information about El Paso County's long-term debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements, particularly Note C.5.A.

In 2017, the County entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing equipment for the Public Works Fleet Department. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. In 2019, the County entered into another capital lease agreement to purchase heavy fleet for Road and Bridge Projects. The value of all leases is \$4,582,911 with eight-year estimated useful life. In 2019, payments of \$1,821,210 were made on all capital leases and \$660,708 was included in depreciation expense.

#### Contacting the County's Financial Management

The purpose of this financial report is to provide the County's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of its finances and to show its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or the reports of the component units, or need additional financial information, contact the County Financial Services Department's Finance Division, at El Paso County, 200 S. Cascade Ave., Suite 30, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903. An electronic copy of this report can be found on the County's website <a href="https://admin.elpasoco.com/financial-services/budget-finance/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/">https://admin.elpasoco.com/financial-services/budget-finance/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports/</a>.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

			mary Government	Component Units					
	1	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total	El Paso County Public Health		The El Paso ounty Housing Authority
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	90,319,191	\$	894,374	\$	91,213,565 \$	4,539,203	\$	6,495,315
Property taxes		54,650,645		-		54,650,645	-		-
Accounts		4,857,187		309,509		5,166,696	384		6,717,138
Intergovernmental		40,684,651		=		40,684,651	1,673,563		=
Accrued interest		-		-		-	-		144,218
Inventories		4,221,263		=		4,221,263	=		=
Prepaid expenses Restricted cash and investments		727,781 8,904,844		-		727,781 8,904,844	-		-
Note receivable		3,255,976		-		3,255,976	-		-
Capital assets, not depreciated		35,840,028		=		35,840,028	_		_
Capital assets, not depreciated  Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		486,786,208		1,075,438		487,861,646	338,960		_
Total assets		730,247,774	_	2,279,321	_	732,527,095	6,552,110		13,356,671
Total assets	-	150,211,111	_	2,277,321	_	132,321,033	0,332,110	-	13,330,071
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on refundings		1,996,306		-		1,996,306	-		-
Deferred outflows - related to pension		100,753,996		224,433		100,978,429	5,980,713		=
Deferred outflows - related to OPEB		39,992,575	_	51,467	_	40,044,042	1,258,228		
Total deferred outflows of resources		142,742,877	_	275,900	_	143,018,777	7,238,941		<u> </u>
LIABILITIES									
Internal balances		(4,139)		4,139		_	_		_
Accounts payable		18,916,439		78,843		18,995,282	349,435		378
Due to other governments		2,284,396		-		2,284,396	-		-
Interest payable		504,289		-		504,289	-		-
Accrued liabilities		8,486,629		13,951		8,500,580	417,259		=
Unearned revenue		569,908		=		569,908	1,000,936		-
Noncurrent liabilities									
Due within one year		20,391,344		50		20,391,394	197,683		-
Due in more than one year		205 462 054				200 424 545	45.045.44.4		
Net pension liability		297,462,951		661,616		298,124,567	17,347,114		=
Net OPEB liability Other noncurrent liabilities		127,285,228 130,150,084		186,320 71,284		127,471,548 130,221,368	4,004,779 528,380		-
Other moncurrent nationales		130,130,004	_	/ 1,204	_	130,221,300	320,300		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		606,047,129		1,016,203		607,063,332	23,845,586		378
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred revenue - property taxes		54,650,645		-		54,650,645	-		-
Deferred inflows - related to pension		13,566,730		38,814		13,605,544	1,114,333		=
Deferred inflows - related to OPEB	-	19,134,075	_	35,378	_	19,169,453	602,247		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		87,351,450		74,192		87,425,642	1,716,580		
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		408,750,641		1,075,438		409,826,079	338,960		-
Restricted for:									
TABOR		7,873,609		-		7,873,609	360,111		-
Clerk & Recorder projects		195,569		=		195,569	=		=
Public Safety		14,862,814		-		14,862,814	-		-
Public Works		21,194,814		-		21,194,814	-		-
Culture and Recreation projects		1,120,644		-		1,120,644	-		-
Other Projects Unrestricted		221,452 (274,627,471)		389,388		221,452 (274,238,083)	(12,470,186)		13,356,293
Total net position	\$		\$	1,464,826	\$	181,056,898 \$	(11,771,115)	\$	13,356,293
			_		_			_	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

			P	rogram Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
				_		Pr	rimary Government		Componer	nt Units
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	El Paso County Public Health	The El Paso County Housing Authority
Primary government: Governmental activities:		Expenses	Scrvices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	T ubile Tieattii	Authority
General government	\$	96,835,806 \$	32,474,954 \$	13,525,546 \$	- \$	(50,835,306) \$	- \$	(50,835,306) \$	\$ - \$	-
Public safety		145,058,123	6,932,366	16,640,182	334,017	(121,151,558)	-	(121,151,558)	-	-
Public works		42,883,339	1,837,877	1,213,460	10,507,717	(29,324,285)	-	(29,324,285)	-	-
Health and welfare		100,639,090	-	64,081,993	-	(36,557,097)	-	(36,557,097)	-	-
Culture and recreation		10,071,004	1,212,623	2,141,048	313,859	(6,403,474)	-	(6,403,474)	-	-
Auxiliary services		875,557	-	34,670	-	(840,887)	-	(840,887)	-	-
Interest on long-term debt		5,138,354	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(5,138,354)		(5,138,354)	<u> </u>	
Total governmental activities Business-type activities:		401,501,273	42,457,820	97,636,899	11,155,593	(250,250,961)		(250,250,961)	<u> </u>	
Household hazardous waste		1,430,775	1,350,113		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(80,662)	(80,662)	_	_
Total Business-type activities		1,430,775	1,350,113	_	_	_	(80,662)	(80,662)	_	-
Total primary government		402,932,048	43,807,933	97,636,899	11,155,593	(250,250,961)	(80,662)	(250,331,623)		_
Component units:			<u> </u>							
Public Health		28,180,456	4,234,542	20,578,026	-				(3,367,888)	-
Housing Authority		219,968	619,718	<u> </u>					<u> </u>	399,750
Total component units	\$	28,400,424 \$	4,854,260 \$	20,578,026 \$		<u> </u>			(3,367,888)	399,750
	Taxe				_					
		roperty taxes ales taxes				53,978,117	-	53,978,117	-	-
		ues taxes pecific ownership tax				124,081,990 7,454,234	-	124,081,990 7,454,234	-	-
		lighway users tax				16,314,560	-	16,314,560	-	_
		vestment earnings				3,611,028	15,661	3,626,689	83,123	242,163
	Misc	cellaneous revenue				-	-	-	37,748	-
	Tota	al general revenues an	d transfers		_	205,439,929	15,661	205,455,590	120,871	242,163
	Chai	nge in net position				(44,811,032)	(65,001)	(44,876,033)	(3,247,017)	641,913
		position - January 1				224,403,104	1,529,827	225,932,931	(8,524,098)	12,714,380
	Net	position - December	31		\$	179,592,072 \$	1,464,826 \$	181,056,898	\$ (11,771,115)	13,356,293

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Major Funds					Non-Major Fund						
		General Fund		Road and Bridge		Human Services		Capital Projects		Conservation Trust		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	49,815,756	\$	23,099,624	\$	331,142	\$	1,838,142	\$	996,720	\$	76,081,384
Taxes receivable		51,980,122		2,670,523		-		-		-		54,650,645
Accounts receivable		4,432,107		26,384		-		-		-		4,458,491
Advances to other funds		3,300,000		-		-		-		-		3,300,000
Due from other funds		1,160,915		123,121		483		25,373		-		1,309,892
Due from other governments		25,554,813		1,172,969		10,779,992		-		-		37,507,774
Inventories		2,359,524		1,861,739		-		-		-		4,221,263
Prepaid items		427,333		-		-		-		-		427,333
Restricted cash and investments		-		-		-		8,904,844		-		8,904,844
Total assets	_	139,030,570	_	28,954,360	_	11,111,617	=	10,768,359		996,720	_	190,861,626
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable		11,010,594		2,397,809		1,714,057		193,358		13,489		15,329,307
Accrued liabilities		5,647,548		508,820		1,423,946		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		37,801		7,618,115
Advances from other funds		-		-		3,300,000		-		-		3,300,000
Due to other funds		655,961		59,728		759,016		-		-		1,474,705
Due to other governments		4,006		7,041		2,273,349		-		-		2,284,396
Unearned revenue		316,022		253,886		-		-		-		569,908
Total liabilities		17,634,131		3,227,284		9,470,368		193,358		51,290		30,576,431
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue - property taxes		51,980,122		2,670,523	_	-	_			_	_	54,650,645
Total deferred inflows of resources		51,980,122		2,670,523		-		-		-		54,650,645
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		2,786,857		1,861,739		-		-		-		4,648,596
Restricted		24,274,087		4,953,345		1,641,249		8,904,845		945,430		40,718,956
Committed		3,312,673		5,366,618		-		-		-		8,679,291
Assigned		12,406,810		10,874,851		-		1,670,156		-		24,951,817
Unassigned	_	26,635,890		-		-		<u> </u>		-		26,635,890
Total fund balances	_	69,416,317		23,056,553		1,641,249	_	10,575,001		945,430	_	105,634,550
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	_											
and fund balances	\$	139,030,570	\$	28,954,360	\$	11,111,617	\$	10,768,359	\$	996,720	\$	190,861,626

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  Long-term note receivable from other governments for long-term capital lease.  Deferred outflows of resources are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	50
therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  4,909,90 Long-term note receivable from other governments for long-term capital lease.  3,255,97	
insurance program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  4,909,90 Long-term note receivable from other governments for long-term capital lease.  3,255,97	17
insurance program to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  4,909,90 Long-term note receivable from other governments for long-term capital lease.  3,255,97	
service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.  4,909,90 Long-term note receivable from other governments for long-term capital lease.  3,255,97	
	)2
Deferred outflows related to pension (GASB 68)	16
Deferred outflows related to OPEB (GASB 75) 39,992,57	
Deferred charge on refundings 1,996,30	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported	
in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:	
Accrued interest payable (504,28	39)
Compensated absences payable (16,698,70	)7)
Certificates of participation payable (115,240,00	)O)
Capital leases payable (4,602,67	'9)
Unamortized premium (5,047,43	
Unamortized debt discount	54
Net pension liability (GASB 68) (297,462,95	51)
Net OPEB liability (GASB 75) (127,285,22	
Deferred inflows related to pension (GASB 68) (13,566,73	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB (GASB 75) (19,134,07	'5)
Net position - governmental activities \$ 179,592,07	'2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Major Funds					Non-Major Fund		
	General Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Human Services Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Conservation Trust	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 51,766,063	\$	2,212,054	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,978,117
Sales taxes	94,119,716		-		18,555,563	11,406,711	-	124,081,990
Specific ownership taxes	3,957,044		3,497,190		-	-	-	7,454,234
Highway user taxes	-		16,314,560		-	-	-	16,314,560
Intergovernmental	25,700,227		1,669,587		57,577,487	805,510	1,643,599	87,396,410
Fees and fines	722,517		-		-	-	-	722,517
Licenses and permits	1,818,350		-		-	-	-	1,818,350
Charges for services	29,370,701		516,023		-	4,104,870	-	33,991,594
Investment earnings	3,461,072		-		-	134,675	15,281	3,611,028
Contributions	11,322,309		100,000		4,100	-	-	11,426,409
Miscellaneous	2,885,392		1,208,747		-			4,094,139
Total revenues	225,123,391		25,518,161		76,137,150	16,451,766	1,658,880	344,889,348
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	77,909,058		-		-	13,126	-	77,922,184
Public safety	113,070,054		-		-	-	-	113,070,054
Public works	-		16,029,401		-	-	-	16,029,401
Health and welfare	11,144,576		-		76,146,705	-	-	87,291,281
Culture and recreation	2,539,434		-		-	-	1,387,524	3,926,958
Auxiliary services	704,060		-		-	-	-	704,060
Debt service:								
Principal	-		-		-	10,611,210	-	10,611,210
Issuance costs	-		-		-	17,000	-	17,000
Interest and other charges	-		-		-	5,682,568	-	5,682,568
Capital outlay	13,359,889		7,790,471		22,624	2,109,513		23,282,497
Total expenditures	218,727,071		23,819,872		76,169,329	18,433,417	1,387,524	338,537,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	6,396,320		1,698,289		(32,179)	(1,981,651)	271,356	6,352,135
							- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						4 527 527		4 527 527
Proceeds from capital lease	222.421		- 0.4		-	4,527,527	-	4,527,527
Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses)	232,421		84 84	_		4,527,527		232,505 4,760,032
0 ,				_			·	
Net change in fund balances	6,628,741		1,698,373		(32,179)	2,545,876	271,356	11,112,167
Fund balances - January 1	62,787,576		21,358,180		1,673,428	8,029,125	674,074	94,522,383
Fund balances - December 31	\$ 69,416,317	\$	23,056,553	\$	1,641,249	\$ 10,575,001	\$ 945,430	\$ 105,634,550

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	\$	11,112,167
expense. The details of this difference are as follows:		22 202 405
Capital outlay		23,282,497
Depreciation		(34,832,059)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and		
donations) is to increase net position. The details of this difference are as follows:		
Donations of capital assets increase net position in the statement of activities, but do not appear in		0.060.672
the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.		9,969,673
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. However, in		
the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increases financial resources. Thus, the change		(2.074.070)
in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets sold.		(3,071,279)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., leases, certificates of participation) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds		
report the effect of issuance costs, premiums and discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas,		
these amounts, except issuance costs, are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of these differences are as follows:		
Debt issued or incurred:		
		(2,373)
Accrued interest payable Principal repayments on certificates of participation		8,790,000
Payment of 2017 capital lease as a reduction of long term debt		1,271,210
Acquisition of 2019 capital lease and payment as an increase to long term debt		(3,977,527)
Acquisition of 2019 capital lease and payment as an increase to long term debt  Amortization of debt premium		709,673
Amortization of debt premium  Amortization of discount		(14,172)
Deferred outflow on refundings 2016 COP		(67,140)
Deferred outflow on refundings 2018 COP		(17,180)
Deferred loss on refunding for certificate of participation		(149,408)
Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial		(149,400)
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
The details of these revenues/expenses are as follows:		
Compensated absences		98,325
Note receivable activity		(731,194)
Pension income (expense) calculated under GASB 68		(47,225,087)
OPEB income (expense) calculated under GASB 75		(12,621,387)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance		(12,021,507)
program to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service		
funds are reported with governmental activities.		2,664,229
rando de reported with governmental detivides.		2,001,227
Chance in not position, convergence tal activities	Φ	(44.914.022)
Change in net position - governmental activities	<u> </u>	(44,811,032)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Business-ty Activitie Non-Maje Enterprise F Househo Hazardous V	Governmental Activities- Self Insurance Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Deposits		94,374 99,509 - - -	\$ 14,237,80 398,69 3,176,87 506,98 100,00 200,44	)6  7  3  00
Total current assets	1,20	3,883	18,620,81	
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	1,07	75,438 79,321	148,73 18,769,55	59
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred outflows - related to pension  Deferred outflows - related to OPEB  Total deferred outflows of resources	5	24,433 51,467 75,900		- - -
		-,,		_
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued wages Claims payable Flex and HRA payable Due to other funds Compensated absences Total current liabilities	1	78,843 3,951 	3,587,13 21,17 6,522,31 847,34 338,03	70 8 44 51
Noncurrent liabilities				
Claims payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total noncurrent liabilities	66 18	71,284 61,616 86,320 9,220	2,543,65	- - -
Total liabilities	1,01	6,203	13,859,64	-8
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows - related to pension Deferred inflows - related to OPEB	3	58,814 55,378		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,192		_
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	38	75,438 89,388 64,826	148,73 4,761,16 \$ 4,909,90	3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities	Governmental
	Non-Major	Activities
	Enterprise Funds	Self Insurance
	Household	Internal
	Hazardous Waste	Service Funds
	<u> </u>	
Operating revenues		*
Charges for services	\$ 1,350,113	\$ 26,310,800
Total operating revenues	1,350,113	26,310,800
Operating expenses		
Insurance premiums	11,955	4,612,324
Claim settlements	-	33,766,432
Depreciation	46,731	112,072
Administration and operations	1,372,089	5,512,358
Total operating expenses	1,430,775	44,003,186
Operating income (loss)	(80,662)	(17,692,386)
Non-operating revenues/expenses		
Sales tax	=	20,116,424
Investment earnings	15,661	-
Miscellaneous	, -	14,330
Insurance recoveries		225,861
Total non-operating revenues / expenses	15,661	20,356,615
Change in net position	(65,001)	2,664,229
Net position - January 1	1,529,827	2,245,673
Net position - December 31	\$ 1,464,826	\$ 4,909,902

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	A N Ho Haza	siness-type Activities on-Major ousehold rdous Waste rprise Funds		Governmental Activities Self Insurance Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from	dt.	1 2/5 017	dt-	214 492
Customers Interfund services provided	\$	1,365,017	\$	214,482 26,364,479
Cash payments to or on behalf of		_		20,304,479
Employees		(454,065)		(38,378,756)
Suppliers - operating		(393,823)		(3,037,744)
Interfund services used		(380,262)		285,112
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		136,867		(14,552,427)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Sales taxes received		-		20,116,424
Insurance recoveries and other revenue		-		240,191
Contributions		-		-
Net Cash Flows Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		_		20,356,615
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income		15,661		-
Net Cash Flows Provided by Investing Activities		15,661		-
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		152,528		5,804,188
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		741,846		8,433,619
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31		894,374		14,237,807
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(80,662)		(17,692,386)
Depreciation expense		46,731		112,072
(Increase) decrease in assets				
Receivable		14,906		276,404
Due from other funds		-		53,679
Intergovernmental receivables		-		(61,921)
Prepaid expenses		-		(90,008)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		22.703		2 260 521
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		22,703		2,369,531
Due to other funds		1,524		195,090 285,112
Compensated absences		2,143		203,112
Accrued pension/OPEB liability		129,522		_
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	136,867	\$	(14,552,427)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		~ · • · · ·		( ',, '')

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2019

		Pension Trust El Paso County Retirement Plan		Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,166,458	\$	28,090,093
•				
Investments				
Equities:		100 102 (12		
Domestic equity funds		108,123,613		-
International equity funds Real asset funds		90,743,490		-
Fixed income funds		90,094,064 69,746,084		-
Hedge fund of funds		18,720,075		-
Commodities fund		7,829,729		-
Multi-asset fund		8,978,650		-
Mulu-asset fulld		0,970,030		
Total investments		394,235,705		
Receivables				
Other		166,792		356,596
Total receivables		166,792		356,596
Investments accounts		-		15,279,536
Capital assets - net		144,405		
Total assets		402,713,360		43,726,225
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		776,827		72,553
Due to other governments		-		23,642,748
Escrow deposits held by Trustee		-		3,256,309
Total liabilities		776,827		26,971,610
NET POSITION Restricted for				
Pensions		401,936,533		
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	T01,930,333	\$	16,754,615
marviduais, organizations, and other governments	<u> </u>		Ψ	10,/34,013

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Pension Trust El Paso County Retirement Plan	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Tax collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ 932,723,404
Held for others	-	304,455,008
Contributions:	12.012.907	
Employers Employees	12,912,807 13,332,171	-
- ·	-	
Total contributions	26,244,978	0.747.004
Fees held for other governments	1,081,371	9,717,891
Investment earnings:  Net appreciation in fair value of investments	48,199,381	
Interest on investments	6,416,355	28,857
	54,615,736	28,857
Total investment earnings Less investment expenses	(1,721,184)	20,037
1		
Net investment income	(1,721,184)	
Total additions	80,220,901	1,246,925,160
DEDUCTIONS		
Administrative expenses	974,243	2,714,527
Payments to other governments	-	1,183,799,520
Payments to outside agencies	-	50,581,603
Payments to individuals	-	7,267,252
Benefits	33,999,901	-
Refunds	3,793,270	
Total deductions	38,767,414	1,244,362,902
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	41,453,487	2,562,258
Net position - January 1, restated	360,483,046	14,192,357
Net position - December 31	\$ 401,936,533	\$ 16,754,615

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. Reporting entity

El Paso County, Colorado (the County) is governed by an elected five-member commission. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP), these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the County is considered financially accountable. The County is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit or because the potential component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the County. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a single column in the basic financial statements. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a December 31 year-end.

El Paso County is not considered a component unit on any other financial reports.

### **Blended component units**

#### El Paso County Retirement Plan

This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan as defined in State Statute for all full-time employees of the County. The Commissioners appoint two of the five members of the governing board, two members are employees of participating employers elected by participants, and the fifth member is the County Treasurer. The County and the employees of the County contribute approximately 80 percent of the funds in the plan.

#### El Paso County Facilities Corporation

This is a nonprofit corporation under the laws of the State of Colorado that was organized to acquire real estate, property and improvements for lease to the County, and upon the prior approval of a majority of the membership of the Board of County Commissioners, to borrow money and to become indebted and to execute and deliver bonds, notes or debentures to evidence such indebtedness, for the purpose of acquiring such real or personal property, constructing or installing such improvements, and for such other purposes as may be necessary to accomplish the objectives of the Corporation. Members of the Board of County Commissioners are deemed members of the Corporation for the purpose of appointing and removing members of the Corporation's Board of Directors. The Facilities Corporation does not publish separate financial statements.

#### Discretely presented component units

#### El Paso County Public Health

This is a quasi-municipal organization organized by authority of State Statutes and Resolution of the County Commissioners. According to State Statutes, the Commissioners appoint the governing board. Additionally, the County appropriates significant funds to the department's operations. The El Paso County Public Health administers public health services for El Paso County residents.

#### El Paso County Housing Authority

The El Paso County Housing Authority (the Authority) was established by the Commissioners in order to help promote availability of decent, safe, and sanitary dwelling accommodations in the County to low-income families. The Commissioners appoint the five-member governing board and can impose its will on the Authority through its ability to appoint, hire, reassign, or dismiss those persons responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Authority. The Authority administers El Paso County's low-income housing program.

Financial statements of the County's component units may be obtained from the County's Financial Services Department's Finance Division.

#### 2. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Eliminations have been made in the process of consolidation on the Government Wide financial statement to remove double counting of internal activities with the exception of the business type activities. However, interfund services provided and used between functions have not been eliminated. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. Indirect costs are not allocated in the government-wide statement of activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 3. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, with exception of the agency funds whose resources are not available for use by the County. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest are susceptible to accrual. Accruals are reported net of allowances for non-collectibles. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

#### Major Governmental Funds

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Road and Bridge Fund** is a special revenue fund that accounts for construction and maintenance of County roads and bridges and drainage financed by property taxes, highway users' fees, and other revenues restricted to use on roads and bridges.

The *Human Services Fund* is a special revenue fund that accounts for the federal and state public welfare programs administered by the County and financed by grants, intergovernmental reimbursements, and sales taxes.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds. Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

**Special revenue funds** account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than for major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The County's non-major funds are:

The *Conservation Trust Fund* accounts for lottery revenue received from the State of Colorado, which is restricted to use for the development and maintenance of parks, trails, open space, and other recreational purposes.

**Enterprise funds** account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The County's non-major enterprise fund is:

The *Household Hazardous Waste Fund* was established by the Board of County Commissioners to collect tipping fees at privately owned landfills within the County. The funds will be appropriated to pay for operational service information and equipment needed for solid waste disposal sites within the County.

<u>Internal service funds</u> account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the County, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Because El Paso County is essentially self-insured, the *Self-Insurance Fund* was established to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with insurance claims and administration costs.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The **Pension Trust Fund** is accounted for in essentially the same manner as the proprietary funds, using the same measurement focus and basis of accounting. The pension trust fund accounts for the assets of the El Paso County Retirement Plan.

<u>Custodial funds</u> are fiduciary in nature and present changes in fiduciary net position. Custodial Funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in a fiduciary capacity.

*Treasurer's Escrow Fund* accounts for the receipt and disbursement of revenues received by the Treasurer for prepaid and prorated property tax not yet due, as well as the receipts and disbursement of other revenues received by the County.

Clerk and Recorder Escrow and Refunds Funds accounts for the receipt and disbursement of revenues received by the Clerk and Recorder office for disbursement to other governments and refunds to customers

**Public Trustee Fund** was established to account for expenditures for the Public Trustee's Office. The Public Trustee is appointed by the Governor of Colorado for a four-year term. This office administers foreclosures including issuance of Public Trustee deeds, cure of default and lien redemptions.

*Falcon Vista Acquisition Fund* was established in 2008 and bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction and installation of certain public improvements within the Falcon Vista Fund subdivision.

**Public Improvement District Number 1** (PID#1) was established in 2011 as part of the implementation of the El Paso County 2030 Major Transportation Corridor Plan (MTCP). PID#1 is authorized to fund the costs of the public improvements using revenues derived from a mill levy, road impact fee revenues collected by El Paso County, proceeds of bonds, revenues received from other PIDs organized to implement the MTCP Program and any other legally available funds.

**Public Improvement District Number 2** (PID#2) was established in 2011 as part of the implementation of the El Paso County 2030 Major Transportation Corridors Plan (MTCP). PID#2 is authorized to fund the costs of public improvements using revenues derived from the mill levy, proceeds of debt issued by the District, and any other legally available funds provided that such revenues are pledged or otherwise transferred to District No. 1 to be applied to the MTCP Program by said District.

**Public Improvement District Number 3** (PID#3) was established in 2011 as part of the implementation of the El Paso County 2030 Major Transportation Corridors Plan (MTCP). PID#3 is authorized to fund the costs of public improvements using revenues derived from the mill levy, proceeds of debt issued by the District, and any other legally available funds, provided that such revenues are pledged or otherwise transferred to District No. 1 to be applied to the MTCP Program by said District.

**Pioneer Village Roads Improvement District** was established in 2013 to provide for the maintenance and upgrading of public roads within the boundaries of the District. Pioneer Village Roads Public Improvement District is authorized to fund the costs of public improvements using revenues derived from a mill levy and any other legally available funds.

Stratmoor Valley Streetlight Public Improvement District was established in 2013 to provide street lighting of the public roads within the boundaries of the District. Stratmoor Valley Streetlight Improvement District is authorized to fund the costs of public improvements using revenues derived from a mill levy and any other legally available funds.

**Sheriff** 's Funds are used to account for funds collected for and disbursed from the Inmate Trust Fund and the Civil Trust Fund.

**County Fair Funds** are used to account for funds collected for and disbursed to the El Paso County Fairgrounds Corporation.

**Bridge Funds** are used to account for funds collected from developers for the reimbursement of completed bridge projects.

*Drainage Basin Funds* are used to account for funds collected from developers for the reimbursement of completed drainage projects.

*Third Party Funds* are used to account for and hold funds collected from developers and others for additional land improvement.

**School Fees Funds** are used to account for funds collected from developers of new subdivisions and the distribution of these resources to local school districts.

Taxes Other Governments Funds are used to account for taxes collected for and disbursed to other governments.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### 4. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance

# A. Deposits and investments

Deposits consist of cash equivalent accounts, interest and non-interest bearing bank accounts. The County's investment policy limits the investments to the following securities:

- A. U.S. Treasury Obligations
- B. Federal Agency and Instrumentality Securities
- C. Time Certificates of Deposits (CDs)
- D. Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
- E. Corporate Bonds
- F. Municipal Bonds: General Obligations and Revenue Obligations
- G. Commercial Paper
- H. Eligible Bankers Acceptances
- I. Local Government Investments Pools (LGIP)
- J. Repurchase Agreements and Reverse Repurchase Agreements
- K. Deposits in State or Nationally Chartered Depository Institutions

Additionally, the El Paso County Retirement Plan's (a component unit) investments authorized by Colorado statutes also include the following:

- 1. Corporate notes, bonds, and debentures
- 2. Railroad equipment trust certificates
- 3. Real property
- 4. Loans secured by first mortgages or deeds of trust on real property
- 5. Participating agreements with life insurance companies
- 6. Equity securities subject to certain limitations

The Retirement Plan cash and investments consist of cash and cash equivalent accounts, U.S. government securities, corporate bonds and debentures, common stocks, open-end equity mutual funds, international bonds, and securities lending collateral. Investments are stated at fair value.

The Retirement Plan includes investments in foreign currencies, which means changes in the exchange rate could adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Original maturity is the original maturity to the County.

Except for nominal petty cash funds, all of the cash and investments for the County funds are in the custody of the County Treasurer. Except when otherwise required by trust agreements, the operating cash of all funds is pooled into various bank accounts. Interest income is allocated to funds on the basis of each fund's participation in the pool. Cash in excess of operating requirements is invested in U.S. government securities, local government investment pools, and interest-bearing bank accounts.

#### B. Receivables and payable

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied and attach an enforceable lien on the property. On or before May 1st, the Assessor sends Notice of Valuation for real property. Not later than December 15th, the Clerk certifies levy to the County Commissioners and an enforceable lien is attached as of January 1st of the coming year. Taxes are payable in two installments on February 28th and June 15th, or in one installment due April 30th. The El Paso County

Treasurer bills and collects property taxes for the County and the other taxing authorities within the County. Collections for other districts are accounted for in the Treasurer's agency funds.

#### C. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of the General Fund consist primarily of supplies held for consumption and expendable parts and are considered expenditures when used. Inventories of the Road and Bridge Fund consist of expendable parts and supplies held for consumption and are considered expenditures when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The expenditure will be appropriately recognized using the consumption method, in the benefiting period.

#### D. Restricted assets

Certain proceeds from the County's capital expenditures fund Certificates of Participation, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are restricted because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The construction fund accounts are used to report those proceeds of Certificates of Participation issuance that are restricted for use in construction. The total of those accounts as of December 31, 2019, was \$3,327,408. The certificate fund accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The total of those accounts as of December 31, 2019, was \$5,577,435.

# E. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include: property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. The standard depreciation method is used for all assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Building	40
Improvements other than buildings	25
Infrastructure	1-50
Vehicles	4-8
Furniture & fixtures	5
General equipment	5-15

#### F. <u>Deferred inflows/outflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its re-acquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB have been recorded as of December 31, 2019, which consist of four components: 1) contributions subsequent to measurement date; 2) change in proportionate share of the net liability; 3) changes of assumptions or other inputs; and 4) difference between expected and actual experience.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. One is the unavailable revenue from property taxes reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and also in the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred revenue for property taxes in the government-wide statements results from the accrual of property taxes levied for operations of the following year. This revenue will be recognized in the year it is levied for. Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB have been recorded as of December 31, 2019, which consist of three components: 1) change in proportionate share of the net liability; 2) changes of assumptions or other inputs; and 3) difference between expected and actual experience.

### G. Compensated absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits, which will be paid to employees upon separation from County service. All compensated absences liabilities are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### H. Long-term obligations

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt insurances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Certificate of Participation premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the Certificates of Participation using the effective interest method. Certificates of Participation are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

#### I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the El Paso County Retirement Plan and additions to/deductions from the El Paso County Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the El Paso County Retirement Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the plan provisions. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### J. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense have been determined using the economic resources management focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenditures are recognized when the liability is incurred, regardless of when payment is made. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement no. 75.

#### K. Restatement of beginning net position

Effective January 1, 2019 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities and is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The statement changes the definition of fiduciary activities, providing more defined guidance on how to determine if activity is fiduciary in nature and therefore should be reported as such. The statement defines types of fiduciary funds eliminating Agency Funds and replacing them with Custodial Funds. Under this guidance, all fiduciary funds will now report a net position and a statement of changes in that net position. Implementation of this guidance resulted in reclassification of funds to Custodial Funds. As this statement was implemented retroactively it resulted in a restatement of the prior period net position of Fiduciary Activities and restatement of the prior period fund balance of Custodial Funds.

El Paso County Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	
Fiduciary Funds	
Net Position at December 31, 2018, as previously reported	\$ 270,922
Addition of Net Position as calculated pursuant to GASB 84	13,921,435
Net Position December 31, 2018, as restated	\$ 14,192,357

#### 5. Implementation of new accounting standards

For the year ended December 31, 2019, El Paso County implemented the provisions of the following new accounting standards:

- GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interest An amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61

Effective January 1, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. GASB Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. This statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The County's management determined that GASB Statement No. 83 had no impact on the County's financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities, which is effective for reporting periods after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and post-employment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This standard had a considerable impact on the County's financial statements. GASB 84 changed the reporting of fiduciary activities by defining the four types of fiduciary funds as pension and OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. Custodial funds have replaced what was previously known as agency funds, although the criteria are slightly different.

Effective January 1, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which is effective for reporting periods after June 15, 2018. The primary objective of GASB Statement No. 88 is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt. This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure, and clarifies which liabilities governments should include

when disclosing information related to debt. This statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The County's management determined that GASB Statement No. 88 had no impact on the County's financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2019, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interest - An amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, which is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. The County's management determined that GASB Statement No. 90 had no impact on the County's financial statements.

#### Note B – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### 1. Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all government funds with a few minor exceptions. These exceptions are reconciled on the Budget to GAAP reconciliation schedule presented after the schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual. The Proprietary funds and Falcon Vista adopt budgets using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is not US GAAP for those fund types. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds, proprietary funds, Local Improvement Districts, Public Improvement District #1, Public Improvement District #2, Public Improvement District #3, Pioneer Village Roads Improvement District and Stratmoor Valley Public Improvement District. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Budgets are not presented for the Public Trustee Custodial Fund or the other Custodial funds because these are funds collected and held on behalf of others. In addition, budget is not presented for the Pension Trust because these funds are also collected on behalf of others and the Trust issues separately stated financial statements.

Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts, or other forms of legal commitments. While appropriations lapse as of the end of the fiscal year, the succeeding year's budget ordinance specifically provides for the re-appropriation of year-end encumbrances. Encumbrances outstanding as of December 31, 2019 do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

The County's managers may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of the Board of County Commissioners. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Public hearings are conducted by the County to obtain taxpayer comments.
- B. Prior to December 31st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation resolution.
- C. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the County Commissioners by passage of a resolution.
- D. The Road and Bridge Fund budgets expenditures using the natural classifications. Therefore, a difference arises between the fund financial statements reflecting expenditures under US GAAP, under which salary expenditures may be part of capital outlay expenditures, and the budget to actual schedules reflecting expenditures in their natural classifications.
- E. No fund had excesses of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### 2. Management Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Fund Balance

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. As of December 31, 2019, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of County Commissioners. The Board of County Commissioners is the highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but which are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Board of County Commissioners' adopted policy, only the Board of County Commissioners or the County Administrator, Deputy County Administrator, or Chief Financial Officer are authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The County will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (total of committed, assigned, and unassigned balances) fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

The Board of County Commissioners adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund.

The appropriate minimum level of General Fund unrestricted fund balance to be maintained is the sum of:

- a. Historical uncollectable amounts for Property Taxes averaging 0.5%
- b. Sales Tax for all funds (excluding restricted Public Safety Sales Tax) of 10%
- c. All other Unrestricted General Fund Revenues of 5%
- 1. The General Fund unrestricted fund balance may be used in the following circumstances:
  - a. Revenues received are at least 4% less than budgeted due to economic conditions
  - b. Federally declared natural disasters within the County
  - c. Elimination of core (tax related, non-grant) revenue streams, such as:
    - i. Sales and/or Use Taxii. Property Tax

    - iii. Clerk and Recorder Fees
    - iv. Specific Ownership Tax
  - d. BoCC determined emergency of one-time cost
  - e. Fund balance will be used in the order of: unassigned, assigned, and committed

- 2. The General Fund unrestricted fund balance will be replenished using the following methods:
  - a. Adjust the five-year financial projection so that spending is adjusted down (or economic recovery predicted) and desired levels of unrestricted fund balance are replenished.
  - b. Natural disaster use is replenished when anticipated reimbursement will be received from state/federal government.
  - c. Fund balance will be replenished in the order of: committed, assigned, and unassigned.
- 3. The General Fund unrestricted fund balance will be replenished using the following timeline:
  - a. The amount that needs to be replenished will be adjusted in the five-year financial projection to be brought to the minimum required level over a maximum of five budget years.
- 4. The highest level of decision making authority to establish, modify and rescind commitments is the Board of County Commissioners by Resolution.
- 5. The officials authorized to assign Board of County Commissioner approved amounts for specific purposes are the County Administrator and Deputy County Administrator.

The minimum unrestricted fund balance required for 2019 is \$18,744,529. The County's unrestricted General Fund balance as of December 31, 2019 is \$42,355,373, which is \$23,610,843 more than required by the County's policy.

#### Note C - Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### 1. Deposits and investments

Cash and Investments	Amount
Cash and investments	\$ 91,213,565
Restricted cash and investments	8,904,844
Fiduciary cash and equivalents	36,256,551
Fiduciary investments	 394,235,705
Total cash and investments	\$ 530,610,665

The County's cash and investments consists of the following on December 31, 2019:

	Treasurer Funds	Res	Primary Government stricted Cash & Investments	Public Trustee	R	etirement Plan	P	ID Funds	C	Sheriff sustodial Funds	Total
Petty cash	\$ 110,470	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 110,470
Cash deposits	24,106,642		-	943,171		8,166,458		-		757,344	33,973,615
CSIP-money market funds	75,296		-	-		-		-		-	75,296
Local government investment pool	74,383,409		-	-		-		1,799,156		-	76,182,565
Investments	32,408,152		8,904,844	-	3	394,235,705		-		-	435,548,701
	\$ 131,083,969	\$	8,904,844	\$ 943,171	\$ 4	02,402,163	\$	1,799,156	\$	757,344	\$ 545,890,647

The County's Public Improvement District (PID) Fund total consists of the following on December 31, 2019:

	PID-1	 PID-2	PID-3	_ i	Pioneer Village Roads PID	tratmoor Valley Streetlight PID	 Total
Local government investment pool	\$ 1,680,656	\$ 27,623	\$ 4,418	\$	7,385	\$ 79,074	\$ 1,799,156

Restricted cash and investments are held by U.S. Bank and pertain to Certificate of Participation reserve funds. The balance of \$8,904,844, includes cash equivalents of \$3,327,408 and various Guaranteed Investment Contracts of \$5,577,436 rated A2, Aaa and Baa1 by Moody.

#### **Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories which are determined by state regulators. All banks used by the County for depository and investments are on the approved list. Deposit amounts in excess of Federal insurance levels must be collateralized. PDPA allows institutions to create a single collateral pool for all public funds which is maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of uninsured deposits.

At December 31, 2019, the El Paso County's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$32,066,000. Of the bank balance, \$837,450 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remainder of the bank balance, \$31,228,550, was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution and covered by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA.

There are several accounts included in the Treasurer's Custodial Funds that are held under the custodianship of the El Paso County Treasurer. The transactions within these accounts occur outside of the oversight of the Financial Services Department.

#### **Investments**

The investment program is operated in conformance with federal, state and other legal requirements as well as in accordance with Colorado Revised Statutes, specifically C.R.S. 24-75-601.

The County uses the "prudent person" standard which is applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. The standard states that investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. In order to mitigate credit risk, the County diversifies the investment portfolio through limiting investments to avoid over concentration in securities from a specific issuer or business sector (excluding U.S. Treasury securities), limiting investment in securities that have higher credit risks, investing in securities with varying maturities, and continuously investing a portion of the portfolio in readily available funds such as local government investment pools (LGIPs) or money market funds to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained in order to meet ongoing obligations. The County's investment policy limits the investments to the following securities:

- A. U.S. Treasury obligations
- B. Federal agency and instrumentality securities
- C. Time certificates of deposits (CDs)
- D. Negotiable certificates of deposit
- E. Corporate bonds
- F. Municipal bonds: general obligations and revenue obligations
- G. Commercial paper
- H. Eligible bankers acceptances
- I. Local government investments pools (LGIP)
- J. Repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements
- K. Deposits in state or nationally chartered depository institutions

**Custodial Credit Risk** – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy requires all securities to be in the name of the County Treasurer and securities must be deposited in a safekeeping account at an authorized county depository institution or at an eligible security dealer.

**Concentration Risk** – Concentration risk is the risk of exposure to loss that can result from failing to diversify investments. The County's investment policy directs the Treasurer to diversify securities held in the investment portfolio to minimize the risk of losses from an excessive concentration of securities from a single issuer, with similar maturities, or (except Treasury securities) in similar categories.

Interest Rate Risk – Market risk is the risk that the portfolio value will fluctuate due to changes in the general level of interest rates. The County mitigates risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs, and by making longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes. The County further recognizes that certain types of securities, including variable rate securities, securities with principal pay downs prior to maturity, and securities with embedded options, will affect the market risk profile of the portfolio differently in different interest rate environments, and therefore, adopts the following strategies to control and mitigate its exposure to market risk:

- Liquidity funds will be held in investment instruments maturing within one year at the time of purchase.
- Longer term/core funds will be defined as funds in excess of liquidity requirements. The investments in this portion of the portfolio will have maturities between 1 day and 5 years and will be invested in higher quality and liquid securities.

As of December 31, 2019, El Paso County Primary Government investments (including Fiduciary Funds held by Treasurer) had the following maturities:

		 Inv	restme	ents Maturities	
	Fair Value	Up to 120 Days	121	Days to 5 Years	Credit Rating
Investment type for Primary Government	 				
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 14,506,079	\$ -	\$	14,506,079	US Govt Guar
<u>Instrumentality</u>					
Federal agency collateralized mortgage obligations	531,241	-		531,241	AA+
Federal agency bonds	6,556,752	-		6,556,752	AA+
Corporate bonds	2,060,698	-		2,060,698	AA- to AAA
Municipal bonds	3,170,793	-		3,170,793	AA- to AAA
Supra-national agency bonds	3,520,330	-		3,520,330	AAA
Certificates of deposit	2,062,259	-		2,062,259	A-1 to AA-
CSIP-money market funds	75,296	75,296		-	AAAm
ColoTrust	74,383,409	74,383,409		-	AAAm
Total investments controlled by the County	\$ 106,866,857	\$ 74,458,705	\$	32,408,152	-

Fair Value Measurement – El Paso County categorizes its fair values measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Portfolio investments are assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs such as matrix pricing techniques that values securities based on benchmark quoted prices; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

As of December 31, 2019, El Paso County Primary Government investments (including Fiduciary Funds held by Treasurer) had the following recurring fair value measurements:

		-	Fair V	<sup>7</sup> alue	Measurements	Using	g
	1	12/31/2019	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level:			 				
U. S. Treasuries	\$	14,506,079	\$ -	\$	14,506,079	\$	-
Federal agency collateralized mortgage obligations		531,241	-		531,241		-
Federal agency bonds		6,556,752	-		6,556,752		-
Corporate bonds		2,060,698	-		2,060,698		-
Municipal bonds		3,170,793	-		3,170,793		-
Supra-national agency bonds		3,520,330	-		3,520,330		_
Certificates of deposit		2,062,259	-		2,062,259		-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	32,408,152	\$ -	\$	32,408,152	\$	-
ColoTrust (external investment pool - measured at NAV)		74,383,409					
CSIP (external investment pool - measured at amortized cost)		75,296					
Total investments not by fair value	\$	74,458,705					
Total investments controlled by the County	\$	106,866,857					

The ColoTrust investment is a local government investment pool that reports at the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio. For pricing and redeeming shares, ColoTrust maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method. ColoTrust is exempt from being measured at fair value and is excluded from the fair value hierarchy. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing ColoTrust.

The CSIP Money Market Fund investment is a governmental investment pool that is managed in accordance with GASB 79 requirements, as applicable, for the use of the amortized cost method of valuing its investment portfolio. The CSIP Money Market Fund is exempt from being measured at fair value and is excluded from the fair value hierarchy. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing CSIP.

ColoTrust and CSIP Money Market Fund investments do not have any unfunded commitments, redemption restrictions, or redemption notice periods.

Investments other than ColoTrust and CSIP Money Market Fund are assigned a hierarchy level based on asset type. Evaluations are made utilizing sources, frequencies, and reliability of observable and unobservable inputs, as well as industry standard considerations when applicable. All investments classified as Level 1 are valued using closing market prices, as quoted in active markets. Investments classified as Level 2 are evaluated based on various market and industry inputs, including institutional bond quotes, collateralized mortgage obligation (CMO) source, market prices, and independent market data analysis.

#### Blended Component Unit Retirement Plan - Cash and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The Retirement Plan (Plan) has a bank balance of \$8,068,252 on deposit with a banking institution at December 31, 2019. Of this bank balance, up to \$250,000 is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation at December 31, 2019. The uninsured balances are collateralized with securities held by the banking institutions, but not in the Plan's name. In addition, \$98,206 was held by various money managers in banking institutions at December 31, 2019.

#### **Investments**

Fair Value Measurements – The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest level to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest level to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets; Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than quoted market prices; Level 3 inputs are valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

The Plan has the following fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

				Fair	Value	Measurements	Using	
	1	2/31/2019		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by fair value level:			-		-			
International equity funds	\$	45,905,362	\$	45,905,362	\$	-	\$	-
Domestic equity funds		27,838,226		27,838,226		-		-
Fixed income:								
U.S. Government agencies		7,417,374		-		7,417,374		-
Municipal bonds		4,917,159		-		4,917,159		-
Inflation protected bond fund		7,231,699		7,231,699		-		-
Corporate securities		4,477,823		-		4,477,823		-
U.S. Treasuries		1,880,502		-		1,880,502		-
Real asset funds		10,143,164		10,143,164		-		-
Commodities fund		7,829,729		7,829,729		-		-
Total investments by fair value level	\$	117,641,038	\$	98,948,180	\$	18,692,858	\$	-
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):								
Domestic equity funds	\$	80,285,387						
Real asset funds		79,950,900						
International equity funds		44,838,128						
Fixed income funds		43,821,527						
Hedge fund of funds		18,720,075						
Multi-asset fund		8,978,650						
Total investments measured at NAV		276,594,667						
Total investments held by the Retirement Plan	\$	394,235,705						

Domestic common stocks and international equity mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Fixed income securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued primarily using quoted prices in inactive markets, as well as other pricing methods using observable inputs.

#### Investments measured at NAV as of December 31, 2019:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Domestic equity funds (1)	\$ 80,285,387	4,554,582	Monthly, None	1-5 days, N/A
Real asset funds (2)	79,950,900	7,841,564	Qtrly, None	90 days, N/A
International equity funds (3)	44,838,128	None	Daily, None	1-2 days, N/A
Fixed income funds (4)	43,821,527	None	Daily, Monthly	31 days, N/A
Hedge fund of funds (5)	18,720,075	None	Quarterly	70 days
Multi-asset fund (6)	8,978,650	None	Monthly	15 days
Total investments measured at NAV	\$ 276,594,667			

- (1) Domestic equity funds Domestic equity funds reported at net asset value consist of 11 limited partnerships and collective investment funds with various investment objectives. 37% of domestic equity funds consist of an investment in the Parametric Defensive Equity Fund LLC (the Defensive Equity Fund). The investment objective of the Defensive Equity Fund is to provide favorable risk-adjusted performance relative to the S&P 500 index over the long term and is expected to produce the strongest relative performance when the S&P is experiencing negative returns. The Defensive Equity Fund allows monthly redemptions and the Plan has no unfunded commitments relating to this fund. The remaining 10 domestic equity funds are diversified by investment type and have redemption features from daily to non-redeemable. The nature of the investments in these funds are that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets over estimated periods of 10 to 12 years.
- (2) Real asset funds Real asset funds stated at net asset value consist of 5 limited partnerships. 57% of the real estate limited partnerships consist of an investment in a core-style, open-end real estate fund that holds a strategically diversified portfolio of real estate assets across the four main property types in major markets throughout the United States. The primary performance objective is to combine an attractive income yield with long-term capital growth. This fund allows for quarterly redemptions with a 90 days notice and values its underlying real estate investments using income, cost and sales comparison approaches. The remaining real estate limited partnerships consist of investments in 4 limited partnerships that are diversified by investment type and cannot be redeemed. Instead, the nature of the investments in these limited partnerships are that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying properties over 7 to 10 years.
- (3) International equity funds International equity funds stated at net asset value consist of 3 collective investment funds that invest in global equity securities. 62% of the international equity funds consist of an investment in a global minimum volatility index fund, which seeks to track the investment results of an index composed of global equities that, in the aggregate, have lower volatility characteristics relative to the broader markets. This fund can be redeemed with 2 days notice. The remaining 2 funds consist of an all country world index, excluding U.S., and an emerging markets fund, both of which are redeemable daily.
- (4) Fixed income funds Fixed income funds stated at net asset value consist of a \$24.7 million investment in a limited partnership and a \$19.1 million investment in a limited liability company. The limited partnership's investment objective is to provide superior risk adjusted returns by opportunistically investing on a fully-funded basis without leverage in bank loans and bonds. The limited partnership is redeemable monthly with 31 days notice. The limited liability company is a domestic bond fund that invest all or substantially all of its assets in investment grade debt and fixed income securities rated at the time of purchase at least Baa3 or BBB- or that are of a comparable quality. This investment is redeemable daily.
- (5) Hedge fund of funds The hedge fund of funds is a limited partnership which invests in a portfolio of funds. The underlying funds generally implement non-traditional or alternative investment strategies. The hedge fund of funds is redeemable quarterly with a 70 days notice.

(6) Multi-asset fund – The multi-asset fund's objective is to generate absolute risk adjusted returns over time by utilizing a multi-asset investing approach through a combination of strategic asset allocation and tactical portfolio management and by balancing risk across and within a broad array of asset classes. The fund is redeemable monthly with 15 days notice.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Plan's general investment policy is to limit its investments in fixed income securities to those with an S&P/Moody's rating of investment grade BBB/Baa or better, unless expressly permitted by the Board. However, the fixed income portfolio manager is allowed to hold fixed income securities with a rating of BB or B.

At December 31, 2019, the Plan's exposure to fixed income credit risk based on Standard & Poor's ratings is as follows:

S & P Rating	Corporate Securities	US	S Treasuries	US Govt Agencies	Municipal Bonds		Fixed Income Funds		Total
AAA	\$ 423,493	\$	1,880,502	\$ 	\$	2,192,851	\$	7,231,699	\$ 11,728,545
AA+	-		-	7,417,374		1,145,059		-	8,562,433
AA	274,970		-	-		1,405,986		-	1,680,956
AA-	189,803		-	-		-		-	189,803
A+	81,114		-	-		-		19,113,311	19,194,425
A	1,385,096		-	-		173,263		-	1,558,359
A-	1,180,083		-	-		-		-	1,180,083
BBB+	614,978		-	-		-		-	614,978
BBB	328,286		-	-		-		-	328,286
В	-		-	-		-		24,708,216	24,708,216
Total	\$ 4,477,823	\$	1,880,502	\$ 7,417,374	\$	4,917,159	\$	51,053,226	\$ 69,746,084

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Plan's investment in a single issuer. The Plan limits its investments in any one issuer of equity securities, fixed income securities, short-term investments and commercial paper to no more than 5% of the applicable portfolio. No limitation is placed on investments in U.S. Government guaranteed obligations. No individual investments exceeded 5% of the Plan's net position at December 31, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt securities will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Unless expressly permitted by the Board, the effective duration of any fixed income portfolio shall not exceed 120% of the effective duration of the broad market benchmark included in the instructions to the portfolio manager.

As of December 31, 2019, the effective duration of the Plan's fixed income portfolio is 4.0 years.

Foreign Currency Risk – Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of December 31, 2019, none of the Plan's investments were denominated in currencies other than the United States dollar.

# Component Unit El Paso County Public Health - Cash and Investments

**Deposits** – The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is specified by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds.

The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must equal at least 102% of the uninsured deposits. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and savings and loan associations are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. At December 31, 2019, Public Health had bank deposits of \$339,286 collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent, but not in the Public Health name.

Fair Value Measurements – El Paso County Public Health categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to

measure the fair value of assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### Cash and Investments held by El Paso County Public Health

	 12/31/2019	Credit Rating	Maturity Date
Petty cash	\$ 5,170	*	*
Cash deposits	1,116,212	*	*
Local government investment pool (ColoTrust)	3,417,821	AAAm	Demand
Total cash and investments	\$ 4,539,203		

<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable to cash deposits

The ColoTrust investment is a local government investment pool that reports at the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio. For pricing and redeeming shares, ColoTrust maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method. ColoTrust is exempt from being measured at fair value and is excluded from the fair value hierarchy.

# Component Unit El Paso County Housing Authority - Cash and Investments

**Deposits in Bank and Investments** – Deposits and investments consist of checking and money market accounts and government securities and are stated at fair value. Deposits are fully collateralized or vested in securities of the United States Government and are identified specifically in the name of the El Paso County Housing Authority (the "Authority"). The deposits are either covered by federal depository insurance, by collateral held by the Authority's agent in the Authority's name by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third-party agents or by a collateralization agreement.

**HUD Deposit Restrictions** – The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires Authorities to invest excess HUD program funds in obligations of the United States, certificates of deposit or any other federally insured instruments. HUD also requires that deposits of HUD program funds be fully insured or collateralized at all times. Acceptable security includes FDIC/FSLIC insurance and the market value of securities purchased and pledged to the political subdivision. Pursuant to HUD restrictions, obligations of the United States are allowed as security for deposits. Obligations furnished as security must be held by the Authority or with an unaffiliated bank or trust company for the account of the Authority.

**Fair Value Measurements** – The El Paso County Housing Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### Cash and Investments held by El Paso County Housing Authority

The carrying amount of the Authority's cash deposits and investments was \$6,495,315 at December 31, 2019. Bank and investment balances before reconciling items were \$6,495,315 at that date, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with securities held by an unaffiliated banking institution in the Authority's name.

	12/31/2019			
Deposits				
Checking account	\$ 218,072			
Repurchase agreement	315,794			
Escrow account	405,118			
Custody account	3,930,108			
Total deposits	4,869,092			
Investments		Fair Value Inputs	Credit Rating	Maturity Date
ColoTrust	796,992	Level 2	AAAm	Demand
U.S. Treasuries	814,005	Level 2	US Govt Guar	2020
GNMA Securities	15,226	Level 2	AAA	2030-2031
Total investments	1,626,223			
Total deposits and investments	\$ 6,495,315			

The ColoTrust investment is a local government investment pool that reports at the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio. For pricing and redeeming shares, ColoTrust maintains a stable net asset value (NAV) of \$1 per share using the fair value method. ColoTrust is exempt from being measured at fair value and is excluded from the fair value hierarchy.

US Bank Treasury Obligations and US Bank Mortgage-backed Securities fair values are determined based on published market quotations using Level 2 inputs.

# 2. Property taxes

The County is permitted to levy taxes on the assessed valuation for general governmental services. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services for the year ended December 31, 2019, was 7.035 mills. The County's assessed valuation for 2019 was \$8,699,370,090. Therefore, the County could collect \$65,697,494 for 2019 taxes. Instead, the Board of County Commissioners eliminated the County's entire portion of business personal property tax. The property taxes collectible in 2019 payable on 2020 total \$60,002,980.

#### 3. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance anuary 1, 2019		Increases		Decreases	Transfers	1	Balance December 31, 2019
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 15,827,534	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,827,534
Art	121,311				-	-		121,311
Construction in progress	 15,898,619		10,039,355		(295,289)	 (5,751,502)		19,891,183
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 31,847,464		10,039,355		(295,289)	 (5,751,502)		35,840,028
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	208,810,576		-		(460,272)	478,452		208,828,756
Improvements other than buildings	77,738,975		1,918,722		(3,822,361)	1,372,676		77,208,012
Machinery and equipment	83,111,842		7,872,747		(3,282,344)	1,846,260		89,548,505
Infrastructure	594,292,939		13,421,345		(81,006,312)	2,054,114		528,762,086
Total capital assets, being depreciated	963,954,332	_	23,212,814	_	(88,571,289)	5,751,502		904,347,359
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	(85,426,316)		(4,424,711)		206,725	-		(89,644,302)
Improvements other than buildings	(24,483,147)		(3,950,133)		1,412,327	-		(27,020,953)
Machinery and equipment	(60,914,279)		(6,637,930)		3,169,934	-		(64,382,275)
Infrastructure	(297,588,577)		(19,931,356)		81,006,312	-		(236,513,621)
Total accumulated depreciation	(468,412,319)	_	(34,944,130)	_	85,795,298	 -		(417,561,151)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	495,542,013		(11,731,316)		(2,775,991)	 5,751,502	_	486,786,208
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 527,389,477	\$	(1,691,961)	\$	(3,071,280)	\$ 	\$	522,626,236

\$319,741 of capital assets and \$171,002 of accumulated depreciation for Self-Insurance, an internal service fund, are included in this note.

	Balance January 1,	_		I	Balance December 31,		
	 2019	Increases	Decreases		2019		
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	\$ 1,599,936	-	-	\$	1,599,936		
Improvements other than buildings	83,365	-	-		83,365		
Machinery and equipment	 41,426				41,426		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 1,724,727				1,724,727		
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	(526,683)	(39,998)	-		(566,681)		
Improvements other than buildings	(48,350)	(3,335)	-		(51,685)		
Machinery and equipment	 (27,525)	(3,398)			(30,923)		
Total accumulated depreciation	 (602,558)	(46,731)			(649,289)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 1,122,169	(46,731)			1,075,438		
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,122,169	\$ (46,731)	\$ -	\$	1,075,438		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Amount			
General government	\$	5,278,088		
Public safety		6,214,012		
Public works		22,695,217		
Health and welfare		46,643		
Culture and recreation		597,365		
Veteran's services		733		
Capital assets held by the government's internal service funds are				
charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets		112,072		
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities:		34,944,130		
Business-Type Activities:				
Household hazardous waste		46,731		
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities:	\$	46,731		

#### 4. Inter-fund receivables and payables:

The composition of inter-fund balances as of December 31, 2019, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds: Receivable Funds	Payable Funds	Amount
General	Road and Bridge	\$ 59,728
	Human Services	759,016
	Non-Major Internal Service	338,031
	Non-Major Enterprise	4,139
		1,160,915
Road and Bridge	General	123,121
		123,121
Human Services	General	483
		483
Capital Projects	General	25,373
Capital 110Jeets	Concret.	25,373
Non-Major Internal Service	General	506,983
1 ton major internal octivite	General	506,983
	Total	\$ 1,816,875

Inter-fund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Resolution No. 18-440 authorizes the advancement of funds for cash flow purposes from the General Fund to other County funds. As of December 31, 2019, Human Services received an advance of \$3,300,000.

#### 5. Long-term debt

#### A. Changes in long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the County for the year ended December 31, 2019:

Governmental Activities: Beginning balance  1/1/2019		Additions Red		Reductions	Ending balance 12/31/2019		Due within one year		
Certificates of participation	\$	124,030,000	\$	-	\$	(8,790,000)	\$ 115,240,000	\$	9,075,000
Issuance discount		(127,536)		-		14,172	(113,364)		(14,170)
Plus issuance premium		5,757,108		-		(709,673)	5,047,435		637,434
Total certificates of participation		129,659,572				(9,485,501)	120,174,071		9,698,264
Capital leases		1,896,362		4,527,527		(1,821,210)	4,602,679		1,616,125
Claims payable		8,822,565		27,977,915		(27,734,509)	9,065,971		6,522,318
Compensated absences		16,797,032		11,782,101		(11,880,426)	16,698,707		2,554,637
Net pension liability		316,041,467		-		(18,578,516)	297,462,951		-
Net OPEB liability		136,721,102		-		(9,435,874)	127,285,228		-
Total long-term liabilities		609,938,100		44,287,543		(78,936,036)	575,289,607		20,391,344
Business-Type Activities:									
Compensated absences		69,894		32,999		(31,559)	71,334		50
Net pension liability		702,259		-		(40,643)	661,616		-
Net OPEB liability		205,390		20,045		(39,115)	 186,320		<u>-</u>
Total long-term liabilities	\$	977,543	\$	53,044	\$	(111,317)	\$ 919,270	\$	50

Compensated absences are normally liquidated 81 percent by the General fund, 12 percent by the Human Services fund, 7 percent by the Road and Bridge fund and 0.6 percent by the Conservation Trust fund. Net pension liability is normally liquidated 73 percent by the General fund, 19 percent by the Human Services fund, 7 percent by the Road and Bridge fund, and 1 percent by the Conservation Trust fund. Other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and claims payable are liquidated by the Self-Insurance fund.

#### B. Certificates of participation

During 2008, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$2,500,000 in Certificates of Participation, Series 2008, which were dated December 15, 2008. The 2008 certificates carry interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 6.50% and mature December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2029. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1. Principal payments are due December 1.

During 2010, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$55,925,000 in Certificates of Participation, Series 2010, which were dated September 30, 2010. The 2010A was for \$47,545,000 and the Series 2010B was for \$8,380,000. The 2010A certificates carry interest rates ranging from 3.59% to 5.81% and mature December 1, 2017, through December 1, 2036. The 2010B certificates carry interest rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.00% and mature December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2016. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1. Principal payments are due December 1.

During 2011, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$32,820,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation series 2011A, which were dated July 20, 2011 and refunded the Certificates of Participation Series 2002B. The 2011A certificates carry interest rates ranging from 2.75% to 5.25% and mature December 1, 2011 through December 1, 2027. The refunded Certificates Series 2002B became due and payable, in accordance with their terms, on December 1, 2012 at which time all of the 2002B Certificates were matured or redeemed at a redemption price. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1. Principal payments are due December 1.

During 2012, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$12,010,000 in Certificates of Participation Series 2012, which were dated December 15, 2012. The Series 2012 Certificates carry interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and mature December 21, 2023. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 of each year. Principal payments are due December 1.

During 2016, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$23,245,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation series 2016, which were dated June 1, 2016 and refunded a portion of the Certificates of Participation Series 2007A. The 2016 certificates carry interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00% and mature December 1, 2029. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1. Principal payments are due December 1.

During 2018, the County, through the El Paso County Facilities Corporation, issued \$28,380,000 Refunding Certificates of Participation Series 2018, which were dated May 1, 2018 and refunded the remaining balance of the 2007 Series A Certificates of Participation. The 2018 certificates carry interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00% and mature December 1, 2029. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1. Principal payments are due December 1.

#### C. Capital lease obligations

In 2017, the County entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing equipment for the Public Works' Fleet Division. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. In 2019, a payment of \$1,271,210 was made on this capital lease. The net book value of physical assets acquired are as follows at December 31, 2019:

Asset	<b>Governmental Activities</b>
Public Works Fleet Vehicles - 2017 Vehicles	\$ 104,920
2018 Vehicles	3,446,814
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(772,705)
Net	\$ 2,779,029

The following schedule reflects debt service requirements for the capital lease as of December 31, 2019:

Date	Interest		Interest Principal		Total Payment Amount			
February 2020	\$	10,202	\$	625,152	\$	635,354		

In 2019, the County entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing equipment for the Public Works' Fleet Division. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. In 2019, a payment of \$550,000.00 was made on this capital lease. The net book value of physical assets acquired are as follows at December 31, 2019:

Asset	Governi	nental Activities
Public Works Fleet Vehicles - 2019	\$	1,031,177
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(116,544)
Total	\$	914,633

The following schedule reflects debt service requirements for the capital lease as of December 31, 2019:

Date	Interest		Interest Principal		pal	Total Payment Amou				
February 2020	\$	49,211	\$ 990,	973	\$	1,040,184				
February 2021		66,511	973,	673		1,040,184				
February 2022		44,827	995,	357		1,040,184				
February 2023		22,660	1,017,	524		1,040,184				
Total	\$	183,208	\$ 3,977,	527	\$	4,160,735				

#### D. Summary of debt service requirements

The following schedule reflects debt service requirements to maturity for certificates of participation as of December 31, 2019:

Governmental Activities Certificates of Participation

Certificates of 1 articipation								
December 31,		Principal	Interest					
2020	\$	9,075,000	\$	4,506,071				
2021		9,400,000		4,164,280				
2022		9,770,000		3,786,628				
2023		10,190,000		3,376,875				
2024		9,145,000		3,015,121				
2025-2029		45,175,000		9,536,534				
2030-2034		13,135,000		3,257,062				
2035-2036		9,350,000		589,591				
Total	\$	115,240,000	\$	32,232,162				

#### E. Operating leases

El Paso County has entered into a number of operating leases which contain cancellation provisions and are subject to annual appropriations. For the reporting period, rent payments approximated \$1,125,620 for all types of leases. These expenditures were made primarily from the General, Self Insurance and Human Services funds.

#### F. Conduit debt obligations

From time to time, the County has issued the following types of conduit debt: single family mortgage bonds and mortgage revenue refunding bonds to assist low- to moderate-income residents in purchasing a residence; bonds for residential rental projects to be occupied by low- to moderate-income residents and owned by private-sector entities; industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities to promote industry and develop trade or other economic activity; and qualified 501(c)(3) bonds to provide financial assistance to nonprofits for the acquisition and construction of eligible facilities. The various bonds are secured by investments under Indentures of Trust, loans that finance the projects, property, loan guarantees, and letters of credit, and are payable solely from certain revenues and receipts pledged under the Indentures of Trust, payments received on underlying mortgage loans, and payments received pursuant to loan agreements. These bonds do not constitute the debt or indebtedness of the County, nor is the County obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2019, the bonds had an estimated aggregate principal amount payable of \$285,584,098.

On September 26, 2019, El Paso County adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of up to \$22,400,000 Refunding and Improvement Revenue Notes (The Colorado College Project), and on October 9, 2019, notes were issued in the amount of \$20,745,000.

On, September 26, 2019, El Paso County adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of its Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds (Winfield Apartments Project) Tax-Exempt Series 2019A in an amount not to exceed \$19,000,000, and Taxable Series 2019B in an amount not to exceed \$9,000,000. On December 30, 2019, the Tax-Exempt Series 2019A note was issued in the amount of \$16,830,000, and the Taxable Series 2019B note was issued in the amount of \$9,000,000.

## 6. Fund balance designation

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories. The following table provides detail of each category of fund balance:

General				Human Capital Services Expenditure		Other Government		Total	
Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$ 2,359,524	\$ 1,861,739	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,221,263
Prepaid items	427,333	 _		_		_		_	 427,333
	2,786,857	1,861,739		-		-		-	4,648,596
Restricted:									
TABOR	7,873,609	-		-		-		-	7,873,609
Clerk & Recorder Projects	195,569	-		-		-		-	195,569
Public Safety Projects	14,862,814	-		-		-		-	14,862,814
Public Works	_	4,945,292		-		-		-	4,945,292
Baptist Road Rural Trans.	-	8,053		-		_		-	8,053
Culture and Recreation	1,120,644			-		-		945,430	2,066,074
Social Services	-	-		1,641,249		-		, -	1,641,249
Debt Service	-	-		-		5,577,436		-	5,577,436
Construction Projects	_	_		_		3,327,409		_	3,327,409
Small Business Development	213,930	_		_		_		_	213,930
Other Projects	7,521	_		_		_		_	7,521
Suier 110,000	24,274,087	 4,953,345	_	1,641,249		8,904,845		945,430	 40,718,956
Committed:	21,271,007	1,755,515		1,011,217		0,201,013		713,130	10,710,250
Public Safety	20,257	_		_		_		_	20,257
Public Works	20,237								20,237
Clerk's Projects	1,369,319								1,369,319
Road & Bridge	1,505,515	5,336,365		_		_		_	5,336,365
Colorado Ave. Project	_	30,253							30,253
Culture and Recreation	-	30,233		-		-		-	30,233
County Fair	90,972	_		_		_		_	90,972
Debt Service Payments	1,595,000	-		-		-		-	1,595,000
Other Projects	237,125	-		-		-		-	237,125
Other Projects	3,312,673	 5,366,618					-		 8,679,291
A:	3,312,673	5,300,018		-		-		-	8,079,291
Assigned:	0.225.220								0.225.220
Subsequent Year's Expenditures	9,235,330	-		-		1 (70 15)		-	9,235,330
Capital Projects	-	-		-		1,670,156		-	1,670,156
Infrastructure Projects	-	-		-		-		-	-
Parks Projects	240.247	-		-		-		-	260.247
Public Safety	368,247	-		-		-		-	368,247
Public Works Projects	-	10,874,851		-		-		-	10,874,851
Public Communications	1,250,642	-		-		-		-	1,250,642
Other Projects	1,552,591	 							 1,552,591
	12,406,810	10,874,851		-		1,670,156		-	24,951,817
Unassigned:	26,635,890	 	_						 26,635,890
Total fund balance	\$ 69,416,317	\$ 23,056,553	\$	1,641,249	\$	10,575,001	\$	945,430	\$ 105,634,550

#### Note D – Other Information

#### 1. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; health claims of employees; and natural disasters. The County established the Self-Insurance Fund (internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the fund provides coverage up to a maximum of \$100,000, \$600,000, \$250,000 and \$250,000 for each property damage claim, each workers' compensation claim, each liability claim, and each health claim, respectively. The limit of coverage on the liability claims is \$1,000,000. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all various other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior- and current-year claims. Claims liabilities of \$9,065,971 that are reported in the Self-Insurance Fund at December 31, 2019, are based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The present value of the estimated outstanding losses is the amount of money, discounted for anticipated investment income, required to meet unpaid claims. It is calculated based on a 2.0% yield on investments, as provided by the County.

Changes in the claims liability amounts in 2019 and 2018 were:

			Claims and			
		Balance	Changes in	Claim	Balance	
		1/1/2019	Estimates	Payments	12/31/2019	
Self-Insurance Fund	\$	8,822,565	\$ 27,977,915	\$ 27,734,509	\$ 9,065,971	
		Balance	Claims and Changes in	Claim	Balance	
		1/1/2018	Estimates	Payments	12/31/2018	
Self-Insurance Fund	\$	7,796,424	\$ 26,632,979	\$ 25,606,838	\$ 8,822,565	
	_					

Amounts reflected represent current claims for self-funded medical claims, workers' compensation and other liability claims totaling \$6,522,318. The long-term portion represents claims pertaining to ongoing workers' compensation and liability claims totaling \$2,543,653.

#### 2. Contingencies

#### A Litigation

There is no current pending litigation in which the County is involved that is expected to result in material judgments against the County. All pending litigation is being vigorously defended. The potential settlement amounts are inestimable and it is the opinion of management that the potential outcome of such matters would not have a significant effect on the financial position of the County if disposed of unfavorably.

#### B Grants

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to request for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based upon prior experience, the County management believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### C TABOR

In November 1992, the people of the State of Colorado passed an amendment to the State's Constitution (Article X, Section 20) known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), which was effective December 31, 1992. TABOR's intended purpose was to reasonably restrain most of the growth of government by imposing spending and revenue limits on the state and any local government, excluding enterprises. Provisions of TABOR require, among other things, that:

- Each district shall reserve for use in declared emergencies 3% or more of its fiscal year spending (as defined by TABOR) excluding bonded debt service.
- If revenue from sources not excluded from fiscal year spending exceeds the limits prescribed by TABOR in dollars for that fiscal year, the excess shall be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve a revenue change as an offset.
- Revenue collected, kept, or spent illegally since four full fiscal years before an individual or class action enforcement suit is filed shall be refunded with 10% annual simple interest from the initial conduct.
- With minor exceptions, advance voter approval is required for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy
  above that for the prior year or creation of any multiple fiscal years direct or indirect district debt or
  other financial obligation without certain cash reserve amounts.

The County believes it complies with the provisions of TABOR. However, many of its provisions will most likely be interpreted by the judicial system and those interpretations could differ from those of the County. Based upon the County's interpretation of TABOR for 2019, the County exceeded its fiscal year spending limit by \$3,113,796. At the time of this report, the County is still considering options regarding a possible refund or a ballot initiative. The County will ensure proper actions will be taken to be in compliance with TABOR.

#### 3. El Paso County Retirement Plan

#### A Plan Description and Provisions

The following brief description of the El Paso County Retirement Plan (Plan) is provided for informational purposes only. Participants should refer to the plan document for more complete information. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the El Paso County Retirement Plan, 2880 International Cir., Suite 030, Colorado Springs, Colorado 80910, or by calling (719) 520-7490. The report may also be found at https://retirement.elpasoco.com.

**General** - The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan covering all permanent, full-time and job-share employees of the participating employers upon their date of employment. Employers, as defined in the plan document, include El Paso County, El Paso County Public Health, Pikes Peak Library District, 4th Judicial District Attorney and El Paso County Retirement Plan. The El Paso County Retirement Plan's proportionate share is not a significant part for footnotes disclosures.

All employees hired after September 1, 1967 are required to participate. Employees hired from 1974 through 1981 who were age 60 or older at their date of employment could elect to become a member as of January 1, 1982. The participants of the Plan consisted of the following as of December 31, 2019 (the most recent actuarial valuation date):

Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	1,734
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	341
Active plan members	2,791
Total	4,866

The El Paso County Board of Retirement (the Board) manages and administers the Plan. The Board consists of five members, one of whom is the El Paso County Treasurer, two of whom are appointed by the El Paso County Board of Commissioners (the Board of Commissioners) and two of whom are employees of the participating employers elected by participants. The Board shall have all powers necessary to effect the management and administration of the Plan in accordance with its terms. The Board has the powers set forth in Part 1, Title 24, Article 54, of the Colorado Revised Statues.

Plan Amendments - The Board has the right to alter, amend, or terminate the Plan or any part thereof in such manner as it may determine; provided that no such alteration or amendment shall provide that a retirement benefit payable to any retired member shall be less than that provided by his or her accumulated contributions or affect the right of any member to receive a refund of his accumulated contributions and provided further that no alteration, amendment or termination of the Plan or any part thereof shall permit any part of the Plan to revert to or be recoverable by any employer or be used for or diverted to purposes other than the exclusive benefit of members, retired members, terminated vested members of beneficiaries under the Plan, except such funds, if any, as may remain at termination of the Plan after satisfaction of all liabilities with respect to members, retired members, terminated vested members and beneficiaries under the Plan and are due solely to erroneous actuarial calculations.

The Plan is intended to comply with the requirements of the applicable provisions of Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a) as now in effect or hereafter amended, and any modification or amendment of the Plan may be made retroactive, as necessary or appropriate, to establish and maintain such compliance.

Contributions - Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board. Through December 31, 2009, participants contributed 6% of their monthly compensation to the Plan. The Plan was amended during 2009 to increase the participant monthly contribution rate to 6.5% effective January 1, 2010, 7.0% effective January 1, 2011 and 7.5% effective January 1, 2012. The Plan was further amended in 2013 to increase the participant monthly contribution rate to 8.0% effective January 1, 2014. Under the Plan provisions, the participating employers make monthly contributions at least equal to the contributions made by the participants. Interest is credited on employee contributions at the rate of 3% per annum, compounded monthly. Employee and employer basic contributions amounted to 16% of covered payroll for both 2019 and 2018.

Contributions are tax-deferred to the participants for federal income tax purposes. If participants have completed five years of service if hired before January 1, 2013 and eight years of service if hired on or after January 1, 2013, they are eligible to receive a future monthly retirement benefit. Any refund of contributions paid waives all future rights to any benefits. However, eligible participants who return to employment with a participating employer within 48 months and were previously refunded their contributions may reinstate withdrawn service if they repay the Plan the amount received when employment was terminated, plus interest, within twelve months of rehire.

Active participants who have completed five years of service if hired before January 1, 2013 and eight years of service if hired on or after January 1, 2013 may purchase up to five years of service credit for any period of full-time, nonvested previous employment with any public or private employer. One month of service credit may be purchased for each full month of full-time, nonvested, noncovered employment. The cost to purchase one month of service credit for noncovered employment is the "actuarial equivalent cost", as determined by the actuary for the Plan.

Participants may elect to pay for purchases of service credit in a lump sum or an installment basis. Effective July 2016, service credit purchases may also be made by rollover contributions from an eligible retirement plan. Payments may be made on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis with interest due at the actuarial equivalent interest rate for periodic benefits. The period over which installment payments may be made cannot exceed a period equal to the total amount of credited service to be purchased. Purchased service is recognized when paid.

**Administrative Expenses** - The Plan's administrative expenses are paid from the assets of the Plan accumulated from contributions and investment earnings. During 2019 and 2018, the Plan received \$1,075,000 and \$1,099,000, respectively, from the Plan's employers for reimbursement of administrative and investment expenses.

**Termination Benefits** - Participants vest in accumulated contributions as follows:

- (a) If hired before January 1, 2013 and credited with less than five years of service or hired on or after January 1, 2013 and credited with less than eight years of service: Refund of the participant's accumulated contributions.
- (b) If hired before January 1, 2013 and credited with five or more years of service or hired on or after January 1, 2013 and credited with eight or more years of service:
  - (i) The participant may elect to receive a deferred retirement benefit which shall be equal to the participant's accrued benefit as of the date of termination and payable on the participant's normal retirement date. The participant may elect to receive a reduced retirement benefit beginning on the first day of any month subsequent to the participant's attainment of age 55. The reduction shall be 3% for each year by which payments commence prior to the first of the month following the participant's normal retirement date.
  - (ii) In lieu of (i), a participant may elect a current refund of accumulated contributions made by the participant.

**Retirement Benefits** - Participants hired before January 1, 2010 are eligible for normal retirement on the first of the month coincident with attainment of age 62. Participants hired after December 31, 2009 are eligible for normal retirement after attainment of age 62, but not before the completion of 60 months of continuous service. Participants hired after December 31, 2012 are eligible for normal retirement after attainment of age 62, but not before the completion of 96 months of continuous service.

If hired before January 1, 2010, the monthly benefit payable at normal retirement is equal to 2.22% times the final average monthly compensation, times years of credited service earned through December 31, 2012 and 2.00% times the final average monthly compensation, times years of credited service earned after December 31, 2012. If hired on or after January 1, 2010, the monthly benefit payable at normal retirement is equal to 2.00% times final average monthly compensation times years of credited service.

The normal retirement benefit will not be greater than 75% of the participant's final average monthly compensation if hired before January 1, 2013 and not greater than 60% of final average monthly compensation if hired on or after January 1, 2013. Final average compensation is the highest monthly average of considered compensation during the 36 consecutive calendar months of credited service out of the last 120 calendar months of credited service.

A participant is eligible for an early retirement benefit at age 55, provided the member has completed five or eight years of credited service. If the participant is hired before January 1, 2013, five years is required. If hired on or after January 1, 2013, eight years is required. The monthly pension is based on the vested portion of the normal retirement benefit, reduced by 3% for each year the early retirement date precedes the normal retirement date.

A participant is eligible for special early retirement benefits if the sum of the participant's age and credited service equals 75 or more. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2016 must be a minimum age of 50 to be eligible under this provision. The monthly benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit and is not reduced for early commencement.

The annuity for delayed retirement is computed by the normal retirement formula considering credited service and compensation to actual retirement.

**Disability Benefits** - A participant is eligible for disability benefits if the participant's employment is terminated due to total and permanent disability as determined by eligibility for and receipt of disability benefits continuously until the normal retirement date under (1) the employer's long-term disability plan, or (2) Title II of the Federal Social Security Act. The annuity, payable at age 62, shall be calculated as for normal retirement considering the credited service that would have accrued had the participant been employed until the normal retirement date and the final average compensation during the calendar year preceding the year of the member's disability retirement.

**Payment of Benefits** - The monthly benefit, computed as set forth above, shall be paid in equal monthly payments commencing one month after the actual retirement date continuing at monthly intervals for the retired participant's lifetime thereafter. If the retired participant's death occurs prior to the payment of 120 monthly payments, the remainder of the 120 payments shall be paid to the participant's beneficiary.

#### Death Benefits Prior to Retirement - Death benefits prior to retirement are as follows:

In the event that an active participant or vested participant dies prior to their normal retirement date, the participant's surviving beneficiary will be entitled to either two times the participant's accumulated contributions payable immediately or a monthly benefit equal to 60% of the monthly retirement benefit earned by the member prior to the date of death. Payment of the monthly benefit to the beneficiary will begin on the first of the month following the death or the date the member would have attained age 55, if later. If the participant met the rule of 75 while working and had not applied for retirement no ceased employment as of date of death, their beneficiary will be entitled to a monthly benefit. Under these circumstances, the participant will be deemed to have retired on the first day of the month of their death. If no optional benefit had been elected prior to death, the participant shall be deemed to have elected the full joint and survivor benefit and such benefit shall be payable for the life of the participant's designated beneficiary, if living, following the participant's death.

Between normal and delayed retirement - In the event that a participant dies after their normal retirement date but prior to their actual retirement, their beneficiary will be entitled to a monthly benefit. Under these circumstances, the participant will be deemed to have retired on the first day of the month of their death. If no optional benefit had been elected prior to death, the participant shall be deemed to have elected the full joint and survivor benefit and such benefit shall be payable for the life of the participant's designated beneficiary, if living, following the participant's death.

**Death Benefits After Retirement** - Death benefits after retirement consist of a lump-sum benefit of \$3,000 payable upon the death of a retired participant.

**Plan Termination** - Although not presently contemplated, the Board has the right to terminate the Plan at any time, subject to limitations. In the event of termination, after payment of expenses, accumulated contributions would be returned to the participants, and the remaining assets distributed on a pro rata method to the participants based on accrued benefits. Participating employers would not receive any Plan assets.

#### B Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity - The Plan is considered a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension trust fund.

**Basis of Accounting and Presentation -** The financial statements of the Plan are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Employee and employer contributions are recognized in the period they are due. Investment

earnings are recognized in the period earned. Expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the Plan provisions.

**Investments** - Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount the Plan can reasonably expect to receive to sell an investment in an orderly transaction between market participants. See Note C for further information on the fair values of investments. Investment income is recognized when earned by the Plan. Investment income from funds and limited partnerships measured at net asset value is included in net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments consistent with the presentation provided by the asset custodian.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over useful lives of 3 to 7 years.

**Tax Status** - The Plan is a governmental plan within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code). The Internal Revenue Service has determined and informed the Plan by a letter dated July 1, 2014, that the Plan is designed in accordance with the applicable sections of the Code. The Plan has been subsequently amended; however, management of the Plan believes that the Plan is designed and operating in accordance with the Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

**Subsequent Events** - The Plan has evaluated subsequent events for recognition or disclosure through the date of the Independent Auditors' Report, which is the date the financial statements were available for issuance.

#### C Net Pension Liability

The measurement date for the net pension liability is the Plan's year-end, December 31, 2019. Plan fiduciary net position is measured at December 31, 2019. The total pension liability is determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. Adjustments to roll forward the total pension liability include service cost, interest on total pension liability and benefit payments. The net pension liability is the difference between the total pension liability and fiduciary net position as of December 31, 2019.

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Graded by service, from 8.00% to 3.00%

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of investment expenses. This is based on an inflation rate

of 2.50% and a real rate of return of 5.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Sex-Distinct Mortality Table projected generationally using Projection Scale MP-2017. Mortality rates used for disabled members were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected generationally using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2017, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board in 2018 to better reflect expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension

plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table (the rates shown below exclude the inflation component of 2.50%):

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	7.91%
International Equity	7.20%
Private Equity	12.18%
Fixed Income	0.82%
Hedge Funds	4.88%
Real Estate	4.29%

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 was 5.37%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy adopted by the Retirement Board. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members until 2050. In accordance with GASB requirements, a municipal bond rate was used in the development of the blended GASB discount rate after that point. The municipal bond rate of 3.26% is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019. Based on the long-term rate of return of 7.50% and the municipal bond rate of 3.26%, the blended GASB discount rate is 5.37%.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the El Paso County Primary Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability, separated according to Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities. The proportionate share of the net pension liability is calculated using the GASB blended discount rate of 5.37%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.37%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.37%) than the current rate.

El Paso County Primary Government	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate (5.37%)	1% Increase
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	(4.37%)		(6.37%)
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Non-Major Enterprise Funds Household Hazardous Waste	\$ 383,831,637	\$ 297,462,951	\$ 226,607,910
	839,685	661,616	495,737
El Paso County Primary Government	\$ 384,671,322	\$ 298,124,567	\$ 227,103,647

# D Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, El Paso County Primary Government reported a liability of \$298,124,567 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. Of this total, \$297,462,951 was attributed to El Paso County Governmental Activities and \$661,616 was attributed to El Paso County Business-Type Activities Non-Major Enterprise Funds - Household Hazardous Waste. El Paso County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on its contributions to the Plan for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the Plan.

At December 31, 2019, El Paso County's proportion was 79.48%, which was a decrease of 0.54% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, El Paso County recognized pension expense of \$57,928,738. Of this total, \$57,801,662 was attributed to El Paso County Governmental Activities and \$127,076 was attributed to Business-Type Activities Non-Major Enterprise Funds - Household Hazardous Waste.

At December 31, 2019, El Paso County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Governmental Activities	erred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,575,798	\$	(311,365)		
Changes in assumptions	95,061,951		(8,757,655)		
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-		(3,308,108)		
Changes in proportion and difference between employer					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	116,247		(1,189,602)		
Total	\$ 100,753,996	\$	(13,566,730)		

Business-Type Activities Household Hazardous Waste	red Outflows Resources	eferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 12,287	\$ (9,792)
Changes in assumptions	211,884	(19,159)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(7,237)
Changes in proportion and difference between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	262	(2,626)
Total	\$ 224,433	\$ (38,814)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferral attributed to:								
Year Ended		<b>Governmental Activities</b>		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	Total Combined			
December 31				Household Hazardous Waste		Deferral		
2020	\$	32,419,831	\$	69,644	\$	32,489,475		
2021		32,195,799		69,154		32,264,953		
2022		27,902,915		59,762		27,962,677		
2023		(5,331,279)		(12,941)		(5,344,220)		
Total	\$	87,187,266	\$	185,619	\$	87,372,885		

#### E Component Unit - El Paso County Public Health

The following presents the El Paso County Public Health's proportionate share in the Retirement Plan's net pension liability and the sensitivity to changes in the discount rate, expense, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and the proportionate share of the deferred amounts.

At December 31, 2019 the El Paso County Public Health Department reported a liability of \$17,347,114 for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability. The El Paso County Public Health proportion of the net pension liability was based on its contributions to the Plan for the calendar year 2019 relative to the

total contributions of participating employers to the Plan. The El Paso County Public Health proportion was 4.62%, which was a decrease of 0.22% from its proportion measured in 2018.

	1% Decrease 4.37%	Current Discount Rate 5.37%	e 1% Increase 6.37%
El Paso County Public Health's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 22,360,110	\$ 17,347,114	\$ 13,201,042

For the year ended December 31, 2019, El Paso County Public Health recognized pension expense totaled \$3,235,359. El Paso County Public Health reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows of Resources	eferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 325,157	\$ (18,687)
Changes in assumptions	5,543,743	(510,701)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	(192,911)
Changes in proportion and difference between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	111,813	(392,034)
Total	\$ 5,980,713	\$ (1,114,333)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Deferred			
December 31	Amount				
2020	\$	1,769,243			
2021		1,836,581			
2022		1,620,470			
2023		(359,914)			
Total	\$	4,866,380			

#### 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

#### Plan Description

El Paso County provides a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan referred to as The Plan which covers eligible retired employees of the County. The plan also covers employees and retirees of the District Attorney's office, which is a separate employer, as well as, employees and retirees of El Paso County Retirement Plan and El Paso County Public Health, component units of the County. Authority was established by approval of a resolution adopted by the Board of County Commissioners (CBC) to create the MBTF fund on December 15, 2004. The CBC has the authority to amend the contributions and terms of the MBTF at will.

The Retirement Plan's, a component unit of El Paso County, proportionate share of the liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows of resources and expenses related to the Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan is not a significant part to Primary Government for footnote disclosures.

To enroll in the retiree medical plans, the employee must be enrolled in a medical plan at the time of retirement and satisfy the following age and service requirements:

- Normal retirement begins at age 62 with full benefits. Employees hired before 2013 are required to accrue a
  minimum of five years of service, while those hired in 2013 or later must accrue a minimum of eight years of
  service.
- Early retirement can begin as early as age 55 if the employee has achieved credited service of five years (if hired before 2013) or eight years (if hired in 2013 or later).
- Special early retirement is available with a minimum of age plus years of service equal to 75. If hired in 2016 or later, an employee must have a minimum of age of 50 plus years of service to attain eligibility through the Rule of 75.
- Spouses of eligible employees and dependent children may also enroll in the plan.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No.75.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The County provides medical benefits for retirees under age 65 which are the same as those provided for active employees. The medical plan is a self-funded EPO using the Aetna network and administered by EBMS. The plan has a deductible of \$2,000 for individuals and \$6,000 for families. The maximum out-of-pocket is \$6,000 for individuals and \$10,000 for families. Coinsurance generally is 75%. Prescription benefits are managed by Express Scripts and have copays that vary from \$6 for generic drugs up to \$200 for non-preferred specialty drugs. For retirees age 65 and over, medical benefits are the fully insured United American Medicare supplement plan and the Humana Medicare Part D prescription plan administered by Retiree First.

#### **Contributions**

The County generally provides a subsidy for retirees, depending on age and years of service at the time of retirement. Retirees pay the difference between the premium and the County subsidy. Spouses and dependents of retirees pay 100% of the additional premium costs above the retiree cost. The benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The tables below show the 2019 retiree, County, and total monthly contributions:

Years of Service	Under 65, Retired prior to 2004								
rears of Service	Retiree	County	Total						
15-19 years	236.01	577.80	813.81						
20+ years	89.52	724.29	813.81						
Spouse	750.56	0.00	750.56						

Years of Service	Under 65, Retired 2004 through 2019								
Years of Service	Retiree	County	Total						
< 8 years	813.81	0.00	813.81						
8-14 years	366.21	447.60	813.81						
15-19 years	203.45	610.36	813.81						
20+ years	0.00	813.81	813.81						
Spouse	750.56	0.00	750.56						
Varia of Camina	Under 65, El	ected and Appoin	ted Officials						
Years of Service	Retiree	County	Total						
< 4 years	813.81	0.00	813.81						
4-7 years	406.91	406.90	813.81						
8+ years	0.00	813.81	813.81						
Spouse	750.56	0.00	750.56						
Years of Service	Medicare Eligible								
Tears of Service	Retiree	County	Total						
< 8 years	312.01	0.00	312.01						
8-14 years	140.41	171.60	312.01						
15-19 years	78.00	234.01	312.01						
20+ years	0.00	312.01	312.01						
Years of Service	Medicare Eligible	e, Elected and Ap	pointed Officials						
Tears of Service	Retiree	County	Total						
< 4 years	312.01	0.00	312.01						
4-7 years	156.01	156.00	312.01						
8+ years	0.00	312.01	312.01						

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of January 1, 2019, the number of active and inactive employees covered by the plan was as follows. The count of retirees does not include spouses. The count of active employees does not include those who waived their benefits or new employees who were not yet covered.

	The Plan	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Public Health
Active employees	1,874	1,594	5	97
Retirees	625	610	0	4
Total	2,499	2,204	5	101

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2019, El Paso County reported a liability of \$127,285,228 for its proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2018, and the collective total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as January 1, 2019. The proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability has been calculated based on each component unit's projected payments as benefits come due over the long term as compared to the total projected payments of all entities that make benefit payments. At December 31, 2019, El Paso County's proportion was 91.67% which is consistent with its proportionate measurement at prior year.

The total OPEB liability at December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Primary Government							
Total OPEB Liability		The Plan		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		ublic Health
Beginning balance at December 31, 2018	\$	149,368,922	\$	136,721,102	\$	205,390	\$	4,301,825
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		5,463,925		4,998,678		10,102		157,361
Interest		5,377,281		4,919,411		9,942		154,866
Difference between expected and actual experience		(6,034,443)		(5,520,617)		(11,157)		(173,792)
Changes in assumptions		(12,242,253)		(11,199,838)		(22,635)		(352,577)
Employer contributions		(2,878,618)		(2,633,508)		(5,322)		(82,904)
Net Changes	\$	(10,314,108)	\$	(9,435,874)	\$	(19,070)	\$	(297,046)
Ending balance at December 31, 2019	\$	139,054,814	\$	127,285,228	\$	186,320	\$	4,004,779

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

The table below shows the assumption changes that were made and their impact on the liability. More information about the details and sources of the assumptions can be found later in the notes.

Assumption	Assumption Description of Change			
Discount Rate	Increased from 3.18% to 3.60%	\$	(10,222,112)	
Excise Tax	Removed, recently repealed		(1,000,362)	
	Total	\$	(11,222,474)	

For the year ended December 31, 2019, El Paso County recognized OPEB expense of:

El Paso County Primary Government	
Governmental Activities	\$ 15,105,350
Business-Type Activities	25,050
Component Unit	
Public Health	475,524

At December 31, 2019 the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

El Paso County Primary Government		eferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
Governmental Activities		of Resources	of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ (9,737,753)			
Changes in assumptions		37,512,814	(9,396,322)			
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		2,479,761	<u> </u>			
Total	\$	39,992,575	\$ (19,134,075)			

\$2,479,761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB for El Paso County primary government, governmental activities is a result from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020.

El Paso County Primary Government				
Business-Type Activities	D	eferred Outflows	]	Deferred Inflows
Household Hazardous Waste		of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(16,388)
Changes in assumptions		51,467		(18,990)
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	51,467	\$	(35,378)

El Paso County Component Unit		erred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
Public Health		Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ (306,446)		
Changes in assumptions		1,180,164	(295,801)		
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		78,064	=		
Total:	\$	1,258,228	\$ (602,247)		

\$78,064 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB for El Paso County component unit, Public Health is a result from the Department's contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	El Paso County Primary Government			El	El Paso County		
December 31	Go	Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities F		P	ublic Health		
2020	\$	5,193,154	\$	4,546	\$	163,298	
2021		5,193,154		4,546		163,298	
2022		5,193,154		4,546		163,298	
2023		5,193,154		4,546		163,298	
2024		(1,827,807)		(1,600)		(57,474)	
Thereafter		(566,070)		(495)		(17,800)	
Total	\$	18,378,739	\$	16,089	\$	577,918	

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation represent a reasonable long-term expectation of future OPEB outcomes. The assumptions are tested with each valuation for ongoing reasonableness and are updated if appropriate.

Measurement Date Valuation Date	January 1, 2018 January 1, 2019
Census Data	All data was provided by the El Paso County. The census data was provided in April 2018.
Liability Components	Medical: A liability exists for the implicit subsidy due to age. A liability also exists due to explicit employer contributions for retirees.  Dental: Dental and Vision benefits are provided to retirees but do not have an explicit or implicit liability.
Cost Method	Entry age normal, determined as a level percent of projected pay
Funding Policy	Pay as you go
Discount Rate	3.6% Source: S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index as of January 1, 2019

**Payroll Growth** 3.5% Provided by the El Paso County

**General Inflation** 3.0% per year

Mortality Rate For actives, RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Table, adjusted for improved mortality with a 70%

factor applied to males rates and a 55% factor applied to female rates.

For retirees, RFP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, with a 73% factor applied to male rates and a 78% factor applied to female rates.

Source: Used at recommendation of El Paso County based on discussion with their external auditors.

	Sample Rates						
	Act	Actives Retirees					
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female			
50	0.083%	0.051%	0.297%	0.198%			
55	0.137%	0.078%	0.458%	0.277%			
60	0.230%	0.113%	0.635%	0.393%			
65	0.406%	0.172%	0.831%	0.595%			
70	0.720%	0.299%	1.185%	0.965%			

**Termination Before** Source: Pension valuation as of 1/1/2017 **Retirement** 

Sample Rates							
Years of service	Male	Female					
0	20.0%	20.0%					
1	17.5%	17.5%					
2	12.5%	17.0%					
3	12.5%	13.0%					
4	10.0%	12.5%					
5	9.0%	11.0%					
10	4.9%	6.5%					
15	3.2%	4.2%					
16+	3.0%	4.0%					

**Disability Rate** Source: Pension valuation at 1/1/2017

Age	Rate
20	0.02%
25	0.03%
30	0.04%
35	0.06%
40	0.09%
45	0.13%
50	0.20%
55+	0.35%

Source: Pension valuation at 1/1/2017 Retirement Rate

Sample Rates						
	Reduced Unreduced					
Age	Pension	Pension				
<=49	0	30%				
50	0	35%				
55	15%	25%				
56	5%	15%				
57	5%	15%				
58	10%	15%				
59	10%	15%				
60	10%	20%				
65	0	25%				
67	0	20%				

Participation Rate Spousal Coverage

59% of active employees are assumed to elect the County's healthcare coverage in retirement Current active employees: 29% of actives are assumed to be married. 18% of electing retirees are assumed to elect coverage for their spouse. Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than their wives unless actual spouse age is available.

Current retired employees: Actual spouse information is used where available; otherwise husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than their wives.

Medical Trend Rate The medical claims and premiums are assumed to increase at the following rates. Source: PriceWaterCoopers 2017 Assumption and Disclosure Survey

Year	Trend Rate		
2019	6.0%		
2020	5.8%		
2021	5.6%		
2022	5.4%		
2023	5.2%		
2024+	5.0%		

Medical Aging Factors Society of Actuaries 2013 Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death"

Age	Male	Female
50	1.197	1.488
55	1.570	1.733
60	2.023	2.022
65	0.933	0.886

Age Adjusted Medical Costs

Calculated by Leif Associates, using the medical aging factors, the projected 2019 medical claim cost per member per month, and the distribution of current enrollees by age and gender.

Age	Male	Female
50	\$ 434	\$ 539
55	\$ 569	\$ 628
60	\$ 733	\$ 733
65	\$ 895	\$ 858

**Admin Costs** 

FY 2019					
PMPM \$ 34.79					
Annual Trend	3%				

Excise Tax

This tax was removed and recently repealed.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the El Paso County primary government, the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability for the governmental activities and respectively for the business-type activities, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or higher than the current discount rate.

El Paso County	1% Decrease	1	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Primary Government	2.60%		3.60%	4.60%
Governmental Activities	\$ 153,376,505	\$	127,285,228	\$ 107,197,298
Business-Type Activities - Non Major Enterprise Funds - Household Hazardous Waste	224,512		186,320	156,915
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 153,601,017	\$	127,471,548	\$ 107,354,213

El Paso County Component Unit	1%	Decrease 2.60%	Di	scount Rate 3.60%	1% Increase 4.60%
Public Health proportionate share of OPEB Liability	\$	9,064,924	\$	7,522,866	\$ 6,335,621

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Cost Trend Rate

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the El Paso County primary government, the proportionate share of the total OPEB liability for the governmental activities and respectively for the business-type activities, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or higher than the current trend rate.

El Paso County Primary Government	1% Decrease 5.20% graded			Trend Rate 5.20% graded		1% Increase 7.20% graded
Governmental Activities	\$	105,941,898	\$	127,285,228	\$	155,333,512
Business-Type Activities - Non Major Enterprise Funds - Household Hazardous Waste		155,078		186,320		227,377
Total OPEB Liability	\$	106,096,976	\$	127,471,548	\$	155,560,889
El Paso County		1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase
Component Unit	5	5.20% graded	(	6.20% graded	7	7.20% graded
Public Health proportionate share of OPEB liability	\$	6,261,423	\$	7,522,866	\$	9,180,588

#### 5. Jointly Governed Organizations

Pikes Peak Regional Building Department (PPRBD) – The County, in conjunction with the City of Colorado Springs, City of Fountain, City of Manitou Springs, Town of Green Mountain Falls, Town of Monument and Town of Palmer Lake has created the Pikes Peak Regional Building Department. The PPRBD's board is composed of three members, one appointed by the County, one appointed by the City of Colorado Springs, and one appointed by the other cities and towns together.

During 2003, Certificates of Participation of \$17,245,000 were issued to finance a building project for PPRBD. In 2012, the 2003 Series COP were refinanced by the Refunding and Improvement Certificates of Participation Series 2012. PPRBD continued into the lease agreement with the County to make lease payments that will pay the debt service on the Certificates of Participation. The County is not obligated for repayment of the Certificates of Participation beyond the resources provided by the lease agreement with PPRBD.

The El Paso County Emergency Services Authority (ESA) - The ESA was established in 2014 between the City of Fountain and El Paso County (after the dissolution of the El Paso County Emergency Service Agency at the end of March 2014) to provide for uniform ambulance service in El Paso County, Colorado. It is the goal of the ESA to provide excellent emergency medical and ambulance transport services to citizens and visitors throughout El Paso County.

The ESA is a 12-member board made up of EMS and first-responder professionals, physicians, elected officials and citizens, offering broad-based representation. Currently, the board includes two emergency room physicians, four fire district representatives, one paramedic, three elected officials, a citizen representative and a senior citizen representative. The ESA is not considered a Component Unit and is, therefore, not included in the County's reporting entity. The County does not invest in the ESA and it is intended that the ESA administer its fees to recover all its expenses.

The Pikes Peak Regional Communications Network (PPRCN) - The County, in conjunction with the City of Colorado Springs, has created the Pikes Peak Regional Communication Network. The PPRCN's board is composed of five members; two members appointed by the Colorado Springs Mayor, one member appointed by the Director of Colorado Springs Utilities, one member appointed by the Sheriff of El Paso County, and one member appointed by the Administrator of El Paso County. The agency board shall provide a financial and operating report to the Colorado Springs City Council and the El Paso County Board of County Commissioners no later than September 1 of each year.

#### 6. Pikes Peak Rural Transportation Authority (PPRTA)

On November 2, 2004, the Pikes Peak Rural Transportation Authority was established by the voters in the four governments. The PPRTA was authorized to collect a one-percent sales tax to fund transportation and transit improvements. Fifty-five percent of the money would fund a voter-approved list of capital projects, 35% would be used for additional maintenance (such as street overlays and pothole patching), and 10% would be used to expand the Springs Transit bus system.

In November 2012, nearly 80% of the voters in the region (including those in Ramah, which had joined the RTA in 2009) approved a ten-year extension for capital projects, from 2015 to 2024.

# 7. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At year-end, there were projects under construction with commitments of:

			Amount to Complete							
December 31, 2019 Projects	Sp	ent to Date		Projects in 2020						
General Fund Projects	\$	5,174,804	\$	9,059,183						
Road & Bridge Fund Projects		-		3,251,739						
Total Construction Commitments	\$	5,174,804	\$	12,310,922						

#### 8. Tax Abatements

Tax abatement agreements allows the County to actively improve the local business climate by bringing new companies and industries to El Paso County. The agreements are formalized by the Board of County Commissioners through yearly resolutions. Agreements require a certain level of capital expenditure and/or job creation from the companies, are not transferrable, and payments are subject to annual appropriation by the Board of County Commissioners. Companies which are parties to a tax abatement agreement, must pay their sales and use tax when they become due, and submit documentation to the County to request the agreed-upon payment. The County reviews these submissions, verify compliance with the terms of each specific agreement, and then issues their payment via check to the City of Colorado Springs. In turn, the City of Colorado Springs sends a combined local government payment to the company. The County reserves the right to recapture any payment paid in error and requires the company to return funds when either party becomes aware of an excess payment.

In 2019, El Paso County has entered into an Economic Development Agreement, via an intergovernmental agreement, with the City of Colorado Springs and a local business SAP America Inc. to provide incentive payments based upon the sales and use taxes paid by SAP America Inc. to the County. The taxes paid to the County are included in the revenue reported in the yearly financial statement. Congruently, the incentive payments made to SAP America Inc. based upon the taxes paid, are also included as expenditures within the company's financial statements. Due to the substance of the agreements made between El Paso County, the City of Colorado Springs, and SAP America Inc., the definition of a "tax abatement" set forth by GASB 77, has been met. Therefore, the revenues received were used to reduce the net tax liability of SAP America Inc. per the condition set forth in the agreement.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, under this program the County has abatements of sales and use tax totaling \$75,559 as follows:

Type of Business	Number of Agreements	Sales/Use Tax Abatements
Data Center	1	\$ 75,559

#### 9. Subsequent events

In March 2020, El Paso County identified and saw a rapid spread of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) throughout the County. A stay at home order was issued by the State of Colorado required that all non-essential business cease operation and close from a period of time in an attempt to slow the spread of the virus. El Paso County is expecting to see a decrease in revenues as a result of the stay at home order. The degree of the impact is difficult to predict at this time and will depend on future developments. The State of Colorado stay at home order was followed by a safer at home order which is allowing the state to open back up slowly through the spring of 2020. Once business reopen and employee's return to work completely business activity should return to normal levels.

El Paso County received an allocation of \$125,704,768 of Federal Funds from the CARES Act Relief Fund. The funds received by the County will be shared with the local municipalities located with in El Paso County to assist them with their response and expenses related to the Coronavirus (COVID-19). These funds are to be used for expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency between the date's March 1, 2020 and December 30, 2020.

On March 12, 2020, El Paso County, issued \$34,455,000 in Series 2020 Refunding Certificates of Participation. These certificates refunded the 2008 Certificates, originally issued in the principal amount of \$2.5 million and an outstanding balance of \$1.59 million. Along with refunding the 2010A Certificates, originally issued in the principal amount \$47.5 million and an outstanding balance of \$42.6 million. The 2020 refunding was undertaken to take advantage of lower interest rates.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### Major Governmental Funds Descriptions

#### **GENERAL FUND**

As the County's major operating fund, the general fund accounts for ordinary operating expenditures financed by property taxes, service charges, and other sources. The fund includes all resources and expenditures not legally or properly accounted for in other funds.

#### **ROAD & BRIDGE FUND**

Accounts for construction and maintenance of County roads and bridges financed by property taxes, highway user taxes, and other revenues restricted to use on roads and bridges.

## **DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES FUND**

Accounts for the federal and state public welfare programs administered by the County and financed by grants, intergovernmental reimbursements, and sales taxes.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	51,735,801	\$	51,735,801	\$	51,766,063	\$	30,262
Sales taxes		87,734,752		87,184,752		94,119,716		6,934,964
Specific ownership taxes		3,412,030		3,962,030		3,957,044		(4,986)
Intergovernmental		18,673,446		33,431,498		25,812,549		(7,618,949)
Fees and fines		266,000		266,000		722,517		456,517
Licenses and permits		2,306,500		2,306,500		1,818,350		(488,150)
Charges for services		26,176,772		26,517,498		29,370,701		2,853,203
Investment earnings		1,785,000		1,785,000		2,879,397		1,094,397
Contributions		10,220,734		11,481,503		11,322,309		(159,194)
Miscellaneous		2,023,975		2,028,375		2,885,392		857,017
Total revenues		204,335,010		220,698,957		224,654,038		3,955,081
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Administration		2,056,675		8,371,183		8,232,146		139,037
Budget and Finance		3,394,315		2,882,975		725,853		2,157,122
County Assessor		3,993,350		4,034,882		3,903,407		131,475
County Attorney		1,262,289		1,262,289		1,165,677		96,612
County Clerk and Recorder		12,093,760		12,039,379		10,625,425		1,413,954
County Surveyor		11,380		11,380		10,007		1,373
County Treasurer		1,332,040		1,332,040		1,272,342		59,698
Economic Development		11,981,204		13,141,861		13,120,029		21,832
Employment and Risk Management		1,873,642		1,755,937		1,536,649		219,288
Facilities management		10,936,685		12,763,291		10,526,154		2,237,137
Fleet management		4,523,066		4,523,066		3,678,264		844,802
Information technology		11,997,225		12,710,355		11,334,949		1,375,406
Planning and Community Development		2,437,452		3,318,200		2,687,526		630,674
Procurement		710,832		706,194		706,193		1
Retirement administration		8,155,919		8,137,664		8,097,816		39,848
Security		1,547,688		1,547,689		1,510,449		37,240
Total General Government		78,307,522		88,538,385		79,132,886		9,405,499
Public Safety								
Coroner		2,851,424		2,851,424		2,682,987		168,437
County Sheriff		79,199,548		86,254,307		81,342,737		4,911,570
District Attorney Office		16,094,700		16,187,097		16,062,182		124,915
Fire and flood recovery		-		4,069,604		1,535,553		2,534,051
Justice services		8,700,978		10,037,517		9,932,273		105,244
Total Public Safety		106,846,650		119,399,949		111,555,732		7,844,217
Health and Welfare								
Environmental services		386,319		386,319		367,647		18,672
Health administration		3,812,806		3,831,061		3,831,061		-
Pikes Peak Workforce Center		6,694,423		6,945,869		6,945,868		1
Total Health and Welfare		10,893,548	-	11,163,249		11,144,576		18,673
Culture and Recreation		-			-	-		·
Parks		2,901,429	_	3,546,300	_	2,539,434	_	1,006,866
Total Culture and Recreation		2,901,429		3,546,300		2,539,434		1,006,866

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Auxiliary services				
Veterans services	474,309	478,549	441,900	36,649
CSU extension service	265,514	265,514	262,160	3,354
Total Auxiliary services	739,823	744,063	704,060	40,003
Interest and other charges	900	900	-	900
Capital outlay	5,299,308	21,507,635	13,359,889	8,147,746
Total expenditures	204,989,180	244,900,481	218,436,577	26,463,904
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(654,170)	(24,201,524)	6,217,461	30,418,985
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	158,000	238,000	232,421	(5,579)
Total other financing sources (uses)	158,000	238,000	232,421	(5,579)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (496,170)	\$ (23,963,524)	\$ 6,449,882	\$ 30,413,406

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 Budgeted A	Amounts	_		
	 Original	Final	Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 2,304,861 \$	2,304,861	\$ 2,212,054	\$ (92,807)	
Specific ownership taxes	4,047,190	3,497,190	3,497,190	-	
Highway user taxes	16,159,463	16,159,463	16,314,560	155,097	
Intergovernmental	814,000	3,382,585	1,669,587	(1,712,998)	
Charges for services	500,000	500,000	516,023	16,023	
Contributions	-	-	100,000	100,000	
Miscellaneous	 <u> </u>	-	1,208,747	 1,208,747	
Total revenues	 23,825,514	25,844,099	25,518,161	 (325,938)	
EXPENDITURES					
Administration	14,671,126	23,720,172	11,606,274	12,113,898	
Personnel services	11,190,394	11,669,996	10,909,654	760,342	
Capital outlay	 1,438,608	6,273,322	1,818,874	 4,454,448	
Total expenditures	 27,300,128	41,663,490	24,334,802	 17,328,688	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	 (3,474,614)	(15,819,391)	1,183,359	 17,002,750	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of capital assets	 	-	84	 84	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	-	84	 84	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,474,614) \$	(15,819,391)	\$ 1,183,443	\$ 17,002,834	

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO HUMAN SERVICES FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES								
Sales taxes	\$	18,555,563	\$	18,555,563	\$	18,555,563	\$	-
Intergovernmental		59,795,082		60,277,182		57,444,689		(2,832,493)
Contributions		5,000		5,000		4,100		(900)
Total revenues		78,355,645		78,837,745		76,004,352		(2,833,393)
EXPENDITURES								
Child welfare block grant		41,983,543		41,013,143		38,931,855		2,081,288
Child care block grant		2,874,900		3,169,900		3,141,740		28,160
Child Support Enforcement		4,216,230		5,078,730		5,148,702		(69,972)
Miscellaneous federal grants		1,888,717		1,858,717		1,680,758		177,959
Local County funding		55,850		55,850		25,217		30,633
County administration block grant		17,253,747		18,163,747		18,050,314		113,433
Temporary aid to needy families		9,807,658		9,222,658		9,047,850		174,808
Total expenditures		78,080,645		78,562,745		76,026,436		2,536,309
Net change in fund balances	\$	275,000	\$	275,000	\$	(22,084)	\$	(297,084)

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE A - Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

	General Fund	Road & Bridge	Human Services
Sources/inflows of resources			
Total revenues and other financing sources - budgetary basis from the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual	\$ 224,886,459	\$ 25,518,245	\$ 76,004,352
Interest earned on investments is not an inflow for budgetary	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	φ 25,510,245	φ /0,00π,552
purposes but is included as revenue for financial reporting purposes	581,675	_	-
Accrued revenues are not an inflow for budgetary purposes but are	,		
included as revenue for financial reporting purposes	(112,322)	<u> </u>	132,798
Total operating revenues, non-operating revenues, capital contributions - GAAP basis from the combining statement of			
revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	225,355,812	25,518,245	76,137,150
Uses/outflows of resources Total expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis from			
the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual	218,436,577	24,334,802	76,026,436
Capital outlays are outflows of budgetary resources but do not include completed work in progress expenses for financial reporting purposes	210,430,377	24,334,602	
Accrued wages are not outflows of budgetary resources but are expenditures for financial reporting purposes	755,440	99,673	142,893
Inventory adjustments are not outflows of budgetary resources		,	,
but are expenses for financial reporting purposes	(532,893)	(614,603)	-
Prepaid expenses are not outflows of budgetary resources but as adjustments to expenses for financial reporting purposes	67,947	<u> </u>	
Total operating expenses - GAAP basis from the combining			
statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	\$ 218,727,071	\$ 23,819,872	\$ 76,169,329

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 5 FISCAL YEARS

El Paso	County	<u>Governmental</u>	Activities

•		2019	2018	2017		2016	2015
County's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability		79.31%	79.84%	80.13%		80.73%	80.21%
County's proportionate share of the collective pension liability		97,462,951	\$ 316,041,467	\$ 119,141,982	\$ 1	30,040,090	\$ 124,740,902
Covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 12	27,990,363	\$ 122,901,005	\$ 119,604,078	\$ 1	13,987,927	\$ 106,668,864
payroll		232.41%	257.15%	99.61%		114.08%	116.94%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		51.73%	47.66%	72.07%		68.22%	67.55%
Business-type Activities Non-Major Enterprise Funds Household Hazardous Waste							
		2019	2018	2017		2016	2015
Fund's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability		0.17%	0.18%	0.18%		0.19%	0.17%
Fund's proportionate share of the collective pension liability	\$	661,616	\$ 702,259	\$ 265,663	\$	302,885	\$ 271,217
Covered payroll	\$	279,994	\$ 272,843	\$ 266,696	\$	265,932	\$ 231,923
Fund's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		236.30%	257.39%	99.61%		113.90%	116.94%
Plan fiduciary net pension as a percentage of the total pension liability		51.73%	47.66%	72.07%		68.22%	67.55%

See the accompanying independent auditors' report.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2014. Information for years prior to fiscal year 2014 is unavailable.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

# El Paso County Governmental Activities

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Contractually required contributions	\$ 10,242,406	\$ 9,832,182	\$ 9,568,436	\$ 9,134,127	\$ 8,533,522	\$ 8,283,907	\$ 7,096,878	\$ 6,880,096	\$ 6,151,821	\$ 5,597,621
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	10,242,406	9,832,182	9,568,436	9,134,127	8,533,522	8,283,907	7,096,878	6,880,096	6,151,821	5,597,621
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
Covered payroll	\$ 127,990,363	\$ 122,901,005	\$ 119,604,078	\$ 113,987,927	\$ 106,668,864	\$ 103,784,288	\$ 94,636,264	\$ 91,725,879	\$ 87,872,000	\$ 86,128,471
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.01%	8.00%	7.98%	7.50%	7.50%	7.00%	6.50%

# Business-type Activities Non-Major Enterprise Funds - Household Hazardous Waste

Contractually required contributions		2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016		2015		2014		2013	_	2012		2011		2010
	\$	22,407	\$	21,828	\$	21,336	\$	21,275	\$	18,554	\$	16,598	\$	15,289	\$	15,223	\$	17,866	\$	18,131
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_	22,407		21,828	_	21,336		21,275		18,554	_	16,598		15,289		15,223	_	17,866		18,131
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	=	-	_	-	_	-	=	-		-	_	-
Covered payroll	\$	279,994	\$	272,843	\$	266,696	\$	265,932	\$	231,923	\$	207,975	\$	203,847	\$	202,966	\$	255,231	\$ 2	278,948
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		8.00%		7.98%		7.50%		7.50%		7.00%		6.50%

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SPONSOR'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	 2019	 2018
Service cost	\$ 5,463,925	\$ 6,280,813
Interest	5,377,281	3,940,839
Differences between expected and actual experience	(6,034,443)	(8,292,029)
Changes of assumption or other inputs	(12,242,253)	60,918,477
Changes of benefit terms	-	(34,694,363)
Employer contributions	 (2,878,618)	(2,710,563)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (10,314,108)	\$ 25,443,174
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$ 149,368,922	\$ 123,925,748
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 139,054,814	\$ 149,368,922
Covered employee payroll	\$ 156,806,754	\$ 151,504,110
Total OPEB liability as a percentage		
of covered employee payroll	88.7%	98.6%
Notes to schedule:		
Major assumptions		
Discount rate	3.60%	3.18%
Medical trend	6.20%	6.20%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31. Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years information will be displayed up to ten years as information becomes available.

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2019

#### 1. Notes to the Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with US generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all government funds with a few minor exceptions. These exceptions are reconciled on the Budget to GAAP reconciliation schedule on the previous page. The Proprietary funds and Falcon Vista, adopt budgets using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is not US GAAP for those fund types. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all governmental funds, proprietary funds, Local Improvement Districts, Public Improvement District #1, Public Improvement District #2, Public Improvement District #3, Pioneer Village Roads Improvement District and Stratmoor Valley Public Improvement District. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Budgets are not presented for the Public Trustee Agency Fund or the other Agency funds because these are funds collected and held on behalf of others. In addition, budget is not presented for the Pension Trust because these funds are also collected on behalf of others and the Trust issues separately stated financial statements.

Appropriations in governmental funds are encumbered upon issuance of purchase orders, contracts, or other forms of legal commitments. While appropriations lapse as of the end of the fiscal year, the succeeding year's budget ordinance specifically provides for the re-appropriation of year-end encumbrances. Encumbrances outstanding as of December 31, 2019 do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

The County's managers may make transfers of appropriations within a fund. Transfers of appropriations between funds require the approval of the Board of County Commissioners. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level.

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Public hearings are conducted by the County to obtain taxpayer comments.
- B. Prior to December 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation resolution.
- C. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the County Commissioners by passage of a resolution.
- D. The Road and Bridge Fund budgets expenditures using the natural classifications. Therefore, a difference arises between the fund financial statements reflecting expenditures under US GAAP, under which salary expenditures may be part of capital outlay expenditures, and the budget to actual schedules reflecting expenditures in their natural classifications.
- E. No fund had excesses of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### 2. Notes to Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension (OPEB) schedule

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs for 2019 reflect the effects of changes in two factors. Discount rate increased from 3.18% to 3.60%. Excise tax was removed and recently repealed.

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY **INFORMATION**

Non-Major Special Revenue Funds Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO CONSERVATION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

		l Am							
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	1,387,525	\$	1,387,525	\$	1,643,599	\$	256,074	
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000		15,281		10,281	
Total revenues		1,392,525		1,392,525		1,658,880		266,355	
EXPENDITURES									
Culture and recreation		1,392,525		1,595,888		1,381,512		214,376	
Total expenditures		1,392,525		1,595,888		1,381,512		214,376	
Change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(203,363)	\$	277,368	\$	480,731	

### Other Major Governmental Funds

### Capital Projects Fund Description

### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Accounts for the construction, improvement and/or purchase of public facilities, including, land, buildings, and furnishings. Financing is provided by property taxes and capital lease proceeds.

# EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	· -	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES								
Sales taxes	\$	10,856,711	\$	11,406,711	\$	11,406,711	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		805,510		805,510
Charges for services		3,722,326		3,722,326		4,104,870	_	382,544
Total revenues		14,579,037		15,129,037		16,317,091		1,188,054
EXPENDITURES								
Administration		20,000		20,000		19,026		974
Principal		10,061,210		10,611,210		10,606,549		4,661
Interest and other charges		5,682,568		5,992,793		5,992,793		-
Capital outlay		-		541,575		-	_	541,575
Total expenditures		15,763,778		17,165,578		16,618,368		547,210
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				(2 o 2 4 <b>2</b> 4 4)		(-01		. === =
over (under) expenditures		(1,184,741)		(2,036,541)	_	(301,277)		1,735,264
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from capital lease		1,207,250		1,207,250		-		(1,207,250)
Transfers		-		-		519		519
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,207,250		1,207,250		519		(1,206,731)
Net change in fund balances	\$	22,509	\$	(829,291)	\$	(300,758)	\$	528,533

#### **Proprietary Funds**

### **Enterprise Funds Descriptions**

These funds account for the programs and expenditures for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

### HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE

The Household Hazardous Waste Fund has been established by the Board of County Commissioners to collect tipping fees at privately owned landfills within the County. The funds will be appropriated to pay for operational service information and equipment needed for solid waste disposal sites within the County.

### Internal Service Funds Descriptions

Internal service funds are usually to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

### **SELF-INSURANCE FUND**

El Paso is essentially self-insured. The Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the accumulation and allocation of costs associated with insurance claims and administration costs.

### EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original	-	Final	 Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	1,120,581	\$	1,120,581	\$ 1,350,113	\$	229,532
Total revenues		1,120,581		1,120,581	1,350,113	_	229,532
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services		468,837		473,027	468,752		4,275
Administration and operations		664,744		840,554	887,563	_	(47,009)
Total expenditures		1,133,581		1,313,581	 1,356,315	_	(42,734)
Operating income (loss)		(13,000)		(193,000)	 (6,202)	_	186,798
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings		5,000		5,000	15,661		10,661
Miscellaneous		8,000	_	8,000	-		(8,000)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		13,000		13,000	15,661		2,661
Change in net position	\$	-	\$	(180,000)	\$ 9,459	\$	189,459

### EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO SELF INSURANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			mounts			
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	26,112,093	\$	26,112,093	\$ 26,310,800	\$	198,707
Total revenues		26,112,093	_	26,112,093	 26,310,800		198,707
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Insurance premiums		5,034,459		4,710,689	4,604,404		106,285
Claim settlements		35,849,301		35,565,791	33,523,026		2,042,765
Administration and operations		4,736,206	_	5,512,250	 5,512,358		(108)
Total expenditures		45,619,966	_	45,788,730	 43,639,788	_	2,148,942
Operating income (loss)		(19,507,873)	_	(19,676,637)	 (17,328,988)		2,347,649
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Sales tax		20,116,424		20,116,424	20,116,424		-
Miscellaneous		85,000		85,000	14,330		(70,670)
Insurance recoveries		-	_	-	 225,861		225,861
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		20,201,424	_	20,201,424	 20,356,615		155,191
Change in net position	\$	693,551	\$	524,787	\$ 3,027,627	\$	2,502,840

### EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

NOTE A - Explanation of Differences Between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures	Capital Projects	Conservation Trust Fund	Household Hazardous Waste	Self- Insurance Fund	
Sources/inflows of resources  Total revenues and other financing sources - budgetary basis from					
the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances/net position - budget and actual	\$ 16,317,610	\$ 1,658,880	\$ 1,365,774	\$ 46,667,415	
Interest earned on investments is not an inflow for budgetary purposes but is included as revenue for financial reporting purposes	134,675	-	-	-	
Accounts receivable for accrued wages is not an inflow for budgetary purposes but is included as revenue for financial reporting	-	-	-	-	
Certificates of Participation are not an inflow for budgetary purposes but are non-operating revenues for financial reporting purposes	4,527,008				
Total operating revenues, non-operating revenues, capital					
contributions - GAAP basis from the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets	20,979,293	1,658,880	1,365,774	46,667,415	
Uses/outflows of resources					
Total expenditures and other financing uses - budgetary basis from the schedules of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund					
balances/net position - budget and actual Capital outlays are outflows of budgetary resources but do not include	16,618,368	1,381,512	1,356,315	43,639,788	
completed work in progress expenses for financial reporting purposes	2,109,513	_	_	_	
Certificates of Participation refunding costs are not outflows of budgetary resources but	2,103,013				
are expenses for financial reporting Certificates of Participation are not an outflow for budgetary purposes	(288,564)	-	-	-	
but are non-operating expenses for financial reporting purposes	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation is not an outflow of budgetary resources but is an expense for financial reporting purposes	-	-	46,731	112,072	
Accrued wages are not outflows of budgetary resources but are expenditures for financial reporting purposes	-	6,012	2,143	-	
Prepaid expenses are not outflows of budgetary resources but as adjustments to expenses for financial reporting purposes	(5,900)	-	25,586	-	
Loss on disposal of property is not an outflow of budgetary resources but is an expense for financial reporting purposes	-	-	-	-	
Health claims incurred but not reported are not outflows of budgetary resources but are expenses for financial reporting purposes		<u> </u>		251,326	
Total operating expenses - GAAP basis from the combining					
statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position	\$ 18,433,417	\$ 1,387,524	\$ 1,430,775	\$ 44,003,186	



#### **Fiduciary Funds**

#### Custodial Funds Descriptions

Custodial funds are used to account for assets held by the government for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

#### TREASURERS ESCROW FUND

Accounts for the receipt and disbursement of all revenues received by the Treasurer for the County and all other taxing entities in the County, as well as the receipt, investment, and disbursement of all other revenues received by the County.

#### CLERK & RECORDER - ESCROW FUND

Account for the receipt and disbursement of revenues received by the Clerk and Recorder for individuals organizations, and other governments.

### **CLERK & RECORDER - REFUNDS**

Account for the receipt and disbursement of revenues received by the Clerk and Recorder for refunds of transactions.

#### PUBLIC TRUSTEE FUND

This fund was established to account for expenditures for the Public Trustee's Office. The Public Trustee is appointed by the Governor of Colorado for a four-year term. This office administers foreclosures including issuance of Public Trustee deeds, cure of default and lien redemptions.

#### FALCON VISTA ACQUISITION LID

Falcon Vista Acquisition bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction and installation of certain public improvements within the Falcon Vista subdivision.

#### PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICTS

Public Improvement Districts account for the receipt and disbursement of revenues derived from mill levies, proceeds of debt issued by the Districts, and revenues from road impact fees.

#### **SHERIFF FUNDS**

Accounts for funds collected for and disbursed from the Inmate Trust Fund, the Civil Trust Fund.

#### **FAIRGROUNDS FUND**

The County Fair fund is held by the Treasurer's Office for the revenue and disbursement of funds for the County Fair Corp that operates the annual County Fair.

### ARTERIAL ROADWAY BRIDGE FUND

The Bridge Fund is used to account for resources from developers with in the County for the reimbursment of bridge construction

### STORM DRAINAGE BASIN FUND

The Drainage Fund is used to account for resources from developer within the County for the reimbursment of drainage projects.

### **THIRD PARTY FUNDS**

The Third Party fund is a Treasuer's Office account for holding funds deposited by developer to be reimbursed and to hold other miscellaneous developer deposits.

#### **SCHOOLS FEES FUND**

The Schools Trust Fund is used to account for resources from developers of new subdivisions and the distribution of these resources to local school districts.

#### PROPERTY TAXES OTHER GOVERNMENT

Property Taxes Other Government Fund is a group of accounts held by the Treasurer's Office for distribution to other governments for property tax collections.

		Treasurers Escrow	Clerk & Recorder - Escrow	Clerk & Recorder - Refunds	Public Trustee
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,221,807 \$	478,096	\$ 342	\$ 943,171
Other Assets		-	168,999	-	-
Investments accounts	-	<u>-</u> _			
Total assets		13,221,807	647,095	342	943,171
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-	436	-	32,575
Due to other governments		11,257,117	-	-	-
Escrow deposits held by Trustee		1,947,334	646,659	342	
Total liabilities		13,204,451	647,095	342	32,575
NET POSITION					
Individuals, organization, and other governments		17,356			910,596
Total net position	\$	17,356 \$	-	\$	\$ 910,596

Falcon Vista	Public Improvement District 1	Public Improvement District 2		Public Improvement District 3		Pioneer Village Roads Improvement District		Stratmoor Valley Streetlight Public Improvement District
\$ 51,749 \$		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
 - 	68,628 1,680,656	27,623		4,418		7,385		79,074
 51,749	1,749,284	27,623	_	4,418	_	7,385	=	79,074
- -	3,830	-		- -		-		699 -
 	3,830		_		_		_	699
51,749	1,745,454	27,623		4,418		7,385		78,375
\$ 51,749 \$	1,745,454	\$ 27,623	\$	4,418	\$	7,385	\$	78,375

		Inmate Account		Civil Account	 County Fair		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	675,676	\$	81,222	\$ 7,602		
Other Assets		3,494		8,370	-		
Investments accounts					 		
Total assets		679,170		89,592	 7,602		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		-		-	-		
Due to other governments		-		-	-		
Escrow deposits held by Trustee		600,769		61,205	 		
Total liabilities		600,769		61,205	 _		
NET POSITION							
Individuals, organization, and other							
governments		78,401		28,387	 7,602		
Total net position	\$	78,401	\$	28,387	\$ 7,602		

	Bridge Fund	Drainage Fund	Third Party Trust	 School Fees Fund		Taxes Other Governments	Total Custodial Funds
\$	- \$ 107,105 1,860,349	- \$ - 9,336,957	- - 2,283,074	\$ 244,797 - -	\$	12,385,631	\$ 28,090,093 356,596 15,279,536
_	1,967,454	9,336,957	2,283,074	244,797	_	12,385,631	 43,726,225
	- - -	- - -	35,013	- - -		12,385,631 -	72,553 23,642,748 3,256,309
			35,013	-		12,385,631	 26,971,610
	1,967,454	9,336,957	2,248,061	244,797			 16,754,615
\$	1,967,454 \$	9,336,957 \$	2,248,061	\$ 244,797	\$		\$ 16,754,615

	 Treasurers Escrow	 Clerk & Recorder - Escrow	 Clerk & Recorder - Refunds	 Public Trustee
ADDITIONS				
Tax collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Held for others	253,813,296	7.041.252	579,182	40,177,210
Fees held for other governments Interest on investments	- -	 7,941,252	 -	- -
Total additions	253,813,296	7,941,252	579,182	40,177,210
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-
Payments to other governments	253,795,940	=	=	=
Payments to outside agencies	-	7,941,252	-	40,505,004
Payments to individuals	 -	 =	 579,182	 =
Total deductions	 253,795,940	 7,941,252	 579,182	 40,505,004
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	17,356	-	-	(327,794)
Net position - January 1, restated	 -	-		1,238,390
Net position - December 31	\$ 17,356	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 910,596

26,822
-
1,682
28,504
359
8,081
8,440
20,064
58,311
78,375

(continued)

	Inmate Account	Civil Account	County Fair	Bridge Fund
ADDITIONS				
Tax collections for other governments	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ -
Held for others	5,889,254	905,604	78,861	305,464
Fees held for other governments	=	=	=	-
Interest on investments		-		
Total additions	5,889,254	905,604	78,861	305,464
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	-
Payments to other governments	=	=	=	=
Payments to outside agencies	-	-	79,101	251,768
Payments to individuals	5,810,853	877,217	- <u>-</u>	
Total deductions	5,810,853	877,217	79,101	251,768
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	78,401	28,387	(240)	53,696
Net position - January 1, restated			7,842	1,913,758
Net position - December 31	\$ 78,401	\$ 28,387	\$ 7,602	\$ 1,967,454

Drainage Fund	Third Party Trust	School Fees Fund	Taxes Other Governments	Total Custodial Funds
\$ - 1,136,679 - -	\$ - 1,569,458 - -	\$ - 88,217	\$ 932,071,846 - -	\$ 932,723,404 304,455,008 9,717,891 28,857
1,136,679	1,569,458	88,217	932,071,846	1,246,925,160
42,640	514,050	114,342 - -	2,705,689 929,366,157 -	2,714,527 1,183,799,520 50,581,603 7,267,252
42,640	514,050	114,342	932,071,846	1,244,362,902
1,094,039	1,055,408	(26,125)	-	2,562,258
8,242,918	1,192,653	270,922		14,192,357
\$ 9,336,957	\$ 2,248,061	\$ 244,797	\$ -	\$ 16,754,615

(continued)

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO FALCON VISTA

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS				
Tax collections for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,248	\$ 73,248
Fees held for other governments	178,000	178,000	-	(178,000)
Interest on investments	2,000	2,000	1,856	(144)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	180,000	180,000	75,104	(104,896)
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses	5,000	5,000	1,099	3,901
Payments to outside agencies	175,000	175,000	92,790	82,210
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	180,000	180,000	93,889	86,111
Change in net position	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (18,785)	\$ (18,785)

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Am	ounts		
	Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS					
Fees held for other governments Interest on investments	\$ 1,315,000 12,000	\$	1,315,000 12,000	\$ 1,688,422 19,239	\$ 373,422 7,239
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 1,327,000		1,327,000	 1,707,661	 380,661
DEDUCTIONS					
Payments to outside agencies	 1,127,775	. ——	1,127,775	1,120,000	 7,775
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 1,127,775		1,127,775	 1,120,000	 7,775
Change in net position	\$ 199,225	\$	199,225	\$ 587,661	\$ 388,436

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 Budgeted	l Aı	mounts			
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS						
Tax collections for other governments	\$ 473,559	\$	473,559	\$ 484,029	\$	10,470
Interest on investments	 1,000	_	1,000	5,195		4,195
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 474,559		474,559	 489,224	_	14,665
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses	6,905		6,905	6,477		428
Payments to other governments	 490,000		490,000	 490,000		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 496,905		496,905	 496,477	. <u>-</u>	428
Change in net position	\$ (22,346)	\$	(22,346)	\$ (7,253)	\$	15,093

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Am	nounts			
	 Original		Final	Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS						
Tax collections for other governments	\$ 25,274	\$	25,274	\$ 25,554	\$	280
Interest on investments	 100		100	 325		225
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 25,374		25,374	 25,879		505
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses	364		364	343		21
Payments to other governments	 25,000		25,000	 25,000		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 25,364		25,364	 25,343		21
Change in net position	\$ 10	\$	10	\$ 536	\$	526

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO PIONEER VILLAGE ROADS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgetec	l An	nounts			
	 Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS						
Tax collections for other governments	\$ 41,903	\$	41,903	\$	41,905	\$ 2
Interest on investments	 350		350		560	 210
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 42,253		42,253		42,465	 212
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses	598		598		560	38
Payments to outside agencies	 37,500		37,500		34,998	 2,502
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 38,098		38,098	_	35,558	 2,540
Change in net position	\$ 4,155	\$	4,155	\$	6,907	\$ 2,752

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO STRATMOOR VALLEY STREETLIGHT PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	 Budgeted	l Aı	mounts			
	Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS						
Tax collections for other governments	\$ 26,585	\$	26,585	\$ 26,822	\$	237
Interest on investments	 750		750	 1,682		932
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 27,335		27,335	 28,504		1,169
DEDUCTIONS						
Administrative expenses	382		382	359		23
Payments to other governments	20,000		20,000	8,081		11,919
Payments to outside agencies	 2,500		2,500	 -	_	2,500
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 22,882		22,882	 8,440		14,442
Change in net position	\$ 4,453	\$	4,453	\$ 20,064	\$	15,611

## EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO SCHOOL FEES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance with Final Budget
ADDITIONS					
Fees held for other governments	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 88,217	\$ (11,783)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 100,000		100,000	 88,217	 (11,783)
DEDUCTIONS					
Payments to other governments	 100,000		114,342	 114,342	 
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 100,000		114,342	 114,342	 
Change in net position	\$ 	\$	(14,342)	\$ (26,125)	\$ (11,783)

**MISCELLANEOUS** 

### EL PASO COUNTY, COLORADO **HUMAN SERVICES FUND**

### SCHEDULE OF EBT AUTHORIZATIONS, WARRANT EXPENDITURES, AND TOTAL EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2019

		A	 В		C		D	E			
Program		EBT	 County Share	Expenditures			EBT plus	,	Total County		
	A	uthorizations	of EBT Auth.		by Warrant		Warrant Exp	]	Expenditures		
Old Age Pension	\$	6,394,953	\$ 13,088	\$	-	\$	6,394,953	\$	13,088		
LEAP	\$	3,580,146	\$ -	\$	59,507	\$	3,639,653	\$	59,507		
TANF	\$	11,794,387	\$ 2,640,596	\$	6,407,254	\$	18,201,641	\$	9,047,850		
Administration	\$	5,200,600	\$ 3,523,063	\$	14,678,576	\$	19,879,178	\$	18,201,640		
Child Welfare	\$	33,381,337	\$ 9,470,200	\$	21,224,685	\$	54,606,022	\$	30,694,885		
Core Services	\$	4,697,303	\$ 964,513	\$	1,754,801	\$	6,452,104	\$	2,719,314		
AND	\$	1,601,618	\$ 274,470	\$	229,948	\$	1,831,566	\$	504,418		
IV-D Administration**	\$	-	\$ 1,549,625	\$	3,599,077	\$	5,148,702	\$	5,148,702		
Child Care	\$	16,438,075	\$ 1,637,360	\$	1,504,380	\$	17,942,455	\$	3,141,740		
Grants Settled in											
CFMS**	\$	-	\$ 70,228	\$	5,249,050	\$	5,319,277	\$	5,319,277		
Grants/Other ***	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,307,632	\$	-	\$	1,307,632		
Senior Services***	\$	-	\$ -	\$	11,276	\$	-	\$	11,276		
Sub-Total	\$	83,088,419	\$ 20,143,143	\$	56,026,186	\$	139,415,551	\$	76,169,329		
Food Assistance	\$	93,809,904	\$ -	\$	-	\$	93,809,904	\$	-		
Grand Total	\$	176,898,323	\$ 20,143,143	\$	56,026,186	\$	233,225,455	\$	76,169,329		
						\$	233,162,050	\$	76,169,329		

A. EBT Authorizations reflect Human Services payments authorized by El Paso County and paid by Colorado Department of Human Services

B. County Share of EBT Transactions are reported as a reduction of State cash advances to the County

C. Expenditures by warrant reflects cash disbursements from the County

D. EBT Authorizations (A) plus Warrants (C) reflects the total State, Federal and County participation in Human Services programs and recorded on a Cash Basis in the State Financial System (CFMS)

E. Total County Expenditures reflects the net disbursements by warrant (C) plus County Share of EBTs (B) and recorded on a Modified Accrual Basis in the County Financial System

<sup>\*\*</sup> All Administration expenditures are paid by warrant; therefore, Column (D) and Column (E) on this line are equal.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Grants/Other and Senior Services reflect expenditures in the County Financial System Only, and may be noted on CFMS as settled outside CFMS

The public report burden for this inf	iormation conection is esti	mateu to average 38	o nours annually.		101111 # 330-030-30
				City or County:	
				El Paso County	
Le	OCAL HIGHWAY FINA	ANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING :	
			<del>1</del>	December 31, 2019	
This Information From The Records	s Of El Paso County		Prepared By:	Nikki Simmons	
			Phone:	719-520-6461	
I. DISPOSITION	N OF HIGHWAY-USER	REVENUES AVA	ILABLE FOR LOCAL GOV	ERNMENT EXPEND	DITURE
		A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM		Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
		Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
Total receipts available					
2. Minus amount used for collection					
3. Minus amount used for nonhigh	7 1 1				
4. Minus amount used for mass tra					
5. Remainder used for highway pur	rposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR RO	OAD AND STREET PU	RPOSES	4	URSEMENTS FOR F D STREET PURPOSE	
ITEM		AMOUNT	ITEM		AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:			A. Local highway disburser	nents:	
Local highway-user taxes			Capital outlay (from page		3,192,415
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A	.5.)		2. Maintenance:	,	6,332,315
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item	I.B.5.)		<ol><li>Road and street services</li></ol>	3:	
c. Total (a.+b.)			Traffic control operations	tions	590,849
2. General fund appropriations			b. Snow and ice remova	ıl	3,999,887
3. Other local imposts (from page	ge 2)	6,219,568	c. Other		9,358,864
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (	from page 2)	3,664,583	d. Total (a. through c.)		13,949,601
5. Transfers from toll facilities			4. General administration	& miscellaneous	2,695,122
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and	notes:		<ol><li>Highway law enforcement</li></ol>	ent and safety	
<ul> <li>a. Bonds - Original Issues</li> </ul>			6. Total (1 through 5)		26,169,453
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues			B. Debt service on local obl	igations:	
c. Notes			1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)		0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)		9,884,150	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions			c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Receipts from State governme	ent		2. Notes:		
(from page 2)		17,079,917	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal Govern	iment		b. Redemption		
(from page 2)		903,758	c. Total (a. + b.)		0
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + I)$	D)	27,867,825	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	_	0
			C. Payments to State for hi		
			D. Payments to toll facilitie		
			E. Total disbursements (A.	(9 + B.3 + C + D)	26,169,453
	IV.		AY DEBT STATUS		
		(Show all ent Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)		Opening Deut	Amount issued	Redemptions	0
Bonds (Refunding Portion)					0
B. Notes (Total)					0
21 110005 (1000)					
	V. LOC	AL ROAD AND ST	REET FUND BALANCE		
	A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
	21,358,180	27,867,825	26,169,453	23,056,553	0
Notes and Comments:					

			STATE:	_
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT		<u> </u>	Colorado YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): 12/31	
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PU	JRPOSES - DETAIL	1		
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM		AMOUNT
.3. Other local imposts:	11110 0111	A.4. Miscellaneous lo	ocal receipts:	11.10 01.11
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	2,212,055	a. Interest on inv	_	
b. Other local imposts:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	b. Traffic Fines		
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garag		
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	510,323	d. Parking Meter		
3. Liens	ŕ	e. Sale of Surplu		
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Se		
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	3,497,190	g. Other Misc. R		1,215,004
6. Total (1. through 5.)	4,007,513	h. Other	•	2,449,579
c. Total (a. + b.)	6,219,568	i. Total (a. throu	gh h.)	3,664,583
	(Carry forward to page			(0 1 1 1)
	[1)			(Carry forward to page 1)
ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM		AMOUNT
. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Fed	leral Government	
Highway-user taxes	16,314,560	FHWA (from Ite		
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal ag		
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service		29,023
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA		
b. Project Match		c. HUD		
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	765,357	d. Federal Trans	it Admin	838,145
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of	Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal		36,590
f. Total (a. through e.)	765,357	g. Total (a. throu	igh f.)	903,758
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	17,079,917	3. Total (1. + 2.g)		
				(Carry forward to page 1)
III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AN	ND STREET PURPOSES	- DETAIL		
		ON NATIONAL	OFF NATIONAL	
		HIGHWAY	HIGHWAY	TOTAL
		SYSTEM	SYSTEM	
		(a)	(b)	(c)
.1. Capital outlay:				
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0	0
b. Engineering Costs			578,567	578,567
c. Construction:				
(1). New Facilities			5,624	5,624
(2). Capacity Improvements		1,910,673		1,910,673
(3). System Preservation			646,742	646,742
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			50,809	50,809
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$		1,910,673	703,175	2,613,848
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5	5)	1,910,673	1,281,742	3,192,415
				(Carry forward to page 1)
lotes and Comments:				

III. STATISTICAL SECTION

#### Statistical Section

This part of the El Paso County comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and fiscal health have changed over time.

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

#### **REVENUE CAPACITY**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant sources of revenue.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
General Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections
Property Taxes by Fund
Principal Sales Tax Payers
Sales and Use Tax Collections by State Category

#### **DEBT CAPACITY**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

#### **OPERATING INFORMATION**

This schedule contains information regarding the number of employees in various job categories and types of assets by function/department.

Full-Time Equivalent County Employees by Function/Program
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

FINANCIAL TRENDS

Schedule 1 - Unaudited El Paso County Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	-	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	421,605,773	\$ 408,258,511	\$ 386,839,249	378,815,025
Restricted		18,137,383	31,613,701	25,753,607	23,152,127
Unrestricted		(18,810,665)	(34,744,060)	(57,276,815)	(65,951,812)
Total governmental activities net position		420,932,491	405,128,152	355,316,041	336,015,340
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets		1,412,817	1,418,042	1,373,439	1,329,309
Unrestricted		516,836	382,867	435,992	466,906
Total business-type activities net position		1,929,653	1,800,909	1,809,431	1,796,215
Primary government					
Net investment in capital asset		423,018,590	409,676,553	388,212,688	380,144,334
Restricted		18,137,383	31,613,701	25,753,607	23,152,127
Unrestricted		(18,293,829)	(34,361,193)	(56,840,823)	(65,484,906)
Total primary government net position	\$	422,862,144	\$ 406,929,061	\$ 357,125,472	\$ 337,811,555

Data source: Statement of Net Position, EPC Financial Statements El Paso County Financial Statements

2014	2015	2016	2017	 2018	2019
\$ 378,589,179 32,866,602 (78,622,043) 332,833,738	\$ 379,277,388 34,410,977 (184,587,074) 229,101,291	\$ 393,539,637 34,912,960 (201,767,248) 226,685,349	\$ 402,103,483 50,144,509 (213,954,280) 238,293,712	\$ 403,907,088 39,201,197 (218,705,181) 224,403,104	\$ 408,750,641 45,468,902 (274,627,471) 179,592,072
 1,285,181 568,953 1,854,134	 1,263,552 460,289 1,723,841	 1,291,263 503,404 1,794,667	 1,169,297 570,022 1,739,319	 1,122,169 407,658 1,529,827	 1,075,438 389,388 1,464,826
\$ 379,874,360 32,866,602 (78,053,090) 334,687,872	\$ 380,540,940 34,410,977 (184,126,785) 230,825,132	\$ 394,830,900 34,912,960 (201,263,844) 228,480,016	\$ 403,272,780 50,144,509 (213,384,258) 240,033,031	\$ 405,029,257 39,201,197 (218,297,523) 225,932,931	\$ 409,826,079 45,468,902 (274,238,083) 181,056,898

Schedule 2 - Unaudited El Paso County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Expenses	-	2010		2011		2012	2013			
Governmental activities:	-				-					
General government	\$	43,100,936	\$	46,367,966	\$	59,265,849	\$	58,162,963		
Public safety		70,323,510		73,974,617		87,608,455		90,516,659		
Public works		41,884,076		41,224,357		49,352,850		44,133,430		
Health and welfare		59,051,252		62,298,421		71,896,379		69,676,163		
Culture and recreation		2,854,071		3,108,688		4,017,556		3,332,306		
Auxiliary services		81,062		405,317		529,369		535,323		
Outside agencies		6,207,919		5,986,054		5,895,486		5,860,942		
Interest on long-term debt		6,186,058		6,411,700		7,938,172		7,731,019		
Total governmental activities expenses		229,688,884		239,777,120		286,504,116		279,948,805		
Business-type activities:										
Waste management		827,965		913,594	952,362			981,058		
Land development		-		-		-		-		
Total business-type activities expenses		827,965		913,594	-	952,362		981,058		
Total primary government expenses		230,516,849		240,690,714		287,456,478		280,929,863		
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government		19,453,228		22,969,843		25,954,492		27,369,375		
Public safety		5,273,240		5,138,506		5,032,350		6,736,549		
Public works		652,189		209,252		711,194		1,070,430		
Health and Welfare		243,041		293,282		152,199		160,391		
Culture and recreation		617,047		568,749		675,916		908,101		
Outside agencies		224,440		225,825		54,413		94,023		
Operating grants and contributions		74,376,558		66,637,356		69,900,661		70,868,809		
Capital grants and contributions		6,118,913		5,987,521		12,653,521		9,644,943		
Total governmental activities program revenues		106,958,656		102,030,334		115,134,746		116,852,621		
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Waste management		790,000		882,726		952,671		957,064		
Land development		-		-		-		-		
Operating grants and contributions		-		-		-		_		
Total business-type activities program revenues	-	790,000		882,726		952,671		967,064		
Total primary government program revenues	\$	107,748,656	\$	102,913,060	\$	116,087,417	\$	117,809,685		

(Continued)

2014	2015		2016		2017	2018		2019	
\$ 68,213,731 102,380,666 34,466,675 70,758,066 3,432,589 568,875	\$ 69,873,396 99,913,246 31,903,334 84,785,987 3,595,595 447,472	\$	65,653,733 107,410,027 31,919,113 90,671,586 4,098,894 646,005	\$	65,281,483 113,483,626 34,766,473 91,321,790 4,393,346 702,870	\$ 85,774,721 117,746,035 39,982,986 90,784,589 5,220,898 691,028	\$	96,835,806 145,058,123 42,883,339 100,639,090 10,071,004 875,557	
 7,436,929 287,257,531	 7,206,931 297,725,961		7,232,318 307,631,676		6,004,080 315,953,668	 5,438,420 345,638,677		5,138,354 401,501,273	
 998,704	1,025,034		1,140,009		1,299,489	1,313,751		1,430,775	
998,704	 1,025,034	-	1,140,009	-	1,299,489	 1,313,751	-	1,430,775	
 288,256,235	298,750,995		308,771,685		317,253,157	346,952,428		402,932,048	
 25,107,711 6,008,910 1,170,633 156,654 785,649 - 84,646,148 14,524,609 132,400,314	24,992,044 6,857,472 701,000 156,310 904,825 - 81,438,559 15,870,740 130,920,950		27,436,347 7,218,040 858,364 191,302 638,292 - 90,783,302 23,674,209 150,799,856		29,520,516 7,231,670 581,918 211,234 817,269 - 87,028,434 18,300,352 143,691,393	 29,096,576 6,323,983 398,882 78,801 1,416,163 - 96,048,917 20,210,630 153,573,952		32,474,954 6,932,366 1,837,877 1,212,623 97,636,899 11,155,593 151,250,312	
 1,034,755 21,635 1,056,390	 1,097,983 - 14,181 1,112,164		1,198,611 		1,239,115 - 2 1,239,117	 1,262,717		1,350,113	
\$ 133,456,704	\$ 132,033,114	\$	152,008,979	\$	144,930,510	\$ 154,836,669	\$	152,600,425	

Schedule 2 – Continued El Paso County Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
Net (Expense) Revenue		2010	2011		2012		2013	
Governmental activities	\$	(122,730,228)	\$	(137,746,786)	\$	(171,369,370)	\$	(163,096,184)
Business-type activities		(37,965)		(30,868)		8,309		(13,389)
Total primary government net expense	_	(122,768,193)	_	(137,777,654)	_	(171,361,061)	_	(163,109,573)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes		46,165,964		47,311,463		42,920,278		43,587,576
Sales taxes		56,432,810		58,259,187		75,207,266		86,971,156
Other taxes		15,717,611		15,703,573		15,817,127		16,212,257
Investment earnings		373,076		374,538		201,608		270,118
Gain/Loss on sale of capital assets		362,773		195,502		15,022		-
Transfers		98,183		-		-		-
TABOR limitation		_		_		-		
Total governmental activities	_	119,150,417	_	121,844,263	_	134,161,301	_	147,041,107
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		1,953		308		213		173
Loss on sale of capital assets		-		-		_		-
Transfers		(98,183)		-		_		-
Total business-type activities		(96,230)		308		213		173
Total primary government		119,054,187	_	121,844,571	_	134,161,514	_	147,041,280
Change in Net Position								
Governmental activities		(3,579,811)		(15,902,523)	\$	(37,208,069)		(16,055,077)
Business-type activities		(134,195)		(30,560)	¥	8,522		(13,216)
Total primary government	\$	(3,714,006)	\$	(15,933,083)	_	(37,199,547)	\$	(16,068,293)
		-	_				_	

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ (154,857,217) 57,686 (154,799,531)	\$ (166,805,011) 87,130 (166,717,881)	\$  (156,831,820) 69,114 (156,762,706)	\$ (172,262,275) (60,372) (172,322,647)	\$ (192,064,725) (51,034) (192,115,759)	\$  (250,250,961) (80,662) (250,331,623)
 43,584,455 90,841,733 16,929,457 319,970	 44,606,433 100,147,762 18,003,165 433,220	48,046,061 102,160,928 18,710,879 672,452 (15,174,442) 154,415,878	 48,852,104 119,995,369 20,473,922 1,104,655	 52,159,477 114,433,186 22,693,400 2,120,598	53,978,117 124,081,990 23,768,794 3,611,028
233	258 - - 258	1,712	5,024	11,946	15,661
151,675,848	163,190,838	154,417,590	190,431,074	191,418,607	205,455,590
\$ (3,181,602) 57,919 (3,123,683)	\$ (3,614,431) 87,388 (3,527,043)	\$ (2,415,942) 70,826 (2,345,116)	\$ 18,163,775 (55,348) 18,108,427	\$ (658,064) (39,088) (697,152)	\$ (44,811,032) (65,001) (44,876,033)

Data source: Statement of Activities El Paso County Financial Statements

Schedule 3 - Unaudited El Paso County Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	 2010		2011		2012		2013
General Fund							
Non-spendable	\$ -	\$	377,254	\$	462,770	\$	805,176
Restricted	-		6,446,587		6,653,514		7,693,246
Committed	-		1,131,782		1,635,399		7,167,737
Assigned	-		21,716,258		17,370,988		18,212,599
Unrestricted	-		3,499,404		4,147,026		500,901
Reserved	7,706,723		-		-		-
Unreserved	29,885,543		-		-		-
Total general fund	37,592,266		33,171,285		30,269,697		34,379,659
All Other Governmental Funds							
Non-spendable	-		2,198,308		1,758,568		2,422,657
Restricted	-		25,167,114		19,100,093		15,458,881
Committed	-		1,777,863		1,802,389		1,096,611
Assigned	-		3,436,343		5,709,904		5,160,998
Unrestricted	-		(517,775)		(62,060)		(35,445)
Reserved	45,449,515		-		-		_
Unreserved, reported in:							
Special revenue funds	5,232,264		-		-		-
Capital projects funds	1,402,989		-		-		-
Debt service funds	-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	52,084,768		32,061,853		28,308,894		24,103,702
Total governmental funds	\$ 89,677,034	\$	65,233,138	\$	58,578,591	\$	58,483,361

Data Source:
Statement of Activities
El Paso County Financial Statements
\* GASB 54 was implemented in 2011. Years 2011 and after are presented in compliance with GASB 54.
Information for 2008 - 2010 is presented as before GASB-54 implementation. Data is not available to restate.

2014	 2015	 2016	2017	 2018	2019
\$ 1,666,071 14,126,448 4,429,589 6,438,541 2,275,218	\$ 1,802,453 15,159,318 5,864,367 6,304,446 8,507,501	\$ 1,786,850 16,918,398 6,207,230 3,041,630 3,878,328	\$ 2,126,150 33,792,193 4,814,696 3,466,811 6,127,000	\$ 2,351,015 30,845,641 6,309,637 3,368,046 19,913,237	\$ 2,786,857 24,274,087 3,312,673 12,406,810 26,635,890
 28,935,867	37,638,085	31,832,436	50,326,850	62,787,576	 69,416,317
1,898,716 18,740,154 338,253	1,526,994 19,251,659 3,686,145	1,595,497 17,994,562 3,230,862	1,374,363 22,907,728 3,244,381	1,247,137 14,199,068 5,302,070	1,861,739 16,444,869 5,366,618
6,864,980	7,697,910	12,237,313	12,043,662	10,986,532	12,545,007
 27,842,103	 32,162,708	 35,058,234	 39,570,134	 31,734,807	 36,218,233
\$ 56,777,970	\$ 69,800,793	\$ 66,890,670	\$ 89,896,984	\$ 94,522,383	\$ 105,634,550

Schedule 4 - Unaudited El Paso County Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2010	2011		2012	2013
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	46,165,964	\$ 47,311,463	\$	42,920,278	\$ 43,587,576
Sales taxes		56,432,810	58,259,187		75,207,266	86,971,156
Other taxes		15,717,611	15,703,573		15,817,127	16,212,257
Intergovernmental		72,949,855	61,886,419		65,101,975	67,025,567
Fees and fines		845,649	766,805		519,762	456,956
Licenses and permits		438,298	593,272		666,357	1,577,421
Charges for services		17,703,477	22,784,406		27,743,834	30,684,504
Investment earnings		372,623	371,306		201,608	271,697
Miscellaneous		8,902,461	10,019,400		9,123,766	10,098,538
TABOR limitation		-	-		-	-
Total revenues		219,528,748	217,695,831		237,301,973	256,885,672
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		40,009,509	43,903,734		48,485,500	48,338,903
Public safety		66,464,205	71,401,763		72,903,001	81,038,873
Public works		18,603,168	18,466,109		16,402,954	16,686,258
Health and welfare		65,697,695	62,949,418		66,250,148	66,753,246
Culture and recreation		2,774,378	2,924,070		3,135,372	2,783,478
Outside agencies		6,316,283	5,986,054		5,895,486	5,860,942
Auxiliary services		356,624	415,880		455,906	491,187
Debt service:		,	,		,	,
Principal		4,250,000	6,118,768		6,769,510	7,915,375
Issuance costs		682,438	6,362,994		201,246	-
Interest and other charges		5,945,964	411,600		7,858,020	8,104,485
Capital outlay		35,694,283	27,772,512		20,012,664	18,443,459
Total expenditures		246,794,547	 246,712,902	-	248,369,807	 256,416,206
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(27,265,799)	 (29,017,071)		(11,067,834)	469,466
, , ,	-	(*)	 ( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		( ),,	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Refund of bond issuance costs/COP's		-	32,820,000		12,010,000	-
Payment to refunding COP-agent		_	(35,412,037)		(11,561,686)	-
Certificates of participation issued		55,925,000	-		-	-
Premium on certificates of participation		421,387	2,102,895		1,663,072	-
Discount on bonds		324,839	(232,632)		-	-
Capital lease financing		-	4,999,998		-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,532,774	294,951		2,301,901	55,036
Transfers in		(4,434,591)	-		-	-
Transfers out						 
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	56,769,409	 4,573,175		4,413,287	 55,036
Net changes in fund balances	\$	29,503,610	\$ (24,443,896)	\$	(6,654,547)	\$ 524,502
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		4.83%	5.70%		6.41%	6.73%

Data Source:

El Paso County Financial Statements

2014		2015	2016	2017		2018	2019
\$ 43,584,455	\$	44,606,433	\$ 48,046,061	\$ 48,852,104	\$	52,159,477	\$ 53,978,117
90,841,733		100,147,762	102,160,928	119,995,369		114,433,186	124,081,990
16,929,457		18,003,165	18,710,879	20,473,922		22,693,400	23,768,794
79,619,263		73,728,259	80,827,146	82,971,106		87,506,370	87,396,410
586,491		636,484	570,957	542,053		317,179	722,517
1,526,229		1,800,512	2,074,273	2,331,200		2,271,233	1,818,350
27,679,991		27,993,683	29,108,076	29,705,737		32,492,896	33,991,594
320,925		433,250	672,376	1,100,023		2,125,307	3,611,028
10,747,974		13,081,413	17,166,403	14,448,006		13,914,182	15,520,548
 _		_	 (15,174,442)	 _		_	 _
 271,836,520		280,430,961	 284,162,657	 320,419,520		327,913,230	 344,889,348
48,338,903		57,962,560	60,536,969	62,346,142		70,566,797	77,922,184
97,266,185		89,767,014	95,719,071	101,862,204		104,589,560	113,070,054
11,929,523		13,345,188	11,124,604	14,054,809		13,021,839	16,029,401
71,811,589		76,344,728	81,884,291	83,991,576		84,775,137	87,291,281
3,155,545		3,100,511	3,467,576	3,463,937		4,021,802	3,926,958
-		-	_	-		-	-
544,147		532,362	580,784	621,999		641,598	704,060
8,177,293		9,017,858	9,369,501	10,358,395		9,542,481	10,611,210
-			553,492	41,500		397,116	17,000
7,874,819		7,594,548	6,986,417	6,410,938		5,373,750	5,682,568
 17,179,810		9,930,562	 17,595,029	 18,522,129		23,520,494	 23,282,497
 278,263,484		267,595,331	 287,817,734	 301,673,629		316,450,574	 338,537,213
 (6,426,964)		12,835,630	 (3,655,077)	 18,745,891	_	11,462,656	 6,352,135
			23,245,000			28,380,000	
_		_	(23,049,162)	_		(32,881,942)	_
_		_	(25,015,102)	_		(32,001,712)	_
-		-	347,655	-		3,531,715	-
-		-	-	-		-	
4,618,769							4,527,527
102,804		187,193	201,461	3,826,775		251,995	232,505
-		-	-	433,648		-	-
 	_		 	 -	_		-
 4,721,573		187,193	 744,954	 4,260,423	_	(718,232)	 4,760,032
\$ (1,705,391)	\$	13,022,823	\$ (2,910,123)	\$ 23,006,314	\$	10,744,424	\$ 11,112,167
6.13%		6.45%	6.05%	5.92%		5.09%	5.17%

REVENUE CAPACITY



Schedule 5 El Paso County Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessment						
Year	Payable					
Ended	in	Vacant	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agricultural
December 31,	Year	Land	Property	Property	Property	Property
2010	2011	376,811,560	3,730,236,120	2,182,991,990	232,133,550	14,431,970
2011	2012	313,948,570	3,478,431,600	2,010,579,100	229,697,330	13,285,400
2012	2013	300,459,180	3,507,471,170	1,746,010,570	126,334,870	13,206,340
2013	2014	291,843,530	3,494,373,880	2,007,606,090	247,188,270	13,728,040
2014	2015	275,803,640	3,562,258,110	2,028,632,390	236,062,500	13,762,980
2015	2016	284,448,230	3,906,417,080	2,080,685,820	242,501,400	14,205,740
2016	2017	272,587,050	3,982,682,110	2,106,720,270	240,065,640	14,170,090
2017	2018	297,104,290	4,138,373,140	2,354,996,370	283,460,490	14,448,250
2018	2019	287,789,390	4,260,244,670	2,385,207,600	269,194,640	15,218,710
2019	2020	325,151,990	5,111,956,720	2,624,483,500	265,354,480	15,409,720

## Notes:

<sup>\*</sup>Total Taxable Assessed Value is already adjusted for tax exempt property value.

<sup>\*\*</sup>New Construction value is already adjusted into the appropriate category.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Abatement values are adjusted in the "payable in" mill levy.

Data Source: El Paso County Assessor's Office Abstracts of Assessment Certification of Assessed Valuation

Natural Resources	Oil and Gas	Public Utilities	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	*Tax-Exempt Property	** New Construction	*** Abatement Value
\$ 6,502,350	-	287,006,000	6,830,113,540	7.537	1,571,803,170	99,557,470	473,833
6,350,220	5,040	269,462,900	6,321,760,160	7.597	1,571,401,630	67,113,150	379,512
5,758,010	, -	260,564,000	6,334,487,370	7.663	1,585,165,900	-	381,352
5,752,860	81,420	277,390,880	6,337,964,970	7.714	1,588,612,250	-	293,158
6,016,310	-	317,449,500	6,439,985,430	7.791	1,620,634,570	-	444,416
5,833,670	-	318,472,400	6,852,564,340	7.869	1,675,329,490	-	481,974
6,022,650	-	340,591,400	6,962,839,210	7.919	1,692,265,240	-	315,662
5,867,990	-	351,450,300	7,445,701,460	7.965	1,692,265,240	-	308,204
5,147,070	-	358,758,700	7,581,560,780	8.068	1,709,949,360	-	701,712
4,814,680	-	352,199,000	8,699,370,090	7.035	1,748,972,590	-	737,809

Schedule 6 El Paso County Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Current and Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxes Payable	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assessment Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
County direct rates				
General	4.612	3.109	3.844	4.141
Abatement	0.070	0.060	0.066	0.051
Road & Bridge	0.330	0.330	0.330	0.330
Social Services	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Capital	1.655	3.080	2.500	2.200
Insurance	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Retirement	0.870	1.018	0.923	0.992
Total County direct rates	7.537	7.597	7.663	7.714
City and town rates				
Calhan	17.563	20.000	17.563	17.563
Colorado Springs	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279
Fountain	10.239	10.239	10.239	10.239
Green Mountain Falls	14.588	14.588	17.588	17.588
Manitou Springs	15.750	15.750	12.070	12.060
Monument	6.289	6.289	6.289	6.289
Palmer Lake	16.459	16.459	16.459	16.459
Ramah	19.827	19.827	19.827	19.827
Levy Ranges for the following districts are:				
Fire Protection Districts	1.310-12.423	1.191-12.423	1.164-13200	1.167-14.390
Sanitation Districts	0.549-4.654	0.549-5.334	0.573-5.534	0.578-5.755
Water Districts	0.454-14.437	0.495-16.803	0.478-17.709	0.478-17.872
Sanitation & Water Districts	6.950-30.986	5.500-35.508	5.805.37.471	2.937-349.56
Special Improvement Districts	1.000-51.000	1.000-51.000	1.000-59.420	1.000-51.000
Regional Library District	3.556	3.999	4.030	4.000
Metropolitan Districts	0.440-100.000	0.440-100.000	0.440-83.000	0.440-100.000
School Districts	23.538-60.216	24.723-60.216	24.703-602.16	24.726-60.216

TABOR requires the vote of the people to increase tax rates.

Data Source: El Paso County Assessor's Office Abstracts of Assessment

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
7.384	7.461	7.539	7.589	7.635	6.612
0.077	0.078	0.050	0.046	0.103	0.093
0.330	0.330	0.330	0.330	0.330	0.330
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
7.791	7.869	7.919	7.965	8.068	7.035
17.563	17.563	17.563	17.563	17.563	17.563
4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279	4.279
10.239	10.239	10.239	10.239	10.239	10.239
17.588	17.588	17.588	17.588	17.588	17.588
12.050	12.246	13.001	13.072	13.083	13.019
6.289	6.255	6.289	6.225	6.289	6.152
16.459	11.238	21.238	21.238	21.238	21.238
19.827	19.827	19.827	19.827	19.827	19.827
1.141 - 15.290	1.022-15.286	0.963-15.286	0.899-18.100	0.837-18.400	0.653-18.400
0.578 - 6.101	0.587-6.040	0.591-6.248	0.583-7.734	0.854-6.637	0.757-6.030
0.478 - 18.574	0.471-16.444	0.478-17.725	0.481-17.725	0.479-17.725	0.435-17.725
2.937 - 41.288	2.937-34.943	2.937-36.836	2.937-36.953	2.937-38.277	2.937-34.998
1.000 - 51.000	1.000-51.000	1.000-57.089	1.009-51.000	1.009-51.329	1.009-51.000
4.000	3.857	3.957	3.812	4.000	3.731
0.440 - 100.000	0.440-100.000	0.440-100.000	0.440-100.000	0.440-100.000	0.467-100.000
24.775 - 60.216	25.195-60.216	24.748-60.216	24.731-61.320	24.776-61.900	24.845-60.216

Schedule 7 El Paso County General Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		within the of the Levy	Collections in	Total Colle	ctions to Date_
Ended	for the		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
December 31,	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	31,311,340	31,094,884	99.31%	59,874	31,154,758	99.50%
2011	29,956,511	29,776,229	99.40%	(40,581)*	29,735,648	99.90%
2012	18,010,412	17,870,639	99.22%	78,939	17,949,578	99.66%
2013	22,332,783	22,222,512	99.51%	52,071	22,274,584	99.74%
2014	29,396,268	29,266,912	99.56%	9,229	29,276,141	99.59%
2015	42,805,385	42,640,553	99.61%	54,337	42,694,889	99.74%
2016	46,172,810	45,946,994	99.51%	68,912	46,015,906	99.66%
2017	47,061,251	46,810,929	99.47%	(33,756)*	46,777,173	99.40%
2018	50,339,066	49,992,296	99.31%	114,467	50,106,763	99.54%
2019	51,956,027	51,766,064	99.63%	65,028	51,831,092	99.76%

The 2008 and 2009 Tax Levies and collections were corrected for presentation in the 2010 CAFR.

<sup>( )\*</sup> A citizen that has paid for property taxes may request an abatement (refund) for the past two years plus the current year. When abatements pertaining to prior years' exceed the prior years' tax collections it will reflect as a negative amount in the "Collections for Subsequent Years" column.



Schedule 8 El Paso County Property Taxes by Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisc	al Y	ear	
	2010	 2011		2012	 2013
Revenues					
Property taxes					
Fund 1 - General Fund	\$ 31,122,339	\$ 29,776,229	\$	17,870,640	\$ 22,222,512
Fund 2 - Road & Bridge	2,092,121	2,094,348		1,936,902	1,947,715
Fund 4 - Department of Human Services	_	-		_	-
Fund 6 - Capital Improvement Fund	8,124,020	10,121,707		17,375,089	14,182,145
Fund 16 - Retirement Fund	 4,827,484	 5,319,179		5,737,648	 5,235,204
Total Property Tax Revenue	\$ 46,165,964	\$ 47,311,463	\$	42,920,279	\$ 43,587,576

Data Source: El Paso County Financial Statements

2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
\$ 29,266,912 1,939,123	\$ 42,640,552 1,965,881	\$ 45,946,994 2,099,067	\$ 46,810,929 2,041,175	\$ 49,992,296 2,166,236	\$ 51,766,063 2,212,054
12,378,420	 - - -	 - - -	 - - -	 945	 -
\$ 43,584,455	\$ 44,606,433	\$ 48,046,061	\$ 48,852,104	\$ 52,159,477	\$ 53,978,117

Schedule 9 El Paso County Principal Sales Tax Remitters Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Taxpayer
Major Retail Store
Major Retail Store
Major Retail Store
Local Government
Hotel Industry
Online Retail
Major Retail Store
Major Retail Store
Pharmacy Chain
Online Retail
Telecommunications
Telecommunications
Telecommunications

Total

24,238,272

	2019	
		% of Total
		County
Sales Tax		Sales Tax
Collected	Rank	Collected
5,989,519	1	4.15%
2,836,187	2	1.97%
2,440,284	3	1.69%
2,352,094	4	1.63%
2,123,048	5	1.47%
2,087,997	6	1.45%
2,081,096	7	1.44%
1,857,080	8	1.29%
1,381,873	9	0.96%
1,089,094	10	0.76%

	% of Total County Sales Tax
Rank	Collected
1	5.78%
2	2.04%
4	1.79%
3	1.98%
7	1.37%
5	1.65%
10	1.16%
6	1.45%
-	1.33%
~	1.33%
	1 2 4 3 7

19.88%

13,408,679

Sales and Use Tax is the County's largest revenue source, producing 35% of the revenues for the Governmental Activities. We are prohibited by ordinance from releasing sales tax information on individual taxpayers. We are providing the above information as the next best available option.

16.81%

Data Source: El Paso County Financial Statements Colorado Department of Revenue

Schedule 10 El Paso County Sales and Use Tax Collections by State Category Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Retail Trade	37,406,489	40,291,234	52,016,333	54,519,334	58,394,750	64,154,280	66,580,666	70,586,791	75,103,517
Food Services	8,407,642	9,080,980	11,506,575	12,153,093	13,169,783	14,248,669	15,037,543	16,066,298	16,944,377
Information (Magazines, Newspapers, etc)	4,268,166	4,349,358	5,742,631	5,804,560	5,566,355	5,138,986	5,222,347	5,098,580	6,190,778
Wholesale Trade	2,641,184	2,765,390	3,425,124	3,900,413	4,169,023	4,078,713	4,391,626	5,240,746	7,254,407
Accommodations	2,710,502	2,514,101	3,304,999	3,554,791	4,107,007	4,601,196	5,306,470	5,642,508	5,969,706
Real Estate and Rental & Leasing	1,530,237	1,463,676	1,926,810	2,151,403	2,479,993	2,837,395	3,288,920	3,586,564	3,943,074
Manufacturing	1,989,234	2,524,664	3,265,568	3,841,170	3,398,167	3,645,074	3,822,582	3,895,733	4,470,373
Utilities	1,764,030	1,869,553	2,348,062	2,444,738	2,496,897	2,242,659	2,498,969	2,573,171	2,645,607
Other Services (except Public Admin)	1,526,585	1,638,749	1,982,092	2,121,983	2,395,764	2,538,537	2,685,360	2,925,810	3,128,059
Construction	761,574	1,166,426	1,432,089	1,655,433	2,133,413	2,492,062	3,063,222	2,727,972	3,281,805
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	599,824	686,215	1,092,019	704,538	845,868	841,555	1,249,022	1,241,622	1,591,840
Finance and Insurance	489,974	460,402	572,430	589,510	532,771	523,856	561,194	673,419	652,606
Arts Entertainment & Recreation	342,311	365,250	475,382	426,138	499,415	576,888	583,232	626,786	651,369
Waste Management & Remediation Services	241,770	236,490	303,262	306,892	304,164	300,369	356,030	430,748	686,429
Mining	167,484	198,869	326,983	351,283	342,787	405,045	522,100	496,025	829,598
Education Services	168,587	175,845	213,356	216,598	186,250	165,916	166,113	162,558	140,503
Health Care & Social Assistance	132,906	139,476	188,272	142,505	134,195	150,841	147,178	154,544	168,354
Transportation & Warehousing	40,945	62,666	76,392	76,646	75,648	87,528	178,939	224,090	231,433
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing & Hunting	103,424	120,376	141,331	133,315	135,758	168,222	187,568	157,030	137,766
Public Administration	42,987	50,136	64,667	66,486	64,279	56,474	59,659	55,088	74,834
Category Not Specified	(1,886)	11,560	7,128	(32,028)	(48,549)	(16,050)	4,131	(2,033)	537
Tobacco Tax	117,810	103,208	104,636	106,331	102,252	106,713	104,879	88,290	90,528
Total Sales Tax:	65,451,779	70,274,624	90,516,141	95,235,132	101,485,990	109,344,928	116,017,750	122,652,340	134,187,500
Clerk and Recorder Collections	2,827,992	3,228,003	4,209,854	4,812,397	5,388,523	6,381,493	6,692,197	6,349,509	7,703,464
Reg Bldg Admin Fee	254,107	312,003	287,611	406,529	405,806	433,477	633,474	534,530	750,158
Building Materials	856,458	1,392,448	1,616,726	1,004,300	927,403	1,469,579	1,137,658	1,835,013	1,557,292
Total Use Tax:	3,938,557	4,932,454	6,114,191	6,223,226	6,721,732	8,284,549	8,463,329	8,719,052	10,010,914
Total Sales and Use Tax:	69,390,336	75,207,078	96,630,332	101,458,358	108,207,722	117,629,477	124,481,079	131,371,392	144,198,414

Source: Colorado Department of Revenue

Notes: The above totals will not equate to the Sales Tax Totals on the Statement of Activities because the Sales Tax allocation to Internal Services Fund (Self Insurance) is eliminated as well as timing differences on collections for prior periods.

**DEBT CAPACITY** 

Schedule 11 El Paso County Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental	Activities			
	Certificates	_	Total	Percentage	EPC
	of	Capital	Primary	of Personal	Debt
Fiscal Year	<b>Participation</b>	Leases	Government	Income	Per Capita*
2010	172,193,855	-	172,193,855	0.71%	277
2011	166,148,666	3,736,230	169,884,896	0.66%	267
2012	174,251,235	2,501,720	176,752,955	0.68%	274
2013	169,487,902	1,256,345	170,744,247	0.64%	261
2014	162,243,456	4,607,822	166,851,278	0.59%	252
2015	154,054,010	3,444,964	157,498,974	0.54%	233
2016	146,932,597	2,285,462	149,218,059	0.49%	217
2017	138,031,503	4,313,842	142,345,345	0.66%	204
2018	129,659,572	1,896,362	131,555,934	0.44%	184
2019	120,174,066	4,602,679	124,776,745	****	175

# Notes:

Data sources:

El Paso County Financial Statements

US Department of Commerce

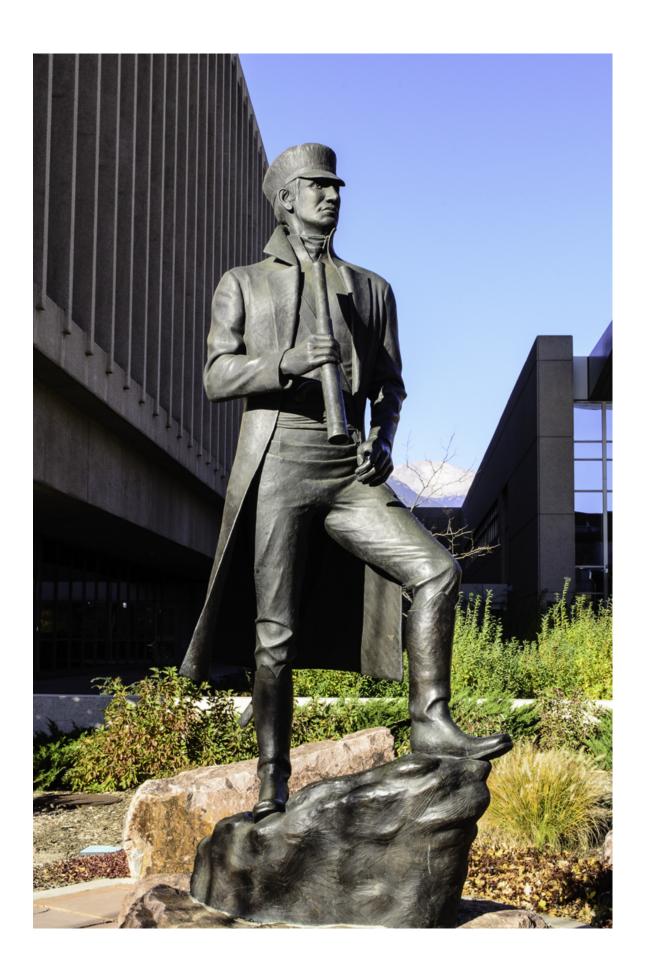
Bureau of Economic Analysis

The Certificates of Participation amounts have been updated to reflect totals net of related premiums and discounts.

<sup>\*</sup>Data revised in 2018 with most recent information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>\*\*</sup>Data not available

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION



Schedule 12 El Paso County Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

		Populat	ion *			Per C	apita Persor	nal Income **
		Change		Change				El Paso County
		from		from	Total			as a
		Prior	El Paso	Prior	Personal		El Paso	Percentage
Year	Colorado	Period	County	Period	Income	Colorado	County	of Colorado
2010	5,029,196	1.47%	622,263	2.96%	24,123,028	41,717	38,600	90.61%
2011	5,116,302	1.35%	637,302	1.23%	25,470,641	44,179	40,246	88.46%
2012	5,189,458	1.31%	645,678	1.56%	26,050,723	45,089	40,346	89.33%
2013	5,268,367	1.52%	655,150	1.54%	26,626,735	46,824	40,642	90.66%
2014	5,355,866	1.66%	662,874	1.67%	28,079,165	49,823	42,360	86.08%
2015	5,443,612	1.60%	674,630	1.30%	29,262,206	50,971	43,385	86.06%
2016	5,540,545	1.78%	688,227	2.01%	30,315,645	51,999	44,409	85.40%
2017	5,607,154	1.20%	699,232	1.60%	31,149,325	52,059	46,511	89.34%
2018	5,695,564	1.58%	713,856	2.09%	35,603,678	56,846	48,467	85.26%
2019	5,758,736	1.01%	720,403	0.92%	36,605,524	***	****	***

#### Notes:

## Data source:

El Paso County Clerk and Recorder

Colorado Department of Education

Colorado Division of Local Government

Colorado Division of Labor and Employment

US Department of Commerce

Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>\*</sup> Data revised in 2019 with most recent information from the Colorado Division of Local Government

<sup>\*\*</sup> Data revised in 2019 with most recent information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Data revised in 2019 with the most recent information from the Colorado Division of Labor and Employment

<sup>\*\*\*\* 2019</sup> Data not available

# El Paso Civilian County Labor Force \*\*\*

Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	Public School Enrollment	Motor Vehicles Registered
272,571	29,462	9.80%	109,962	495,418
272,831	27,722	9.20%	111,318	498,573
301,831	26,259	8.70%	126,274	508,616
274,091	21,325	8.00%	116,061	515,108
278,409	14,199	5.10%	113,837	529,595
293,736	14,200	4.60%	117,928	545,363
311,612	9,854	3.20%	118,754	576,719
329,377	11,199	3.40%	119,442	655,000*
349,709	15,737	4.50%	121,192	595,513*
347,862	9,740	2.80%	122,783	603,000

Schedule 13 El Paso County **Principal Employers** Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019		2010				
	Percentage o	f Total E	I Paso County	Percentage o	f Total E	l Paso County		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Fort Carson	34,411	1	12.14%	24,500	1	10.50%		
United States Air Force Academy	8,730	2	3.08%	10,350	2	4.44%		
UCHealth Memorial Health System	6,575	3	2.32%	4,700	5	2.01%		
Schriever Air Force Base	6,391	4	2.25%	8,124	4	3.48%		
Peterson Air Force Base	5,089	5	1.79%	11,139	3	4.77%		
School District #11 - Colorado Spgs	3,937	6	1.39%	4,000	6	1.71%		
School District #20 - Air Academy	3,373	7	1.19%	2,700	7	1.16%		
Penrose-St. Francis Health Services	3,300	8	1.16%	2,650	8	1.14%		
City of Colorado Springs	2,800	9	0.99%	2,300	9	0.99%		
El Paso County	2,497	10	0.88%	2,000	10	0.86%		
	77,103	:		72,463	- =			
El Paso County Total Employment***	283,554			233,357				

Data Source: various, including Colorado

Springs Business Journal, journals, annual reports, company web sites and CDLE Labor Market Information



**OPERATING INFORMATION** 

Schedule 14 El Paso County Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
County Commissioners	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
County Assessor	52	52	52	52	52	53	53	53	53	53
County Clerk & Recorder - Operations	24	24	24	24	45	45	45	45	39	38
Motor Vehicle	70	70	73	73	73	73	82	85	90	90
Elections	14	14	14	14	10	10	10	10	10	10
Driver's Licenses	3	3	3	3	8	8	8	8	9	9
County Coroner	19	20	20	20	21	21	22	23	25	26
County Sheriff - Operations	243	285	285	428	432	431	471	460	356	426
Detentions	362	347	347	359	354	354	354	340	452	379
County Treasurer	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Public Trustee	12	12	8	8	6	6	6	6	6	5
County Attorney - General Fund	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11	13	13
Dept. of Human Services	18	18	19	19	21	21	23	23	26	27
District Attorney - EPC Funded	183	183	183	183	201	203	207	212	213	219
Teller County Funded	4	4	4	1	1	4	4	4	4	4
Grant Funded	14	14	14	9	9	8	8	8	8	8
Human Services - General	414	383	390	390	416	480	511	530	544	592
Senior Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_
Veterans Services	3	3	4	4	5	6	7	7	7	7
Pikes Peak Workforce Center	65	65	65	51	51	51	51	52	48	49
Administrative Services - Administration	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	1	3	9
CSU Extension	-	_	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	_
Development Services	24	23	23	23	23	23	25	27	29	29
Budget and Economic Development	12	16	16	17	23	25	29	29	29	23
Employee Benefits/Med Serv	13	18	18	18	23	23	6	7	7	7
Environmental Services	4	-	-	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
Facilities	31	31	49	49	53	53	53	53	62	67
Finance	15	35	37	45	45	47	47	50	51	53
Fleet Services	-	-	-	-	32	32	33	34	34	36
Human Resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	19	21	24
Information Services	70	70	72	72	72	72	75	74	73	77
Justice Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	12	13
Procurements & Contracts	6	6	7	7	7	7	9	9	9	10
Public Communications	2	4	4	5	6	9	9	11	11	10
Security	30	30	31	31	34	34	37	41	42	37
Household Hazardous Waste	5	5	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Parks & Community Resources - Parks	29	29	35	28	32	33	37	39	41	42
Road & Bridge	187	187	201	201	169	169	172	181	194	212
Office of Emergency Management							7	7	0	10
(OEM)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7	9	10
Health and Environment	178	178	178	141	138	137	138	142	148	158
Retirement	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3	3
Total	2,148	2,171	2,228	2,328	2,414	2,490	2,610	2,643	2,718	2,809

Data Source: El Paso County Final Budget

Schedule 15 El Paso County Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years	C									
Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
<b>BoCC Administrative Services</b>	_									
Board Meetings	93	100	88	76	75	72	75	87	83	76
Board/Committee/Commission Appts Facilities Management	120	104	106	109	115	98	89	90	91	85
Number of buildings maintained	128	132	131	130	130	130	129	129	132	132
Square feet total maintained	2,241,501	2,949,191	3,070,453	3,164,384	3,164,384	3,134,227	3,131,918	3,131,918	3,117,410	3,117,410
Parks										
Acres of Regional Parks, Recreation										
areas										
and conservation lands	7,044	6,585	6,585	6,585	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
Miles of Regional, Park & Nature Trails	92	101	101	101	105	105	105	105	105	125
County Office Sites (landscape maint)	8	9	8	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Procurement and Contracts										
Purchase Orders Issued	751	835	751	963	1,208	995	861	909	990	1,200
Purchase Orders Issued (dollars)	102,556,780	91,458,617	86,926,957	95,971,781	90,979,051	116,725,239	80,775,849	99,800,000	85,000,000	112,000,000
Surplus sales (\$) Financial/Budget	101,256	122,406	72,920	62,835	134,358	228,673	246,321	156,000	282,000	220,000
Payroll Serviced	55,952	55,500	57,939	63,125	66,555	66,782	63,199	64,990	70,585	76,232
Journal Entries Processed	22,173	22,247	31,240	67,181	64,481	72,637	71,438	70,258	54,837	56,355
Processed Payment Requests	57,181	60,750	61,421	73,967	75,165	77,429	79,584	81,543	77,970	85,100
Budget Entries Processed	2,899	2,390	3,468	4,151	2,885	4,111	2,248	2,172	2,077	2,077
Public Safety	-,077	-,070	٥,,,,,,	,,	_,005	,,	_,0	-,	<b>-,</b> ~ , ,	<b>-,</b> ~. '
Claims Submitted	3,244	3,257	3,291	3,312	3,334	3,356	3,373	3,382	3,388	3,393
Personal Contacts (excluding DSS)	10,322	10,714	10,757	10,799	10,842	10,884	10,896	10,972	11,051	11,068
Telephone Information	25,327	25,758	26,196	26,600	27,053	27,288	27,304	27,335	27,665	27,798
Medicaid Nursing Home Clients	53	53	51	52	54	53	54	54	54	55
Briefings on VA Benefits	5,697	6,037	4,629	3,458	4,267	3,582	3,640	3,717	3,801	3,887
HS quality assurance inquiries	1,527	1,539	1,542	1,558	1,564	1,570	1,572	1,584	1,589	1,591
<b>Human Services - Senior Services</b>										
Number seniors/participation levels	4,620	4,781	4,947	5,026	5,106	5,187	5,203	5,210	5,240	-
CSU Extension					.=					
Printed brochures and SIAs	117,145	117,145	55,000	55,500	45,000	50,000	67,566	89,000	117,968	143,633
Phone, walk-in, individual	61,095	61,095	12,780	16,240	18,000	18,000	21,500	25,000	27,000	27,500
County Attorney - General Fund	(50	<b>.</b>	(50	<b>(</b> E0	(50	<b>/</b> FF	120	724	175	(75
Board of Equalization Contracts/Agreements (draft or review)	650 455	655 435	650 450	650 461	650 470	655 540	139 600	734 610	175 615	675 650
Litigation (for and against the County)	205	180	123	105	102	113	102	105	93	126
Liquor License matters	203	26	6	6	5	2	2	6	10	5
Notices of Claims reviewed	32	30	47	63	71	69	68	66	69	100
Ordinances (new)	2	-	5	4	1	1	0	2	3	0
Resolutions (drafted or reviewed)	200	240	145	150	155	150	230	215	220	210
Written legal opinions	185	200	215	243	270	290	350	425	433	475
Meetings/hearings attended	1,045	1,110	1,210	1,235	1,210	1,500	1,650	1,700	1,650	1,790
Safety and Risk Management										
Safety Training Seminars Attendance	11	4	4	6	3	4	4	2	3	4
Personal Safety & Awareness										
consultations	350	33	37	29	10	10	0	28	20	66
Wellness programs	63	85	100	97	119	137	102	65	32	37
Employee orientations	26	24	24	26	26	23	23	23	23	20
Safety training/meetings	11	61	70	78	118	50	422	43	40	33
Safety/wellness publications/website info	10	11	36	65	64	60	111	112	4	1
Risk management & insurance	10	11	30	05	04	68	111	112	4	1
consultations	89	15	17	12	16	10	25	24	35	36
Clerk and Recorder	07	13	1 /	12	10	10	23	24	33	30
Documents recorded	135,516	131,805	157,392	153,576	121,600	141,375	153,608	155,000	151,000	159,000
Documents processed	168,253	162,674	192,779	188,958	157,647	176,021	193,279	195,000	192,100	198,000
Meetings (agendas, minutes, etc.)	2,055	2,050	2,551	2,802	2,267	3,028	3,182	3,244	3,387	3,445
Vehicles Registered	495,418	498,573	508,616	515,108	529,595	545,363	576,719	655,000	592,000	603,000
Drivers Licenses Issued	51,833	59,722	76,959	67,922	68,396	80,977	81,963	127,000	111,000	89,000
Number of precincts	405	405	199	199	199	242	242	255	282	291
Ballot Combinations	60	44	44	27	65	31	63	32	28	26
Registered Voters	364,831	382,079	426,355	413,830	427,640	416,990	461,809	468,676	391,983	437,258
Election administration jurisdictions	268	271	271	271	273	273	273	273	273	291
Worker's Compensation Fund										
Workers' Compensation claims	162	160	163	151	186	173	147	153	182	158
Claims cost (\$)	1,327,492	1,089,136	1,327,492	1,213,215	1,022,427	986,356	1,138,436	1,163,000	1,377,000	1,278,000
(Continued)										

Schedule 15 - Continued

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
County Treasurer	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2017
Annual Tax Statements	243,846	243,389	244,236	243,389	245,309	235,276	250,490	252,707	255,899	259,962
Delinquent Tax Statements	15,103	15,538	14,952	12,782	13,409	12,263	12,682	12,052	12,815	12,987
Property Tax Payments Processed	406,865	407,756	407,559	407,492	409,710	410,328	415,032	418,138	426,133	433,548
Tax roll changes (abatements)	1,256	1,105	903	912	1,261	903	1,175	629	1,298	652
Non-property tax revenue transactions	23,059	19,655	35,442	35,834	34,453	39,761	26,899	39,848	35,940	43,187
Tax Liens Soldmanufactured housing	93	107	105	54	47	51	113	120	97	28
Tax Liens Soldreal estate	2,486	2,719	2,367	1,786	1,877	1,951	1,718	2,018	1,881	2,049
Tax Liens redeemed	4,023	3,102	2,848	2,785	2,452	2,153	1,865	2,062	1,759	1,911
Tax Deeds issued	20	53	26	39	18	20	35	16	22	38
Certificates of Taxes Due Reports	28,711	44,139	33,769	30,410	27,646	33,293	39,247	35,835	33,336	41,163
County warrants paid	17,549	12,750	12,965	13,159	13,213	12,642	13,860	13,036	13,276	11,986
County Assessor	,	,	,	,,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Abstracts provided to all taxing entities	265	265	269	273	275	277	278	289	295	309
Telephone calls handled	26,962	32,160	34,956	37,872	27,500	31,890	32,190	33,832	34,847	38,332
Maps produced for the public	255	110	274	109	174	171	164	175	519	275
Appeals heard by the assessor	1,892	4,752	887	1,853	775	3,969	562	3,994	350	5,576
Residences inventoried and measured	1,521	1,615	1,407	2,164	1,676	1,887	2,113	2,762	3,314	3,787
Property transfers logged	25,780	29,252	34,606	37,219	34,904	40,897	34,654	42,500	43,000	40,521
District Attorney	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
Felony cases prosecuted	4,123	3,920	4,344	4,586	4,169	5,567	6,745	7,150	7,750	8,221
Traffic/misdemeanor cases prosecuted	27,980	25,786	23,575	22,705	24,876	25,831	24,637	24,640	23,800	26,940
Juvenile cases prosecuted	1,494	1,166	1,121	1,088	844	989	1,164	1,100	1,290	1,295
Sheriff's Office Detentions										
Average daily population - Metro & CJC	1,360	1,377	1,380	1,485	1,483	1,547	1,627	1,643	1,713	1,594
Initial inmate classifications	18,966	16,379	15,066	20,469	16,408	17,535	17,414	17,009	18,499	18,179
Total attendance, Inmate programs - CJC	59,577	60,786	45,298	31,009	38,416	41,849	43,507	46,665	47,889	20,022
Number of commitments	24,661	21,641	20,658	20,834	22,203	23,472	20,848	19,746	22,266	22,442
Number of releases	24,725	21,814	20,858	20,772	19,547	21,009	20,812	15,914	22,327	22,835
Number of prisoner transports	21,103	31,880	20,361	20,471	22,970	31,534	32,779	30,112	39,840	38,793
Department of Transportation										
Miles of road graveled	21	28	16	8	15	11	9	10	14	6
Miles of dust control applied	35	108	100	66	6	78	79	78	75	137
Miles of surface treatment applied	34	32	54	51	76	26	43	25	51	69
Drainage crosspans constructed	19	20	24	24	30	26	27	39	22	55
Feet of curb, gutter or sidewalks	26,553	18,056	27,000	19,902	25,909	38,251	41,322	26,204	13,500	72,000
Miles of road paved	43	27	21	21	15	78	44	24	47	33
Paved roads (miles)	1,038	1,043	1,070	1,073	1,081	1,073	1,112	1,127	1,161	1,135
Gravel roads (miles)	1,051	1,049	1,044	1,045	1,049	1,045	1,050	1,051	1,040	1,051
Self Insurance Fund										
Lawsuits/notice of claims	9	23	47	76	65	97	68	62	59	100
Litigations cost (\$)	38,213	36,607	78,533	89,588	102,327	194,832	88,179	118,000	175,000	299,300
Property claims	47	53	88	43	52	59	167	97	29	36
Cost (\$)	98,860	139,352	272,795	89,216	200,712	151,248	138,409	1,011,000	81,000	511,769
Liability claims	68	52	39	39	42	38	35	64	75	75
Cost (\$)	96,678	58,109	376,721	750,157	82,377	333,822	103,661	150,000	246,000	152,990
Household Hazardous Waste Fund				4.0	4.5	4.0		2.5	270	2.0
Household chemical waste programs	1	1	1	12	15	18	16	267	270	269
Yard waste collection programs/days	52	51	52	352	351	88	86	84	88	86
Black Forest wildfire mitigation programs	85	85	134	148	134	157	148	150	152	150
Economic Development	207	20.4	44.5	224	226	246	22.4	250	200	200
Businesses certified (Enterprise Zone)	287	294	415	231	226	246	224	250	380	398
Contributions to Zone projects	1,635	2,084	2,192	2,352	2,637	3,003	3,171	3,000	3,882	3,001
Enterprise Zone Projects	50	52	47	49	53	60	61	57	59 250	59
Active affordable housing projects	141	144	145	127	125	123	115	120	250	100
Community Dev Block Grant projects	19	14	17	21	15	16	13	15	14	11
Human Resources	12.071	12 462	17 174	20.070	22 227	27 105	20.044	20 (42	20 121	22 155
Applications processed	12,061 260	13,463	17,174	20,979	22,327	27,195	28,844	28,643	28,121	33,155
Employee recognition awards		ontal data	-	-	-	-	440	-	-	323
Data Source: El Paso County Budget Bool	k and departm	ciitai data								

Schedule 16 El Paso County Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Sheriff										
Patrol units and other vehicles	198	200	316	344	345	342	336	324	353	377
Department of Transportation										
Paved roads (miles)	1,038	1,043	1,070	1,073	1,081	1,112	1,122	1,129	1,147	1,135
Gravel roads (miles)	1,051	1,049	1,044	1,045	1,049	1,050	1,050	1,051	1,051	1,051
Miles of road graveled	21	28	16	8	21	7	9	5	28	6
Drainage crosspans constructed	19	20	24	24	30	26	27	45	737	55
Feet of curb, gutter or sidewalks	26,553	18,056	27,000	37,572	49,852	38,730	41,322	31,885	17,627	72
Parks										
Acres of Regional Parks, Recreation										
and conservation lands	7,044	6,585	6,585	6,585	7,900	7,900	7,900	7,855	7,855	7,855
Miles of Regional, Park & Nature										
Trails	92	101	101	101	102	107	107	122	122	130
County Office Sites (landscape										
maintenance)	8	9	9	11	11	11	11	19	19	19
Facilities										
Number of buildings maintained	128	132	132	130	130	134	144	132	130	131
Square feet total maintained	2,241,501	2,949,191	3,164,503	3,164,384	3,131,918	3,134,227	3,137,589	3,117,410	3,117,410	3,121,393
County Fairgrounds										
Buildings	18	22	22	22	26	25	26	26	26	26
Stadium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Entertainment Pavilion	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Outdoor arena	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Indoor arena	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Data Source:

El Paso County Financial Capital Assets Records El Paso County Department of Transportation El Paso County Parks Department

El Paso County Facilities