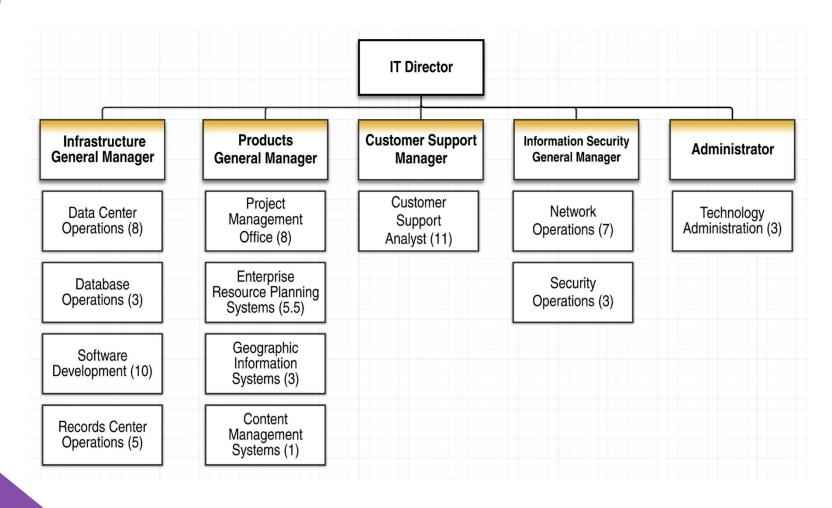
2019 Budget Presentation Information Technology

Jeff Eckhart October 16, 2018

Organizational Chart



Infrastructure Operations

Infrastructure General Manager

Data Center Operations (8)

Database Operations (3)

Software Development (10)

Records Center Operations (5)

- Email
- Enterprise Digital Storage
- Enterprise Computing / Application Hosting
- Data Center Virtualization
- Patch Management
- Database Management
- Custom Software Development & Maintenance
- Physical Records Compliance Management

Product Portfolio Management

Products General Manager

Project Management Office (8)

Enterprise Resource Planning Systems (5.5)

> Geographic Information Systems (3)

Content Management Systems (1)

- Project Management Office
 - Project Management
 - Business Analysis
 - Automation
- Enterprise Resource Planning System
 - Financials
 - Human Resources
 - Work Management
- Time & Attendance System
- Geographic Information System
- Citizen Engagement
- Website Management Systems
- Document Management

Customer Support

Customer Support Manager

Customer Support Analyst (11)

- Call Center / After Hours Support
- Desktop Computer Support
- Desktop Computer Patch Management

5

- Mobile Device Management
- PC Replacement Program



Information Security

Information Security General Manager

Network Operations (7)

Security
Operations (3)

Network Operations Center

- Physical Network Management
- Firewalls / Intrusion Protection
- Identity Management / Remote Access Management
- Cabling / Moves / Adds / Changes

Compliance

- Criminal Justice Information Systems (CJIS)
- Payment Card Industry (PCI)
- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
- Personal Identifying Information (HB 18-1128)

• Security Operations Center

- Vulnerability Management
- Threat Detection / Prevention
- Secure Email / Encryption
- Incident Management / Forensics



Technology Administration



Technology Administration (3)

- Technology Finance / Budget
- Volume Purchasing
- Software License Compliance
- Software License Renewal
- Telecommunications Vendor Management
- **Inventory Management**



Compliance Mandates

- Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Security Policy
 - FBI mandate to protect sensitive information gathered by local, state, and federal criminal justice and law enforcement agencies
- Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)
 - Federal mandate for data privacy and security provisions for safeguarding medical information ... to ensure the secure passage, maintenance and reception of protected health information
- Personal Identity Information (Colorado HB 18-1128) *New*
 - Colorado House Bill 18-1128 requires that all covered entities have in place a written policy for the protection, destruction, and proper disposal of paper and electronic documents containing personal identifying information
- Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS)
 - Security standards designed to ensure that all entities that accept, process, store or transmit credit card information maintain a secure environment

Strategic Plan Goals

Goal 3, Strategy B: provide cooperative general technology services through a secure and modern operating infrastructure, current and sustainable software products, innovation and a qualified professional workforce

- 1. Develop mobile applications for direct public access to County programs, services and information
- 2. Implement a 311 type web-based information system
- 3. Implement comprehensive technology security program
- 4. Expand fiber optic networks to improve operational continuity through redundancy
- 5. Replaced unsupported analog telephone system with next generation network based phone system

Strategic Plan Goals

Goal 3, Strategy B: provide cooperative general technology services through a secure and modern operating infrastructure, current and sustainable software products, innovation and a qualified professional workforce

- 6. Define and implement acceptable use policies for technology systems, devices and operations
- 7. Retire legacy software products and transition operations to sustainable software architectures
- 8. Design and implement sustainable replacement programs for PCs, software, and technology capital assets
- 9. Leverage existing software platforms to enable efficient and interoperable operations



Operational Metrics

35 Business Units

- Public Safety
 - Sheriff
 - District Attorney
 - Coroner
 - Emergency Management
- Elections
- Taxation Management
 - Assessor
 - Treasurer
- Public Works
- Public Health
- Human Services

2,643 County Employees 2 Data Centers

73 IT Employees 3,197 Unique Devices

24,098 Annual Service Requests

- Technical Support
- Moves / Adds / Changes
- Mobile Device Support
- Employee On-boarding
- Employee Exiting
- Security Requests
- Records Center



Operational Initiatives

- Technology Executive Council
 - 4 Elected Officials
 - 4 Department Heads
 - Cooperative Shared Services
- Performance Excellence
 - Continuous Improvement Program
 - Emerging Technology Analysis
 - Voice of the User
- Project Management Office
 - Project Managers
 - Business Analysts
 - Automation
- Data Center Virtualization

- PC Replacement Program
 - 1,000+ out of warranty machines retired over 24 months
- Information Security Risk Reduction Program
 - Patch Management Program
 - Firewall Replacements
 - Email Security
- Legacy System Retirements
 - Oracle Exadata retirements (3)
 - Document Management System consolidation
 - Oracle Identity Management
 - SharePoint 2007



2019 Information Technology Critical Need Requests

Steve Mack Information Security Manager

Cyber Security Strategy | Security Operations | Network Operations

Critical Needs:

Cyber Security Permanent Program Funding

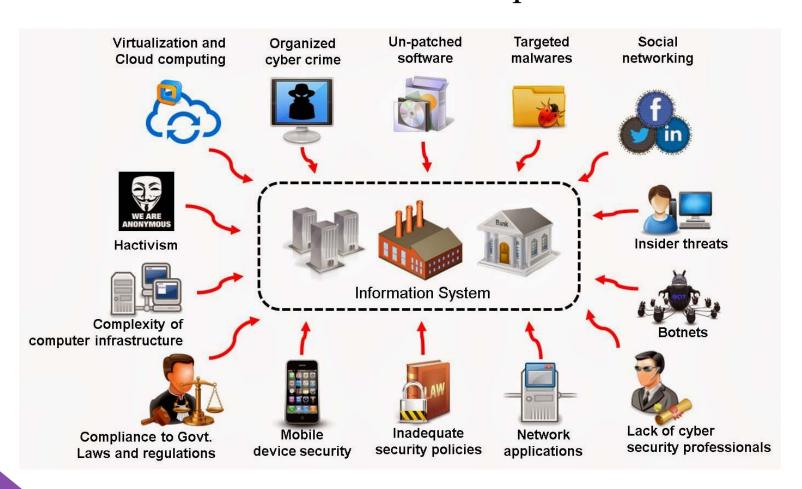
- Ongoing Security Program Funding (\$760,000)
- One-time Tools & Technology Purchase (\$340,000)



What assets make us vulnerable?

- Election Systems
- Criminal Justice / Public Safety Information Systems
- Property Transactions
- Financial Transactions
- Healthcare Protected Information (Public Health, Employee Benefits, etc.)
- Employee Protected Information
- Public Trust in the Integrity of Local Government





March 22, 2018: large ransomware cyberattack on the city of Atlanta,

 Extensive infection shut down devices at City Hall for five days



- Significantly impacted law enforcement temporarily returning police to writing incident reports by hand and costing the department access to nearly all its archived invehicle video
- Forced the manual processing of cases at Atlanta
 Municipal Court and stopping online or in-person
 payment of tickets, water bills, and business licenses and
 renewals
- \$20,000,000 to remediate and rebuild the city network

Source: Theo Davis / Government Technology, October/November 2018

- Colorado Department of Transportation
- City of Atlanta, GA
- Mecklenburg County, NC
- Davidson County, NC
- Adams County, WI
- Baltimore 911
- San Francisco Transit System

https://youtu.be/bQuCgS0DDU0



Q: What is the most secure computer in the world?

A: The most secure computer in the world is turned off, locked in a safe, and guarded by someone with a gun.

- This computer is totally worthless and brings no value to the organization
- *All* computers, information systems, and networks are vulnerable to bad actors and have varying levels of inherent risk of being compromised

Key Strategy: <u>drive down organizational risk</u>



Driving Down Risk

| 2015 | Preliminary Security Audit |
|-------|--|
| 2016 | ○ Comprehensive External Assessment |
| 2017 | Program Design |
| 2018 | Contain Highest Risk Vulnerabilities |
| | ⊙ Stand Up Security & Network Monitoring Centers |
| 2019* | Mature & Operationalize the Program |

- Disclosure of Risk
- Awareness & Culture
- Risk Management Training

- Risk Monitoring Strategy & Reporting
- Monitoring Compliance, Effectiveness and Change



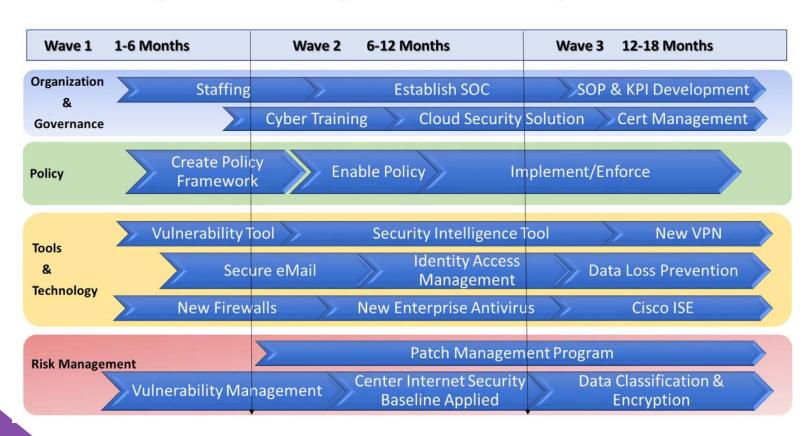
- Event Management & Incident Handling
- Evaluation & Implementation of Response/Course of Action
- Determination & Implementation of Risk Monitoring Triggers
- Security Control Selection & Implementation

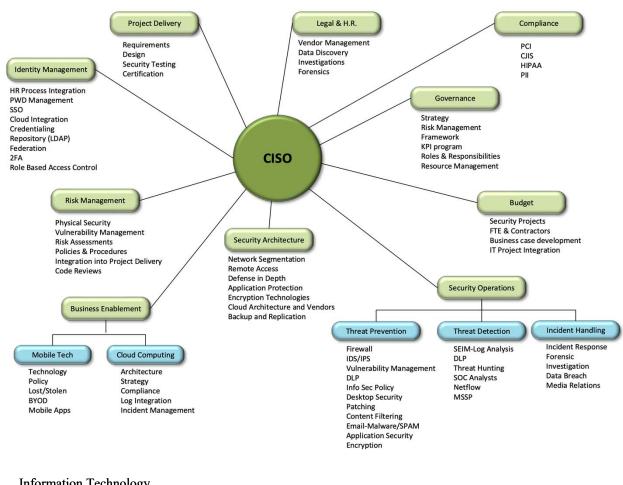
- Strategic Planning
- Operational Planning
- Risk Planning
- Risk Tolerance Planning
- Policy Management
- Compliance Management
- Roles & Responsibilities
- Risk Assessment Methodology
- Risk Hierarchy
- Process & Infrastructure Hierarchy
- Risk Identification
- Risk Treatment
- IT Asset Management



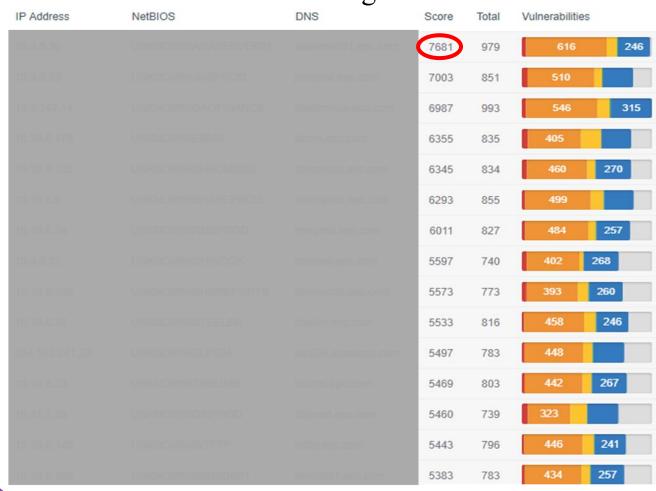


High Level Program Road Map 2018





Reducing Risk

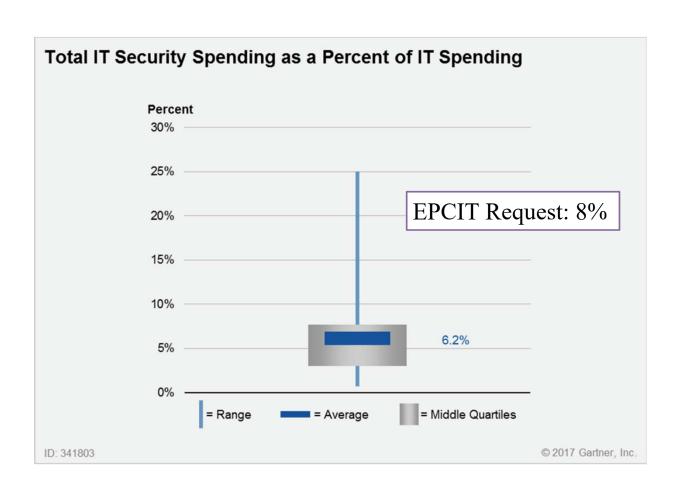


Reducing Risk

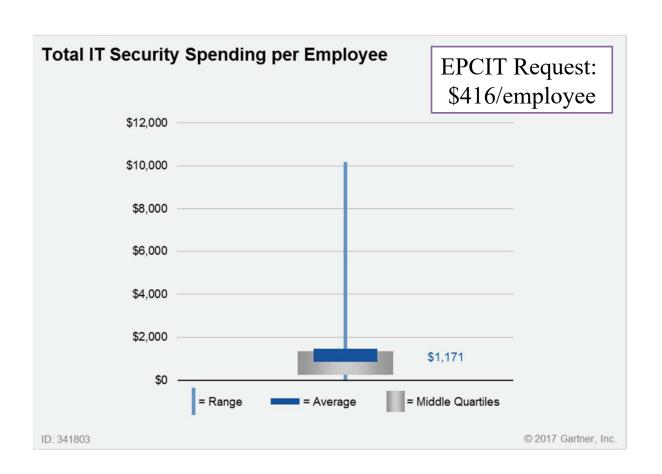


Cost Savings Through Cyber Security Investments

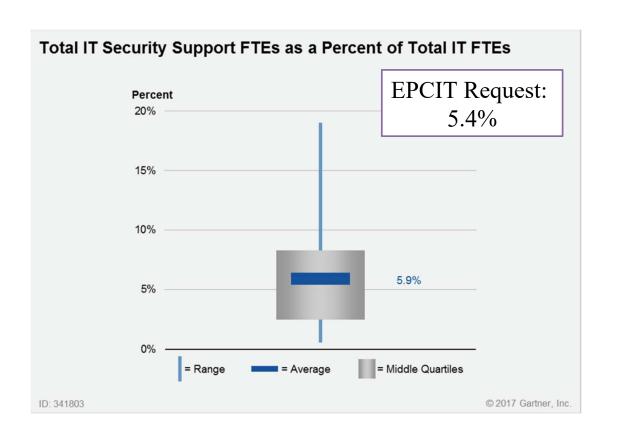
- EPC experiences 1.5 Phishing attacks per week
- Recent EPC Phishing Attack:
 - 726 copies of a phishing email were identified in this attack
 - 280 copies (39%) were automatically rejected by recent investment in secure email product Mimecast
 - 240 copies (33%) were placed in the held queue and later manually rejected
 - 112 copies (15%) were accepted by email server
 - 94 copies (13%)were bounced by exchange for some reason such as invalid email address (13%)
- Total time to resolve using Mimecast was 6 hours costing \$300
- Before Mimecast we would average 24 hours of cyber time, 30 hours of service desk time, and 8 hours of enterprise time on an attack of this type with 32 hours of user productivity impact. A grand total of 94 hours to respond and rebuild all the PC's that were infected with a simple cost calculation of \$4,700 (\$366,600 annually)

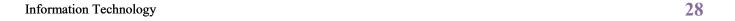














Information Security Program
Ongoing Funding (\$760k)

- Permanent Cyber Security Positions (4)
- Security Operations Systems
 - Email Security
 - Advanced Firewalls
 - Network Monitoring
 - Identity Management

Information Security Program

One Time Funding (\$340k)

- Network Segmentation
- Data Loss Prevention
- Certificate Management
- Virtual Private Network
- Data Classification & Encryption



2019 Information Technology Critical Need Requests

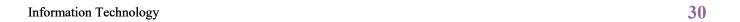
Kelly Mundell Customer Support Manager

Call Center | Desktop Computing | Communications

Critical Need:

Microsoft Office Lifecycle Replacement Program

• Office 365 Cloud Subscription (\$600,000)





Office Replacement Program Critical Need Request

| Microsoft Office Desktop Software | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Version | In Use | Support Status | Security Patches | Replacement Total | One Time Upgrade to Office 2019 | | | | | |
| Office 2003 | 440 | No (2005) | No (2005) | 119 | \$43,613 | | | | | |
| Office 2007 826 No (2009) | | No (2009) | No (2009) | 825 | \$302,362 | | | | | |
| Office 2010 | 2010 948 No (2015) | | No (2015) | 879 | \$322,153 | | | | | |
| Office 2013 | ice 2013 611 Extended (2023) | | Yes (2023) | 0 | \$0 | | | | | |
| Office 2016 834 | | Yes Yes | | 0 | \$0 | | | | | |
| Microsoft Exchange On-Premise Email Server | | | | | | | | | | |
| Exchange 2010 | \$450,000 | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$1,118,128 | | | | | | | | | |



Office Replacement Program Critical Need Request

Current Office Replacement Model: Office and Department Discretion

- 77% of Microsoft Office versions on the network unsupported (no security patching, etc.)
 - 440 Office 2003
 - 826 Office 2007
 - 948 Office 2010
 - 611 Office 2013
 - 834 Office 2016

Proposed Office Replacement Model: Lifecycle Replacement Program \$600,000 Ongoing

- Lower organizational risk of unsupported software
- Increase compatibility with operational systems and security software
- Maintain compliance (CJIS, etc.)
- Retire or isolate unsupported versions
- Implement 3-year replacement cycle
- Cloud-based email
- Two-tier implementation model to save on licensing costs





2019 Information Technology Critical Need Requests

Eric Blakesley Technology Administration

Finances | Purchasing | Asset Management

Critical Need:

Software Maintenance Contracts (\$350,000)





Software Maintenance Contracts Critical Need Request

Primary Technology Supplier Maintenance Contracts

- Microsoft - Cisco - Veritas - VMWare

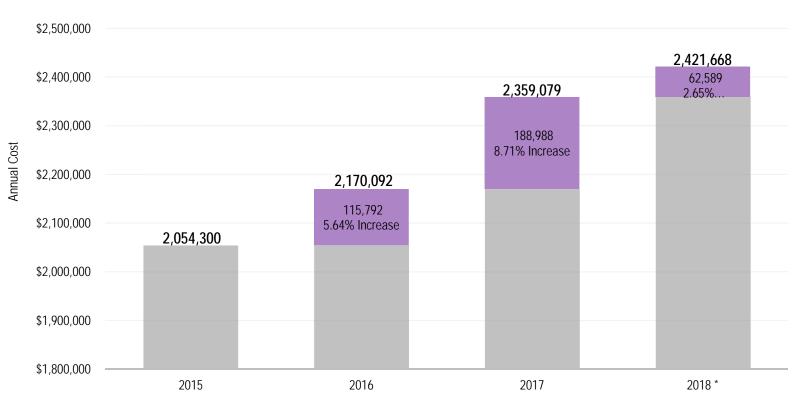
- Oracle - NetApp - ESRI - Kronos

- Maintains current functionality and is a *sole source of security patches*
- Costs increase 5% year over year and now consume 21% of the IT budget
- The increases in software maintenance costs diminish ability to fund capital replacement programs for network and data center infrastructure
- On Financial Roadmap Since 2016



Software Maintenance Contracts Critical Need Request

Software Maintenance Year-Over-Year Increase



2019 Information Technology Critical Need Requests Summary

| <u>Description</u> | 2018 Budget - OAB | 2018 One- Time Funding | Other Internal changes | On-going Base Budget | 2019 Critical Needs | 2019 Requested Budget |
|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Information Technology | 11,610,561 | 0 | 0 | 11,610,561 | 2,050,000 | 13,660,561 |

- 1. Cyber Security Permanent Program Funding
 - Ongoing Security Program Funding (\$760,000)
 - One-Time Tools & Technology Purchase (\$340,000)
- 2. Office Replacement Program (\$600,000)
- 3. Software Maintenance Contract Increases (\$350,000)

Questions?

